The New-York Times.

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CONGRESS.

THE CURRENCY DEBATE.

REJECTION OF SENATOR SCOTT'S PROPOSITION FOR REDEMPTION OF NATIONAL BANK-NOTES.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—A vote was reached in the Senate to-day on Mr. Scott's proposition for the redemption of the whole amount of national bank-notes in specie or interest-bearing bonds of the United States. The inflationists dreaded the result, and fought hard to postpone the question till to-morrow, in order that they might have all their forces at hand. There was a better attendance of Senators at the roll-call than since the original bill from the Finance Committee was first reported. Sixty-three Senators were present, and five of them were paired with Edmunds, Dorsey, Ingalls, Ransom, and Bayard, absentees, so that the five following Senators only did not answer to their names: Messrs. Brownlow, Conover, Lewis, Sprague, and Windom. Mr. Brownlow, however, was sent for, and was in his seat shortly after the vote was taken. This full attendance showed the intense interest felt in the matter. Mr. Scott's amendment was rejected by a majority of two votes only, though the majority would have been two or three greater if every Senator had voted. This vote is rather encouraging to anti-inflationists. The subject will undoubtedly go back to the committee, but whether with or without instructions is not certain. If a vote is taken directly on Mr. Merrimon's amendment, instructing the committee to report in favor of increasing the national bank circulation to four hundred millions, it will be a test of the sense of the Senate on the subject of inflation.

TRANSMISSION OF PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

The House commenced the consideration of the bill providing for the free distribution of public documents and the free circulation of newspapers within the county of their publication, and of exchanges. This bill was not taken up without an earnest but unavailing attempt on the part of Gen. Woodford to have the consideration of the finances proceeded with; but the Post Office Committee would not yield its right to the floor, to which it was entitled. The bill will probably be acted upon to-morrow, and will pass in some form, to permit the printed documents of the Government to be carried freely through the mails.

THE COOLEY TRADE IN CALIFORNIA.

Mr. Houghton, of California, this morning appeared before the House Committee on Education and Labor to advocate the appointment of a commission to collect information relative to the cooley traffic in California. It is represented that there are now sixty thousand Chinese and Japanese in the Pacific States, all of whom are practically under the control of six large Chinese corporations, and substantially in a condition of slavery. Under their contracts with these companies some of the Chinamen have been obliged to mortgage their wives and children to these companies, with the right to sell them as slaves in case the contract with the company is forfeited. The Chinese laws recognize such contracts. Mr. Houghton represents that under the existing law and the treaty with China, California is impotent to correct these abuses. Congressmen from the Pacific States generally advocate a modification of the treaty with China, especially as regards the section relating to unobstructed immigration.

AMENDMENT OF THE CRIMINAL LAWS.

Two important bills relating to United States laws were passed by the House to-day. One amends the law so that the maximum penalty for manslaughter shall be twenty years, instead of ten. The second permits persons charged with crime to testify in their own behalf.

THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW AND NEW-YORK POST-OFFICE.

The House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds have been instructed to commence an investigation into the alleged violation of the Eight-hour law in the construction of public buildings in New-York City.

THE PHILADELPHIA ELECTION.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Feb. 17.—A salute of one hundred guns was fired this morning by the Republicans over the victory of yesterday. Many humorous bets have been satisfied by the losers. One wheeled his opponent in a barrow over a long route, and another was engaged in sawing wood in the street, to the amusement of the bystanders.

Stokley's majority for Mayor foots up 10,860. The Republican majority for Solicitor is 12,518, and for Receiver of Taxes 13,966.

Two ladies in the Thirteenth Ward have been elected School Directors on the Republican ticket.

The Democrats have gained members of the Common Council in three wards.

The Second Ward gives Stokley 2,264; McClure, 2,460. The Eighteenth Ward, Stokley, 2,788; McClure, 1,908. The Sixth Ward, Stokley, 799; McClure, 1,016. Col. McClure said to a gentleman last night that he had been cheated out of the election, and a rumor prevails that he will contest the same.

ONONDAGA COUNTY TOWN ELECTIONS.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 18.—The Onondaga County town elections yesterday resulted in the election of thirteen Republicans, thirteen Democrats, and one Independent.

In Syracuse City the Republican city ticket, except for Mayor, has an average majority of 1,004.

THE HALIFAX MURDER.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 18.—Suspicion is directed against William E. Sturtevant, a nephew of the two murdered men, as the perpetrator of the triple murder at Halifax, Mass. The detectives took him yesterday afternoon to the scene of the tragedy and severely questioned him, but he was very reticent, and denied any knowledge of the affair. There did not seem to be sufficient evidence in the circumstances to warrant his arrest, but the detectives have detained him in custody to await further developments. Some money similar to that which was found in the house was passed by young Sturtevant on Monday evening, and it is reported that money of the same description was found in his possession. His overcoat, which he said was lost, has been found in the dwelling of the murdered family.

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 18.—A bill introduced in the Senate to-day provides for the construction of a suspension bridge across the Kill Von Kull from Staten Island to New-Jersey, by a company with a capital of $1,000,000, with the privilege of increasing the same to $4,000,000, the work to be commenced within three years. A bill introduced in the House fixes the salary of the prosecutor in the Court of Common Pleas of Hudson County at $5,000 per annum, and authorizes the fees of said office to be paid into the County Treasury. The House transacted considerable routine business, but none of general importance.

ARCHITECT MULLETT IN TROUBLE.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—A difficulty occurred on Fourth street to-day, the parties interested being A. B. Mullett, Supervising Architect, and Hon. Henry Kessler, of this city. Kessler was nominated by the President for Postmaster of Cincinnati, but for some reason his name was withdrawn. Meeting Mr. Mullett on the street to-day, he accused him of being the cause of it. Mullett denied the charge, [illegible] called him a liar. [illegible] seized Mullett by the hair and jerked him around pretty lively for a moment, and the battle ended, neither of them showing any signs of punishment.

THE TEMPERANCE CRUSADE.

PRESENT STATE OF THE MOVEMENT IN OHIO.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—In anticipation of the great work to begin in Columbus, Ohio, next Tuesday, the day of the proposed mammoth Temperance Convention, leading lady temperance apostles throughout Southern Ohio are being notified to buckle on their swords of faith for a fight never before paralleled. Unflinching determination is evinced by the ladies, and a disposition to brave it out by the rum-sellers. The temperance interest is likely to centre in Ohio's capital next week. In Hillsboro, the case of Dunn vs. the temperance women has not yet been decided. The argument for the defense was heard yesterday. The whole afternoon was occupied by the defendant's counsel laying down the laws to his antagonists. He claimed the facts set forth are not sufficient to entitle the plaintiff to a continuance of the restraining order; that the plaintiff had suffered no damage; that Dunn claimed that the defendants, against his protest, held temperance prayer-meetings at his drug store, and he was obliged to lock his doors against them; he does not state what a temperance prayer-meeting is, but leaves it to be inferred that after being locked out they erected a shanty in the street, in front of Dunn's drug store, and prayed there, and he (counsel) denied the plaintiff had the right to a writ of injunction; that it would be idle for the court to interfere, for the petition shows that the defendants desisted from trespassing upon him after his remonstrance. As to the allegation that the praying and singing in the shanty disturbs his repose, it is not impossible that the shanty may have haunted him in his dreams, but it can hardly be claimed that a court of equity will interfere in that case. Counsel concluded by asking why the women of Hillsboro should want to interfere with Dunn's rights? They were not persons who would do so. Dunn knew that was not the purpose for which they assembled, as his petition showed that the application for an injunction in this case did not come well recommended, and was void upon its face. To-day argument for the plaintiff is being heard.

In London, Ohio, portable tabernacles are being erected, and, with an American flag floating from their summits, are transferred from the front of one saloon to another. In the tabernacles ladies pray and sing.

In Xenia the war is still going on. A man named Klein, after throwing snuff in the faces of the ladies offering prayer in front of his premises, after hurling at them volleys of obscene language, and after being heavily fined for the same, now looks for victory over his exultant enemies through the following notice:

To Mrs. John Moore, Chairman of the Women's Temperance Alliance, and all others concerned:

You will hereby take notice that from this time henceforth, if the Temperance Alliance of which you are the Chairman, either congregate in or near or about my premises, or place of business, for the purpose of holding prayer-meetings or other meetings, obstructing my sidewalks or the entrance to my premises, or place of business, or in any manner interfering with my business, or in any way molesting me or my agents by your meetings, I, the undersigned, confectioner, dealer in toys, and manufacturer of beer and candy, of the City of Xenia, will hold you and your husbands liable to a civil action for damages resulting to my business.

This notice is to be considered in force from and after its reading. Klein is mad, and urges on his companions, who are threatening the women with imprisonment. Xenia's city ordinance fairly sustains the ladies in their movement. They therefore are preserving the even tenor of their way. Friday is set apart as a day of fasting and prayer.

One hundred and forty ladies are enlisted in McConnelsville, Ohio, and are pushing affairs to a crisis. The saloon-keepers are surrendering and signing pledges. Great enthusiasm prevails all along the line, and the conflict is still spreading.

THE MONITOR DICTATOR.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PORTSMOUTH, Va., Feb. 18.—Fears are entertained here for the safety of the monitor Dictator. The United Steamer Frolic arrived here yesterday, and left this evening, under special instruction from Washington, to search for the Dictator in latitude 32° 39′, longitude 79° 03′. A full report of the search is to be made to Secretary Robeson on the return of the Frolic.

RUMORED LOSS OF THE VESSEL.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

KEY WEST, Fla., Feb. 18.—There is a rumor that the Dictator has been lost. The Brooklyn and Wachusett have just left Florida Bay to look for her, in compliance with a telegram from the Department at Washington.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Up to a late hour to-night no dispatches had been received by the Secretary of the Navy in relation to the Dictator. Many telegrams were sent to the department asking for information regarding her. There is no change in the opinions of experienced naval officers that the Dictator will soon be heard of. The Signal Office reported, upon inquiry to-day, that on the morning of the 15th the wind was light off Savannah.

MARINE DISASTERS.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 18.—Capt. Butler, of the brig T. Clifford, which has arrived at Yarmouth, from the West Indies, reports that on last Friday she fell in with the wreck of the schooner Minerva, dismasted and abandoned, on the north edge of the Gulf Stream, and set fire to her.... A letter received by the Marine Fisheries' Department here, from Cross Island, dated Feb. 4, states that on that morning a schooner was observed drifting ashore on the north side of the island. A crew endeavored, without success, to board her. She subsequently went ashore on Hound's Ledges, and became a total wreck. Her sails were furled, and some chain parted at the hawse-pipe. The other anchor was on the bow. No one was seen on board. It is supposed she was carried away from her moorings by ice while the crew were ashore.

THE BOSTON COLLECTORSHIP.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—At a largely-attended informal meeting of the Board of Trade and merchants, to-day, it was unanimously voted to respectfully and earnestly appeal to President Grant to reappoint Collector Russell, who, it is understood, consents to the arrangement. Resolutions and petitions against the confirmation of Mr. Simmons were agreed upon, and will be forwarded to the President and the Massachusetts delegation in Congress.

CHICAGO AND THE PAPER CURRENCY.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Petitions were in circulation on 'Change to-day, and received the signatures of several hundred members, appealing to Congress to adopt no measures for increasing the present volume of the paper currency.

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—The State Grange at Xenia to-day passed a resolution indorsing the women's temperance movement, and pledging its support. The prayer temperance movement commenced in McConnellsville today, with 140 women. Delaware reports apathy on the subject. The work commenced last week in Xenia, Springfield, and Oxford, is going forward vigorously.

THE ELECTION IN HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—John D. Patterson Republican, was yesterday elected Mayor of this city by about 135 majority.

BANK FAILURE.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 18.—The banking-house of Jonathan Harshman & Co., at Dayton, Ohio, suspended yesterday. Their average monthly de- [illegible]

ALBANY.

PROTECTION OF FACTORY CHILDREN.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 18.—In the Senate to-day a considerable portion of the session was devoted to the consideration, in Committee of the Whole, of the bill for the protection of factory children. Section 2 furnished the subject for a protracted debate. It provides that no child under sixteen shall be employed more than sixty-six hours in each week. Senator Lowery opposed the section. He suggested as a comprise that the section be amended so as to make ten hours a day's work for all employes. This was lost. On motion of Mr. King the limit was fixed at sixty instead of sixty-six hours, and on motion of Mr. Lowery the age was changed from sixteen to fourteen, and in this shape the bill was progressed.

CONSOLIDATION OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

Senator Booth, from the Committee on Cities, this morning presented a substitute for the bill introduced some time ago to consolidate the Government of the City and County of New-York. The bill as amended provides that the County of New-York and the corporation known by the name of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York shall be one body corporate and politic by the said name, and all the rights, property, interests, claims, and demands of the County of New-York, and of the Supervisors, or Board of Supervisors of the said county, shall be vested in and henceforth belong to the said corporrtion. All duties of government of the City and County of New-York shall be performed by the one corporation aforesaid. All liabilities of the said County charged against it, and all bonds, stocks, contracts, and obligations made and issued by the said county, or the Board of Supervisors, shall henceforth be deemed to have been made and entered into by the said corporation.

AN IMPORTANT RAPID-TRANSIT SCHEME.

Senator Gross this morning introduced another rapid-transit bill. It provides that the Mayor, President of the Board of Aldermen, head of the Department of Public Works ex-officio, with six citizens of New-York City to be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate, shall be a Board of Commissioners to construct a City railway for rapid transit in New-York. The board thus created are to elect a President, Vice President, Secretary, and Treasurer, whose salaries shall be fixed by the Common Council, and the balance of the commission shall serve without compensation. The Commissioners so appointed are to proceed at once, with the assistance of competent engineers, to lay out a route and construct a four-track railway from the Battery to Harlem River, upon the best plan that they can devise, and at a cost the interest upon which, together with the expenses of operating, shall not exceed the estimated earnings. The City authorities are to issue a stock or fund, to be called the "City Railway Fund," to the amount of twenty million dollars, which is to be sold and the proceeds paid over to the commission to be used for construction purposes, and all work is to be done by contract. The work when completed is to be turned over to the Department of Public Works. The rate of fare for the whole length of the road is fixed at seven cents per passenger; but passengers are carried either above or below Seventy-second street for five cents. Provision is also made for submitting the act, when passed by the Legislature, to the people, at the general election to be held in 1874, when, if approved, it shall take immediate effect.

TAX COLLECTIONS IN NEW-YORK CITY.

Senator Wood, from the Finance Committee, reported the act relative to the collection of taxes in the City of New-York and the equalization of taxes throughout the State, with amendments striking out the ninth, tenth, and a portion of the eleventh sections, which were the provisions amending sections 31 and 32 of chapter 121 of the laws of 1850, in reference to the delivery of the tax-rolls and the payment of taxes in the City of New-York.

REGULATING TRUST COMPANIES.

Senator Lowery introduced a bill for the regulation of trust companies, the provisions of which require such companies, or other moneyed corporations which receive deposits of money and pay interest, or which make loans upon pledges or deposits, except banks and savings banks, to deposit with the Superintendent of the Banking Department a sum equal to one-fourth of their capital stock, to be held by the State in trust as security for the depositors, and to make a report yearly of the condition of the company in detail, showing the amount of deposits, the amount and kind of assets and their value, and the amount of loans and investments. Penalties are provided for failure to make the required deposit or reports, and the Superintendent of the Banking Department is empowered at any time to make a thorough examination of any such company's affairs, and he is required to make such examination as often as once in two years. Any officer or employe of any trust company who shall apply any of the deposits with the company to his own use without the consent of the depositors, shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement and punished by imprisonment.

FOR THE RELIEF OF THE MIDLAND RAILROAD.

Senator Madden introduced a bill to facilitate the reorganization of railroads sold under mortgage, and for the formation of new companies in such cases, the provisions of which are particularly applicable to the relief of the Midland Railroad Company.

THE FIFTH AMENDMENT.

The fifth amendment to the Constitution was to-day defeated in the House, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of Messrs. Husted, Batcheller, Vedder, Fish, and other leading Republicans, who defended the article, and urged that the people should be afforded the opportunity of accepting or rejecting it, as to them might seem best. The Democrats, with the single exception of Mr. Davis, voted solid against the amendment. The following is the address of Mr. Husted in favor of the passage of the amendment:

MR. SPEAKER: I ask to be excused from voting, and will briefly state my reasons. I have refrained, Sir, during this session from discussing upon the floor any bills that have been brought before this body for consideration; I have done so for the reason that I do not regard it as the province of a presiding officer to interfere in any way, by any attempt of personal influence, upon the legislation that is being enacted; but, Sir, the question that is now before the House for its final consideration is one that appeals to the good judgment and the candid good sense of every member upon this floor, and be he Speaker or be he page-boy, he is equally interested in the future results which must ensue if this article be adopted or be rejected. As a member of the committee which reported this article, I am bound on this floor to advocate it now; but, Sir, were I not so bound, and had I not been a member of that committee I would to-day, in my place, stand here, Sir, to advocate the adoption of this article for the reason that I believe it is the saving clause of this whole Constitution. Sir, I give, in the language of another, to the position taken by the gentleman from Oswego, (Mr. Sloane,) the poor sanction of my unqualified approbation. I say, Sir, that this article is the saving clause of this Constitution. Gentlemen say here that this is an attempt to crush out the rights of the people, that this is one attempt to restrict the people's privileges. Why, Sir, this is submitting to the people themselves, for their own consideration and for their own action, whether they will declare that in the future the interest of this State shall be protected from the parties whose rapacity has so robbed it heretofore. Sir, I was gratified beyond measure at the able, the eloquent, and the practical speech of the gentleman from Washington, (Mr. Davis.) I was gratified that he flung aside party trammels; that he cast aside party bonds and, like an able statesman, a man who looks forward to the future of this great State, that he came out upon the floor of this House and told these members what they never knew before. I go hand in hand with him. I regret, Sir, that this has been made a party measure, as it never should have been; but since it has been so made, I appeal to the Republicans on this floor to stand by their party flag—to stand by their party principles. The Republican Party is not afraid, Sir, to trust the people. If they are, they should be ashamed of themselves, for for fifteen years the people have delighted to trust the Republican Party. I trust, Sir, that the gentlemen who, on the Republican side of this House, have cast their votes against this article, will reconsider that vote, and [illegible] the people themselves may decide. I withdraw my request to be excused and vote yea.

Mr. Hamilton Fish, true to the record he has already established for devotion to the cause of reform and good government, made a pointed and spirited speech in favor of the passage of the amendment, and ridiculed the pretenses of the Democrats that their opposition to it proceeded from motives of patriotism.

Messrs. Batcheller, Vedder, and Alvord also made vigorous speeches in favor of the amendment.

The speakers on the other side were Messrs. Waehner, Beebe, Spencer, Weed, and others.

The vote on the amendment was 76 yeas to 42 nays.

In order to prevent the measure from coming up again, Mr. Spencer made a motion to reconsider the vote, which was lost, 67 voting in the negative and 48 in the affirmative.

SHERIFFS' AND COUNTY CLERK'S FEES.

The resolution of Mr. Fish calling for a detailed statement of the fees received by the Sheriff and County Clerk of New-York during the past year came up to-day. The Democratic representatives from New-York made every effort to defeat it. Mr. Chas. S. Spencer joined hands with the Democrats in opposing the resolution, which, however, was passed.

KINGS COUNTY MATTERS.

Mr. Worth, of Kings, introduced a bill designed to make the Register and County Clerk of Kings County hereafter salaried officers. The salary of the former is fixed at $10,000 per annum, and of the latter $7,500. The bill provides that their subordinates shall be appointed by the Board of Supervisors of the County.

PRESERVATION OF NEW-YORK'S COMMERCIAL SUPREMACY.

Mr. Daly, of New-York, introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee of Commerce and Navigation be instructed to investigate thoroughly why New-York is fast losing her relative superiority, with a view of remedying existing abuses, and of suggesting such reforms as the great commercial interests of that City imperatively demand.

Resolved, That as interest and commercial pride alike urge the immediate consideration of this grave question, said committee be requested to make their report to this House on or before the 13th day of March next, and that said committee have power to send for persons and papers.

The resolution, giving rise to debate, went over under the rules.

STREET RAILROAD BILLS.

Mr. Biglin introduced a bill for a street railroad across town, to run through Fourteenth street. Such a means of communication between the North and East Rivers, it is claimed, is needed. Another bill was introduced by Mr. Ryan. The route for the road proposed in the bill in question is as follows:

Commencing at Canal and West streets, thence through, along, and upon Canal street to South Fifth avenue, to Fifth avenue, upon Fifth avenue to Twenty-third street, thence to Lexington avenue, thence to Seventy-second street, and along Seventy-second street to Fifth avenue. The incorporators named in the bill are John R. Cecil, T. B. Lane, Henry M. Williams, Thos. Y. Avery, Michael Cashman, B. Y. Beekman, Harvey Durand, T. J. Creamer, A. R. Culver, A. C. Bliss, G. H. Wilcox, James B. Craig, C. H. Adams, Frederick G. Gedney, James M. Duell, W. B. Rockwell, John Richardson, Wm. M. Banks, Oliver Billings, Edward J. Shandley, Wm. Calligan, and their assigns.

STREET PAVEMENTS.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Hayes which provides that no street, avenue, or public place in the City of New-York which has been once paved and the expense thereof paid for by the owners of the adjoining property by assessment shall hereafter be paved at their expense, nor shall any assessment therefor be supplied unless the same shall be petitioned for by a majority of the owners of the property on the line of the proposed improvement, provided, however, that when, in the judgment of the Common Council, the pavement of any street, avenue, or public place shall be so much impaired as to render a repavement necessary for the public health and safety, it may be repaired with stone pavement at the expense of the owners of adjoining property, without being petitioned for, and an assessment may be imposed therefor and the work performed under a contract, the conditions to secure which shall be prescribed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

EXPENSES OF THE RING SUITS.

A bill authorizing and directing the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York to raise by tax upon estates, real and personal, in the City and County, subject to taxation, the sum of $25,000, to pay the counsel fees and expenses incurred in the prosecution of the criminal suits against the Tammany thieves, was introduced by Mr. Wagstaff.

THE ARMORIES COMMISSION.

Mr. Wagstaff also introduced a bill repealing the act of 1873, creating a commission for the erection and repair of armories in the City of New-York.

EVENING SESSION OF THE SENATE.

The first evening session of the Senate, under the resolution recently adopted, was held to-night. Nearly three hours were wasted in a tedious and useless debate.

The bill to protect factory children was again taken up, and after nine of its sections had been stricken out it was passed to a third reading.

WORK ON STREETS.

The Senate Committee on Cities held a long session to-day, having under consideration Mr. Daly's bill relating to work on certain streets in the City of New-York, and providing that the Common Council shall have power to designate the department or persons by whom the work shall be performed. A hearing was given to Commissioner Van Nort, who spoke in favor of leaving the work under the control of the Department of Public Works and to Commissioner Wales, on behalf of the Park Department. Mr. Dexter A. Hawkins, who spoke in relation to the matter, advocated the interest of the Park Commissioners. It is stated, however, that he did so without authority. Another meeting of the committee will be held to-morrow.

THE SARATOGA MONUMENT.

The Committee on Ways and Means held a meeting to-day to consider the bill appropriating $100,000 to erect a monument on the battle-field of Saratoga, in commemoration of the victory gained there. Ex-Gov. Seymour delivered a carefully prepared address in favor of the measure.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE.

The Senate, in executive session, to-day confirmed the following nominations:

Allen Munroe, of Syracuse; Daniel G. Dodge, of Clinton County, and Abel Bennett, of Binghamton, to be Commissioners of the New-York State Inebriate Asylum.

ILLNESS OF MR. WOODIN.

Senator Woodin is quite ill with a severe cold at the Delavan House in this city.

HEAVY ROBBERY OF A JEWELRY STORE.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Feb. 18.—Late this evening John Brennan, jeweler, of No. 13 South Eighth street, made complaint at the Central Police Station that his store had been entered, and the show-cases robbed of stock worth $20,000. He left the store at 9 o'clock, and on his return in less than an hour he found that the robbery had been committed. Among the articles stolen are some valuable diamonds and watches. An examination showed that the window had been pried open with a "jimmy." The thieves scaled the fence in the rear, gained by a side alley, and in this way reached the door.

DEPREDATIONS BY INDIANS.

GALVESTON, Texas, Feb. 18.—A special dispatch to the *News* from Austin says six citizens of Beaver Creek, near Fort Sill, were robbed of all their horses by Kiowa Indians from the reservation. Forty head of horses and mules were stolen from ranches on the Rio Grande, thirty miles above Fort Quitman.

THE LOWENSTEIN MURDER TRIAL.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 18—10 P. M.—The jury is still out. There is no prospect of agreeing on a verdict to-night. The court has adjourned until 9 A. M. to-morrow.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

MOIETIES TO CUSTOMS OFFICERS.

LETTER OF SECRETARY RICHARDSON TO COLLECTOR ARTHUR—ERRORS IN THE FIRST STATEMENT CORRECTED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Secretary Richardson has sent the following letter to Collector Arthur, explaining the published error regarding the moieties paid to Customs officers in New-York. Several members of the press who saw the manuscript statement transmitted to the House by Secretary Richardson, state, in positive terms, that nothing in the manuscript indicated that the totals copied were for eleven years, instead of four, and this is borne out from the fact that of a dozen independent copies made and published, all agreed on this point. It is probable that the clerks who made the compilation committed some error, and that the Secretary is mistaken as to the origin of the wrong publication. It will be seen that the doubt expressed by THE TIMES as to the correctness of the amounts is fully justified.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 17, 1874.

SIR: In answer to your letter of the 14th inst., I have to state that the report of the Secretary of the Treasury to Congress, relative to the distribution of Customs fines, penalties, and forfeitures, contained not only the total amounts from March 1, 1869, but also the amount paid prior to that date, from July, 1862, the latter information having been requested by Mr. Dawes, who introduced into the House the resolution asking a report on this subject. The agent of the Associated Press in transmitting his dispatch, took the total amount as paid from July, 1862, to Nov. 30, 1873, instead of from March 1, 1869, to Nov. 30, 1873. Hence the discrepancy in the amounts as stated in his dispatch and those given by you. The true amounts from March, 1869, to Nov. 30, 1873, are, net amount, $2,007,854 46; Collector, $174,127 57; naval officer, $162,286 62; Surveyor, $139,376 04, informer, $491,342 26; total amount distributed, $987,132 49; United States share, $1,020,721 97.

I am, very respectfully,
WM. A. RICHARDSON, Secretary.
C. A. ARTHUR, Collector of Customs, New-York.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The bureau officers of the departments are misrepresented by the statement that they disapprove of the civil service competitive system. It will be found, when the papers giving the views of the officers are made public, that nearly all of them approve of the general features of the system. In the smaller bureaus, where the head knows personally all his subordinates, naturally, for promotions, personal, rather than competitive, selection is preferred. Mr. Mullett, who is reported as having expressed in his reply to the circular of the committee a great deal of disgust with the system, has not yet made any report at all on the subject.

THE COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT TAXES.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue collected last year about $60,000 of delinquent taxes due under repealed laws, and of the same class of taxes year before last it collected about $190,000. It is this class of taxes that Mr. Sanborn undertook to collect, and it is noticed since the repeal of the law giving moieties to informers in these cases, the Sanborn contracts having been made which allow the contractors large compensation, information of delinquencies is carried, not as formerly to the revenue officers, but to the contractors. This fact of itself explains why the collections have been made by Mr. Sanborn that would seem to have come properly within the duty of the Commissioner, and relieve the Revenue Bureau of charges against it on this account.

THE BOSTON COLLECTORSHIP.

Only five members of the Massachusetts delegation have yet signed the protest against the nomination of Mr. Simmons to be Collector of Customs at Boston, and as it requires seven to make a majority, the withdrawal of his name is far from assured. The five who have signed are G. F. Hoar, E. R. Hoar, Pierce, Gooch, and Williams. Mr. Crocker, who was expected to sign, at last refused, and Mr. Dawes will have nothing to do with the controversy. It is therefore generally expected that Simmons will be confirmed.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

CIRCULATION OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

In consequence of frequent applications to the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics for information in regard to the amount of circulating medium in Great Britain, France, and other European countries, and of the wide divergence of statements on the part of European as well as American financiers, an examination has been made of the published official statistics, and a variety of authorities on the subject consulted, with a view to obtaining approximately accurate data. The results of this investigation have just been prepared, from which it appears the total amount of gold coin circulating in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland at the close of 1872 was £84,551,000 sterling; silver, £15,000,000; bronze, £1,148,000; excess of bank notes over coin reserves, £40,540,000; total circulation in coin and notes, £141,239,000; being equivalent in United States gold coin to $686,421,540. The metallic currency, coin, and bullion of France is given at 4,000,000,000 francs; notes of the Bank of France in circulation on Dec. 26, 1873, 2,807,689,625 francs; total, 6,807,689,625 francs. Deduct metallic reserve in bank Dec. 28, 759,962,419 francs, and the currency circulation is 6,047,727,206 francs, equivalent in United States gold coin, at twenty cents to the franc, to $1,209,545,441. In the twenty-two States composing the North German Confederation the supposed aggregate of coin is 632,435,362 thalers. The coin held in reserve by the banks to protect their note circulation is 100,000,000 thalers, leaving in the hands of the people 532,435,362 thalers. The notes in the hands of the people amount to 253,159,142 thalers, making coin and notes in the hands of the people 785,594,504 thalers, equivalent in United States gold coin to $557,772,098. The German Government within the last two years has coined about 334,000,000 thalers in gold.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON.

The Subcommittee on Banking and Currency will begin next week the examination into the affairs of the first National Bank of Washington. They will propose certain written interrogatories to be answered by the Secretary of the Treasury, Controller of the Currency, and Receiver of the bank before summoning witnesses.

JUDGE BUSTEED.

Judge Richard Busteed has not yet been able to obtain a copy of the charges preferred against him by Hon. Alexander White, member of Congress from Alabama. The reason assigned is that the original is in the hands of the printer. He is, therefore, obliged to go into the examination before the House Committee of the Judiciary without knowing exactly the offenses with which he is charged. Eight or nine witnesses have already been examined touching the question of domicile in Alabama. The other charge is that he used the public money illegally in refunding to Ex-Auditor Reynolds $833 of the fine of $1,000 which Judge Busteed obliged him to pay for contempt of court. Mr. Reynolds' receipt for the sum returned is on file in the Middle District of Alabama. There is no pretense that the Judge kept any of the money for his own use. No other charges than these are preferred. The [illegible] have testified to Judge Busteed's residence in Alabama, not only during the terms, but during the vacations, and that his absence was only during the Summer months. The Judge has no intention of resigning. He is anxious to resume his official duties, but is prevented from doing so by the pending investigation, his presence in the committee-room being required.

THE ALCOHOLIC COMMISSION.

The bill reported by Representative Poland, to-day, from the Committee on Judiciary, provides that there shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate a commission of five persons, neither of whom shall be the holder of any office of profit or trust in the General or a State Government. They shall be selected solely with reference to personal fitness and capacity for an honest and thorough investigation and hold office until their duties be accomplished, but not to exceed one year. It shall be their duty to investigate the traffic in alcoholic liquors in its criminal, moral, and scientific aspects, with pauperism, crime, social vice, public health, and the general welfare of the people, and also inquire and take testimony as to the practical results of license and restrictive legislation for the prevention of intemperance in the several States. They shall serve without salary; shall be authorized to employ a Secretary at a reasonable compensation, not to exceed $2,000 per year, which, with the necessary expenses incidental to said investigation of both the Secretary and Commissioners, shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated upon vouchers to be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury to an amount not exceeding $10,000, and the amount necessary is hereby appropriated. It shall be the duty of said Commissioners to report the result of their investigation and the expenses attending the same to the President, to be by him transmitted to Congress.

THE LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS.

The aggregate amount in the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill is $19,393,601; salaries and compensation of Senators, Representatives, and Delegates are $2,065,000, or $940,000 less than the estimates which were made before the repeal of the Salary bill; Treasury Department, $2,833,000, or about $750,000 less than the estimates, $600,000 being for postage; for the Department of Agriculture, $175,690, or $97,000 less than the estimates. The estimates for the other departments are curtailed in all about $3,000,000 from the estimates.

A BATTLE WITH THE COMANCHES.

The following was received to-day:

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.

Col. W. D. Whipple, Washington, D. C.:

Gen. Augur, commanding the Department of Texas, telegraphs that Lieut. Col. Buell, with a command consisting of parts of Companies D and G, Tenth Cavalry, and fifteen Tonka scouts, struck a small camp of Comanches on Double Mountain Fork, on the 5th inst. and killed ten Indians and captured all of their stock, consisting of sixty-one horses. He will report fully on his return to Griffin.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Lieutenant General.

NAVAL NOTES.

Surgeon George W. Wood has been ordered to the Tuscarora; Assistant Surgeon Holmes and Acting Assistant Surgeon J. J. Page, to the Naval Hospital at Washington; Assistant Surgeon H. M. Martin, detached from the Colorado, and ordered to return home and report his arrival; Assistant Surgeon Howard Wells, from the Boston Navy-yard, and ordered to the Colorado at Key West.

THE EDGAR STUART.

The Secretary of the Treasury has instructed the Collector of Customs at Baltimore to interpose no further objections to the trial trip of the steamer Edgar Stuart, evidence having been furnished of the good intentions of all concerned. He qualifies the permission, however, by requiring that an officer of the revenue shall accompany the steamer.

POSTAL MATTERS.

Postmaster James, of New-York, appeared, by request, before the House Committee on Post Offices to-day, and gave his views on the bill to increase the salaries of the Postmasters of the larger cities, and also on the practicability of requiring postage on all printed matter when sent from the office of publication to be prepaid.

TREASURY BALANCES.

The balances in the Treasury at the close of business to-day were: Currency, $2,630,786; special deposit of legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit, $50,050,000; coin, $85,371,032; including coin certificates, $44,442,400; outstanding legal tenders, $381,326,227.

THE WEATHER.

SYNOPSIS AND PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19—1 A. M.—The barometer has risen since Tuesday night in the Middle and East Atlantic States, and to a less extent in the South Atlantic States; it has fallen in the South-west, Ohio Valley, lake region, and North-west; the temperature has fallen decidedly throughout the South Atlantic States, and risen in the Ohio Valley and the North-west. Light northerly winds and calms prevail in New-England, with clear weather, fresh north-west winds, with cloud and rain on the South Atlantic coast, and south-east winds, with clear weather, on the Western Gulf coast, but with cloudy weather and occasional snow in the Ohio and Missouri Valleys, North-west, and upper lakes. The storm centre in California has moved eastward toward Texas.

PROBABILITIES.

On Thursday in New-England, falling barometer, easterly winds, and cool, clear, followed by cloudy weather.

For the Middle and South Atlantic States, continued north-easterly winds, with cloudy weather and falling barometer.

For the Gulf States, falling barometer, south-east winds, rising temperature, increasing cloudiness, and possibly rain on the coast.

For the Ohio Valley and lake region, falling barometer, increasing southerly winds, cloudy weather, and possibly rain or snow, followed in the north-west by rising barometer and cold northerly winds.

IN THIS CITY.

The following record shows the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, No. 218 Broadway:

	1873.	1874.		1873.	1873.
3 A. M.	29°	19°	3:30 P. M.	40°	34°
6 A. M.	29°	18°	6 P. M.	38°	32°
9 A. M.	31°	20°	9 P. M.	36°	28°
12 M.	38°	26°	12 P. M.	37°	26°

Average temperature yesterday, 25⅜°.

Average temperature for corresponding date last year, 34¾°.

LAGER-BEER IN CHICAGO—BREWERS RAISING THE PRICE.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The determination lately formed by the brewers of this city to raise the price of lager from $10 to $12 per barrel is meeting with great opposition among the retailers. About 200 saloon-keepers met to-day and pledged themselves not to pay the increased price, and threatening to patronize foreign establishments rather than submit to what they term downright extortion.

THE CHICAGO COAL-POISONING CASE.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The Coroner's inquest on the bodies of the Thompson children was concluded to-day, and resulted in a verdict of death by asphyxia, caused by carbonic acid gas from a hard-coal stove in their sleeping-room. Mrs. Thompson is slowly improving, and her ultimate recovery, as well as that of her infant, is now confidently looked for. The condition of Mrs. Behrens, the nurse, is not so good; her recovery is now considered almost hopeless.

THE LOWELL MURDER CASE.

LEWISTON, Me., Feb. 18.—Mr. Pillsbury concluded his argument for the prisoner in the Lowell murder case this afternoon. The court then adjourned. [illegible]

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

MOVEMENTS OF MR. DISRAELI—FORMAL ACCEPTANCE OF PREMIERSHIP.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Mr. Disraeli arrived at Windsor at noon to-day, and immediately proceeded to the Castle.

Large crowds gathered at all the stations on the route and warmly cheered him as he passed by.

Mr. Benjamin Disraeli to-day held another conference with his supporters. He has formally accepted the Premiership.

HEALTH OF THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY—RUINS OF THE PANTECHNICON.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The health of the Archbishop of Canterbury is improving.

The ruins of the Pantechnicon, which was burned last Friday night, are still smoldering, but notwithstanding this the insurance companies have already set men to work seeking salvage, and a number of racing cups and much jewelry which were stored in the building, have been recovered uninjured. Thousands of spectators watch the progress of the work. It is said the loss of one insurance company by the fire is so heavy that it is crippled.

The weather throughout England to-day is fair.

GERMANY.

ALSATIAN DEPUTIES IN THE REICHSTAG—PROPOSITION FOR A PLIBESCITUM REJECTED.

BERLIN, Feb. 18.—In the Reichstag to-day the Bishop of Metz, who is a member, asked the President for permission to be accompanied by an interpreter during the sittings. His request was refused.

The motion offered by an Alsatian Deputy that Elsass and Lorraine be permitted a plebiscitum to decide their nationality has been rejected by an overwhelming majority.

In the debate on the proposition, M. Tautsch, an Alsatian delegate, supported the motion in a violent speech, in the course of which he said Germany had overstepped the principles which should be binding upon civilized nations. He held that the annexation to Germany was illegal. "We are sent here," he said, "to proclaim our affection for our French fatherland, and that your act of violence prevents us from regarding you as brethren."

SPAIN.

JUNCTION OF MORIONES AND RIVERA.

MADRID, Feb. 18.—Gens. Moriones and Prima De Riveras have joined forces near Portugalete.

SWITZERLAND.

ASCENT OF THE JUNGFRAU BY AN AMERICAN LADY.

BERNE, Feb. 18.—Miss Brewood, an American lady, has performed the perilous feat of ascending to the summit of the Jungfrau Mountain.

DR. LIVINGSTONE.

FATE OF THE EXPLORER STILL IN DOUBT.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Rev. Robert Moffatt, the celebrated English missionary to South Africa, is still in doubt as to the correctness of the report of Dr. Livingstone's death. He thinks it hardly credible that Livingstone could have reached the place where he is said to have died. He says, also, that the Doctor's supply of provisions was ample. The Foreign Office also entertained the same doubts.

THE ASHANTEE CAMPAIGN.

COOMASSIE OCCUPIED FEB. 7, INSTEAD OF JAN. 29.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Dispatches from the Gold Coast announce that Sir Garnet Wolseley entered Coomassie on Feb. 7, instead of Jan. 29, as heretofore reported.

EGYPT.

INVASION BY THE SULTAN OF DARFOUR—A SIX HOURS' BATTLE AND DEFEAT OF THE SULTAN.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—A dispatch from Khartoum, dated Feb. 14, says the Sultan of Darfour invaded Egyptian territory, near Bahrel Gazel, and captured a number of slaves.

The Egyptian Governor, Zebia Bey, gave battle. The fighting lasted six hours, and resulted in the dispersing of the Sultan's army, 10,000 strong, the capturing of four guns, and the killing of the Sultan's Vizier and many chiefs.

TRIAL OF WATER WORKS.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 18.—The official and public test of the water works so far as constructed in this city, was made this afternoon, it being the Holly portion of the system. It was a grand success, and was witnessed by thousands of strangers, including in the number delegates from the National and State Board of Underwriters, officials of Boston, Bangor, Chicago, Syracuse, and other cities. Twelve one-inch streams, from hydrants on Main street, were first thrown. They presented a magnificent sight. When thirty streams were thrown, a solid body of water seemed to be suspended in the air. The streams averaged from 125 to 150 feet in height. A two-inch stream was then thrown in front of the City Hall. It reached 200 feet in height. A horizontal stream four inches in diameter was then thrown from a stand pipe in front of Power's Building. The distance thrown was 465 feet. A three-inch vertical stream was thrown 285 1-10 feet; a four-inch stream, 295 5-10 feet; a five-inch stream 250 5-10 feet. The exhibition exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the people, contractors, and builders.

THE LOWENSTEIN MURDER CASE.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 18.—After a charge of an hour and a half by Judge Learned, this afternoon, the jury in the Lowenstein murder case retired for consultation. The charge was a very important one, and gave the prisoner the benefit of the fact that there was no positive evidence against him.

THE GRANGERS.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 18.—The State Grange met here to-day, 130 granges being represented. There are 235 granges in the State. The election of officers to fill unexpired terms resulted in Dr. Columbus Mills, of Cabarrus, being made Worthy Master, and Richard Williams, of Pitt, Worthy Overseer.

THE GRANGERS OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 18.—The State Grange is in session here. There are a large number of delegates in attendance, and the greatest interest is manifested in the proceedings. The session is secret.

THE LOUISIANA TROUBLES.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Feb. 18.—A mass-meeting of citizens opposed "to the present usurpation of the Government of the State" was held at Exposition Hall this evening under the auspices of the Committee of Seventy. About 1,200 persons were present. Several addresses were delivered and resolutions adopted, as follows:

Resolved, That we shall continue our efforts to remove the intolerable burden, reproach, and shame which have been put upon us by the violation of law and the Constitution, and the abuse of power, until the hope of success shall be wholly destroyed.

Resolved, That we claim now at the hands of Congress as we have in the past, the recognition of the Government elected in November, 1872, of which Gov. McEnery is the head, or in default thereof that the present Government be suspended by military provisional rule, [illegible]

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—FEB. 18.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

600	Western Union...	75	100	North-western....	58⅜
1200	do........	75⅛	200	do........	58¼
1000	do........	75¼	100	do......s3.	58⅜
1000	do........	75⅜	300	do........	58¼
1000	do........	75½	200	do......s3.	58⅛
1400	do........	75⅝	100	do......s3.	58¼
200	do......b3.	75½	100	do........	58⅝
900	do........	75⅜	300	St. Paul......s3.	46⅜
2000	do......s3.	75¼	100	do........	46⅜
500	do.......c.	75¼	300	Toledo & Wab....	50¾
500	Pacific Mail...b3.	42½	300	do........	50⅞
400	do........	42½	400	do........	51
300	do......s3.	42⅝	400	do........	51⅛
100	Rock Island....c.	107¼	900	do........	51¼
100	do........	107¼	300	do........	51⅛
100	do........	107⅜	500	do......s3.	51
2100	Lake Shore......	82	1100	do........	51⅛
800	do........	81⅞	100	do........	51¼
100	do......b3.	82	100	Bos. H. & Erie....	2
400	do........	81⅞	300	C. C. & I. C........	31⅝
200	do........	82	200	do........	31¾
500	do......s3.	82	900	Ohio & Miss........	32¾
175	C., C. C. & Ind......	87	200	do......s3.	32¾
100	do......b3.	87	2500	do........	32⅞
300	Union Pacific.....	35⅜	300	do........	33
1300	do........	35½	100	At. & Pac. Pf..b3.	20⅞
1700	do......s3.	35½	500	do........	20¾
200	do......s3.	35⅝	200	do........	20⅝
700	do......b3.	35⅝	1000	do........	20½
1000	do.......c.	35⅝	500	do........	20⅜
1100	do........	35⅝	1400	do........	20⅛
500	do........	35½	100	do........	20⅜
1000	do........	35⅝	200	N.Y.C. & Hudson.	104⅜

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10:15 AND 11:30 A. M.

$10,000	U.S.6s,'81,R.	120¼	$15,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new......	119½
100,000	do......b. c.	120⅛	50,000	do........	119⅝
8,500	U.S.6s,'81.C.c.	120⅝	7,500	do.......12.	119½
6,500	do......b. c.	120⅝	1,000	do......small.	119
500	U. S. 5-20 R., '64........b. c.	119¼	16,000	U.S.5-20C..'67.	120
10,000	U. S 5-20 C., '64........b. c.	120⅛	8,500	do.......12.	120⅛
1,000	do........	120	1,500	do....small.	119½
5,000	do........12.	120	5,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '67..........12.	119½
9,000	U.S.5-20R.,'65.	119⅜	74,000	U. S. 5s, '81, C.........b3.	113¾
3,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65........b. c.	120¾	32,000	do.......12.	113¾
27,500	do........12.	121	10,000	U. S. 5s 10-40 C..........12.	115⅞
2,000	U.S.5-20C.,'62.	117¾			

FIRST BOARD—10:30 A. M.

$20,000	Ten. 6s old...	86¼	200	Harlem..........	132
10,000	do........	86⅜	200	do.....b. c.	133
2,000	Tenn. 6s old, ex coup........	67½	30	do........	132½
10,000	Va. 6s Con....	50⅛	1000	do........	133¾
2,000	Mo. 6s........	94¾	600	do........	134
6,000	Ga. 7s, n..b. c.	87½	200	Un. Pac...b. c. b3.	35⅝
1,000	N. Y. C. 6s, '87..........c.	94½	100	do......s3.	35½
13,000	do......b. c.	94¾	2300	do........	35⅝
5,000	N.Y.C.1st M.R.	105	300	do......b3.	35¾
1,000	N.Y.C.1st M.C. b. c.	105¼	2000	do........	35⅝
2,000	E. 4th M..b. c.	98½	100	Mich. Central....	92
1,000	Long Dock B..	98⅝	50	do......b. c.	91¼
1,000	do........	98½	100	L.S.&M.So.b.c.b4.	82
2,000	Mich. Cen. 7s.	98¼	300	do........	82⅛
1,000	Mich. So. 2d..	99	900	do........	82¼
3,000	D., M. & T.1st.	99½	300	do........	82⅛
1,000	C. Pac. Gold B.	96½	100	do......s3.	82
1,000	P.R.R.1st M.	85¾	400	do........	82⅛
2,000	U. P. 10s, Inc.	82¾	600	do......b3.	82¼
1,000	Chi.&N.W.Con. C. Gold B......	86¼	100	do......b4.	82⅛
9,000	do........	86⅛	8	Illinois Central..	105½
2,000	Alb.&S.1st M.	101¾	25	do........	106
2,000	Alt.&T.H.2dPf.	86⅝	50	do......b.c.	107
10,000	D.,L.&W.C.b3.	104	100	do........	106⅞
6,000	D.&H.R.B.,'91.	103	50	C. & N. W.....b. c.	58¼
5,000	T. & W.C.C.b3.	79½	500	do........	58½
3,000	Gt. W. 2d M...	85	200	do........	58⅜
4,000	Mor. & Es. 1st.	107	700	do........	58⅝
5,000	N. J. Cen. C...	101¾	200	C. & N. W. Pf..b.c.	75⅝
6,000	O.&M.Con.S.F.	93¼	100	B., H. & E....b. c.	1⅞
3,000	O. & Miss. 2d.	81¾	200	N. J. Central......	107
1,000	M.&St.P.8s.1st	105½	200	do......b.c.	107
5,000	M. & St. P. 7s, Gold......b. c.	89	100	C. & R. I.......b. c.	107¼
1,000	Mil. & St.P.1st M., LaC. Div..	92	100	do........	107⅜
5,000	Bos.,H.&E.1st.	32	100	do........	107½
10,000	B.,H.& E.Guar.	46	100	C., C. C. & I...b. c.	87¼
5,000	C., C. &I.C.1st.	90	550	do........	87½
1,000	Can. So. 1st M.	70	100	do........	87¼
28	Am. Ex. Bank....	109½	400	do.......c.	87½
5	Cen. Nat. Bank....	100	100	C., M. & St. P.b.c.	46⅝
5	Fourth Nat. B'k....	106	10	do........	46¾
30	Ger. Am. Bank...	94	200	do........	46½
41	Del. & H. Canal..	117	100	do........	46⅜
100	Mar. L. & Min...	8⅜	100	C.,M.&St.P.Pf.b.c.	73½
10	do........	10	15	Tol., W. & W....	51½
100	Cons. Coal...b. c.	48⅝	100	do......b. c.	51⅝
900	Am. Dis. Tel.b. c.	60½	100	do........	51½
200	do........	60¼	300	do........	51¾
200	Atl. & P. Tel...b.c.	18	200	do......s3.	51⅝
600	Western Un...b.c	75¼	200	do........	51⅝
700	do........	75⅜	650	do........	51½
500	do........	75½	200	do......s3.	51½
200	do........	75⅝	500	D., L. & W....b. c.	111½
1000	do........	75¾	300	do......b30.	111½
1000	do........	75⅝	10	N. Y., N. H. & H..	131
600	do........	75½	100	P.,Ft.W.&C.G.b.c.	93⅝
1100	do......s3.	75½	300	do......s3.	33½
1300	do........	75⅝	100	C., B. & Q........	111¾
100	do........	75¾	10	Chic. & Alt...b. c.	115
200	do......b3.	75¾	100	do........	112
700	do........	75⅝	100	do........	112¼
100	do......s3.	75½	100	H. & St. Jo...b. c.	31½
900	do........	75½	100	do........	31⅝
300	do........	75⅝	500	At. & P. Pf...b. c.	20½
1500	do........	75¾	100	do........	20⅜
400	Pacific Mail...b. c.	42⅜	100	do......b3.	20⅝
200	do........	42⅝	200	do........	20⅝
200	do........	42½	1100	do......b3.	20½
200	do........	42⅝	500	Ohio & M......b. c.	33⅛
100	N. Y. C. & H..b. c.	104½	300	do......b10.	33⅛
200	do........	104⅝	500	do........	33
500	do........	104½	200	do........	32⅞
			300	do........	33
			400	do........	33⅛
			300	C., C. & I. C...b. c.	31¾
			100	do.......c.	31⅞
			100	do......s3.	31¾
			100	do.......c.	31⅝

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12:30 P. M.

1800	West. Union....	75⅞	900	Union Pac......s3.	35⅝
700	do......b3.	76	100	do........	35⅝
1200	do........	76	100	North-west....b3.	58¾
500	do........	76⅛	400	do........	58¾
500	do......s3.	76	300	do......b3.	58⅞
200	do......b3.	76⅛	300	do.......c.	59
1100	do........	76	1300	do........	59
100	do.....b10.	76⅛	300	B., H. & Erie.....	2
400	do........	76⅛	100	N. J. Cen.........	107
600	do......b3.	76⅛	200	do........	107⅛
300	do......s3.	76	300	Rock Island R...c.	107⅜
300	do........	76⅛	31	do........	107⅛
100	do.......c.	76	300	St. Paul R........	46⅝
1200	do........	76	500	do........	46¾
600	Am. Dist. Tel....	60¼	100	Chic. & Alton.....	112¼
100	A. & P. Tel.....	17¾	400	Ohio & Miss.......	33¼
50	Quicksilver......	34	100	do......b3.	33¼
500	Pacific Mail.....	42¾	100	Tol. & Wab........	51¾
500	N. Y. C. & Hud...	104¾	100	do......s3.	51¾
200	do......s3.	104¾	200	do......b3.	51⅞
100	Erie Railway....	48½	100	do........	51⅞
500	Lake Shore......	82⅜	100	do........	51¾
200	do......b3.	82⅜	100	Han. & St. Jo. Pf.	40¾
400	do........	82¼	300	Han. & St. Jo.....	32
200	Harlem R........	134½	200	do........	31⅞
200	do........	134⅝	300	do........	32
200	do......s3.	134⅝	100	do......s3.	32
400	do........	134½	100	do......b3.	32⅛
300	do........	134¼	100	do........	32¼
100	do......b3.	134¼	200	Atl. & Pac P......	20⅝
100	C., C. & I. C.....	31¾	200	do........	20¾
200	do........	31¾	100	do......s3.	20¾
100	do......s3.	31¾			

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—2:15 P. M.

$5,000	U.S.5-20C.,'64.	120¼	$50,000	U. S. 5s, C., '81........	114
50,000	U. S. 10-40 R., b. c.	112⅜	20,000	U.S. 5s, R.,'81, b. c.	113⅝
500	U. S. 5-20 C., '68, small...	119	20,000	U. S. Cur. 6s..	116⅞

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$7,000	Tennessee 6s, old......b. c.	87	100	Erie.............c.	48⅜
2,000	Un. Pac. 1st...	85½	200	Harlem.........b. c.	134
10,000	Gt. West. 2d..	85	1200	C. & N. W..b. c.	59
24,000	D. & H. R.,'84.	102½	200	do......b3.	59⅛
2,000	Mor. & Es. 1st.	107	600	do........	59⅛
5,000	Al. & Sus. 2d..	99½	200	do.......c.	59⅛
10,000	N. J. Cen. Cov.	101⅞	100	do........	59
14,000	C.. C. & I. C.1st	90	300	do........	58⅞
2,000	C. & N.W.Con. Coup. Gld. bds.	86	100	do........	58¾
2,000	Mich. So. 2d..	99¼	100	C.&N.W.Pf.b.c.b3.	75⅞
1,000	West. Un. Tel.	96½	100	C., C., C. & I....	87⅜
100	West. Un. b. c. b3.	76⅛	100	do........	87½
900	do........	76⅛	9	do........	87¼
600	do......b3.	76¼	200	do..b. c.b3.	87½
20	do........	76	12	do........	87¼
300	do........	76¼	100	N. J. Central.....	107½
1300	do........	76⅜	800	C., M. & St. P.b. c.	46⅞
300	do......s3.	76⅜	100	do.......c.	46⅞
1000	do........	76½	400	do........	46¾
3100	do........	76⅜	100	C.,M.&St.P.Pf.b.c.	73¾
200	do........	76½	200	Tol., W. & W. b. c.	51⅞
600	do........	76¼	100	do........	51¾
300	do........	76⅜	100	do........	51⅝
400	do......b3.	76¼	100	do......b3.	51¾
2800	do........	76⅛	100	P., Ft. W. & C. Gd.	93½
600	do......s3.	76	100	Alton & T. Haute.	14
700	do........	76	100	Del., Lack. & W..	111¾
400	do........	75⅞	251	do........	111½
5	Del. & H. Canal...	118	100	Han. & St. Jo.....	32¼
100	Con. Cl. of Md.b.c.	48⅞	600	do......b. c.	32⅜
100	Quick. Min...b. c.	38¼	10	do........	32⅛
100	Quick. Pf....b. c.	39	600	do........	32½
200	Un Mg.Co. of Ten.	3⅜	100	do........	32¼
300	Pac. Mail.....b. c.	42⅝	200	do........	32⅝
200	do......b3.	42¾	100	do......b3.	32⅝
100	do........	72⅞	600	do........	32½
1100	N. Y. C. & H.b. c.	104¾	100	H. & St. Jo.Pf.b.c.	40¾
200	do......b3.	104¾	100	do......b3.	41
100	do......b3.	104⅞	400	do........	41
300	do........	104¾	50	do........	40½
800	L. Sh. & M. So.b.c.	82⅝	100	St.L.&I.M.n.R.b.c.	65
400	do......s3.	82⅜	200	O. & Miss.....b. c.	33⅜
400	do.......c.	82⅜	200	do........	33¼
1100	do......b3.	82½	500	do......s3.	33
300	do........	82¼	200	do.......c.	33
500	Union Pac.....b. c.	35⅝	400	do........	33
1400	do......b3.	35¾	100	do........	32⅞
700	do........	35⅝	400	C., C. & I. C..b. c.	31⅞
500	do......b3.	35⅝	300	At. & Pac. Pf.b.c.	20⅞
			100	do......s3.	20⅞
			100	St. L., K.C. & N.Pf.	32½

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

200	Consol. Coal......	49	5	C., C., C. & I......	88
800	Western Union...	75⅞	101	do........	87⅛
200	do......s3.	75⅞	5	do........	87
750	do........	76	400	St. Paul........b3.	46¾
100	do......b3.	76⅛	200	do......s3.	46⅝
1600	do........	76⅛	300	do........	46¾
800	do........	76¼	300	do........	47
100	do........	76⅛	100	Tol. & Wab.......	51⅝
100	Mariposa L. & M..	8⅜	100	do......s3.	51½
100	N. Y. C. & Hud...	104¾	200	do........	51½
100	do......b3.	104⅞	100	do......b3.	51⅞
200	do........	104¾	100	do........	51⅞
200	Harlem..........	134	400	do........	51¾
300	do........	133¾	200	do........	51⅝
400	do........	134	600	St. L. & Iron M...	65⅝
100	Mich. Cent....b3.	92	200	do......b3.	66
800	Lake Shore....s3.	82½	200	do........	66
100	do........	82¼	200	Ohio & Miss......	32⅞
400	do......b3.	82¼	200	do........	33
900	do........	82⅜	800	Atlantic & Pac..	20⅞
34	N. J. Central.....	107½	800	do........	21
500	Union Pacific.....	35½	100	Han. & St. Jo.....	32½
600	do......s3.	35½	200	do........	32¼
100	do........	35⅝	200	do........	32⅜
500	do........	35⅝	100	C., C. & I. C......	31¾
100	North-western....	58¾	100	do......b3.	31¾
100	do........	59	100	do......b3.	32
100	N. West. Pf...b3.	75⅝			

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18—P. M.

While the Stock Exchange has not yet fully recovered from the shock to speculation caused by the bold and successful forgeries of yesterday, the tone of business is decidedly improved, and there is a strong demand for at least one of the Stocks, (Western Telegraph,) attempted to be victimized by the frauds. The sales ran up to 76@76¼ ₩ cent. The other Stock, Toledo and Wabash, upon which the forgeries were made, also rallied, but attracted less interest than Telegraph. [illegible] Lake Shore, Union Pacific, &c., reflected altogether a better confidence. At the same time, it is not to be overlooked that the scandalous occurrences of yesterday have seriously damaged the market for orders, on speculation, from the outside public; especially as the Governing Committee of the Exchange, with the aid of a Detective force, have not been able to trace and punish the offenders. At the close of business at 3 o'clock, P. M., the general market was firm on the Stock Exchange, and the sales of Gold and rates of Exchange steady, at about yesterday's closing, 112⅝ for Gold, and $4 84½ to the £ Sterling for 60 days' Bills on London. Money returned to ease at 5 ₩ cent. to the Brokers, and there was more offered to the houses of established credit than was wanted at this rate.

Closing Quotations—Feb. 18.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
United States New 5s..........	113¾	113¾
U. S. 5-20s, May and November.	120¾	121
U. S. 5-20s, January and July..	120¼	120¼
American Gold..............	112⅝	112⅝
Bills on London, 60 days.......	$4 84½	$4 84½
New-York Central and Hudson.	104⅛	104¾
Chicago and Rock Island......	107¼	107¾
Pacific Mail................	42¼	42¾
St. Paul Common............	46⅛	47
Ohio and Mississippi.........	32¾	33⅛
Western Union..............	74¾	76¼
Union Pacific...............	35¼	35⅝
Lake Shore................	81¾	82⅜
Toledo and Wabash..........	50⅝	51¾
Harlem....................	131¼	133½
North-west................	58⅛	59
North-west Preferred........	75¼	75⅞
C., C. and Indiana Central.....	31½	31⅞
Adams Express.............	x94	95
United States Express........	72½	72
Wells-Fargo Express.........	76½	77
American Express...........	64½	64¾
Delaware and Lackawanna....	110⅛	111½
Central New-Jersey..........	106	107¼
Panama...................	116½	116¾
St. Paul Preferred..........	73⅛	73¾
Erie......................	48½	48½
Atlantic and Pacific.........	21	20⅞

The Sub-Treasury received in Gold for Customs to-day $463,000, and paid out $103,000 Gold Interest.

The last prices for the Public Funds of the United States are as follows:

6 ₩ cent. reg., '81....	120½	5-20 coup., n. i., '65..	119¼
6 ₩ cent. coup., '81..	120¾	5-20 reg., '67..........	119½
5-20 reg., '62.........	117½	5-20 coup., '67.........	120¼
5-20 coup., '62........	118	5-20 reg.. '68..........	119¼
Called bonds, '62.....	113⅝	5-20 coup., '68.........	119⅞
5-20 reg., '64.........	119¼	10-40 reg..............	112⅜
5-20 coup., '64........	120¼	10-40 coup.............	115⅞
5-20 reg., '65.........	119¼	5s, coup., '81..........	113¾
5-20 coup., '65........	120⅞	6s, currency...........	116¾
5-20 reg., n. i., '65....	119		

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board to-day for the State Bonds:

Tenn. 6s, old.........	86½	Mo. 6s...............	94½
Tenn. 6s, old, x coup.	67½	Mo. 6s, H. & St. J. is.	91½
Tenn. 6s, new bds...	86¼	Cal. 7s...............	112
Tenn. 6s, n.bs., x con.	66¾	Conn. 6s.............	101
Tenn. 6s, n. b., n. s..	66⅞	R. I. 6s..............	101
Va. 6s, consol. bds..	50⅛	Ark. 6s, funded......	33
Va. 6s, def. bds......	11⅜	A. 7s, L. R. & F.S. is.	20
Ga. 6s...............	75	Ark. 7s, M. & L. R..	20
Ga. 7s, new bds......	85½	A.7s,L.R.P.B.& N.O.	16
N. C. 6s, N. C. R., J. & J..............	35	Ohio 6s, '81..........	100
N. C. 6s, N. C. R., A. & O..............	35	Ohio 6s, '86..........	100
N. C. 6s, N. C. R., 7 off., J. & J........	25	Ill. coup. 6s, '77.....	96
N. C. 6s, N. C. R., 7 off., A. & O........	25	Ill. coup. 6s, '79.....	96
N. C. 6s, n. b., J. & J.	18	Ill. War Loan........	96
N. C. 6s, n. b., A. & O.	18	Ind. 5s...............	101
N. C. sp. tax, class 1.	10½	Mich. 6s, '78-'79......	95
N. C. sp. tax, class 2.	10½	Mich. 6s, '83.........	95
N. C. sp. tax, class 3.	10½	N. Y. Reg. Bnty. L.	106
S. C. 6s..............	25	N. Y. Coup. Bnty L.	106
S. C. 6s, J. & J.......	9	N.Y. 6s, Canal L.,'74	112
S. C. 6s, F. A., '66...	14	N.Y. 6s, Canal L.,'75	110
		N.Y. 6s, Canal L.,'77	110
		N.Y. 6s, Canal L.,'78	110
		N.Y. 5s, Canal L.,'75	105
		N.Y. 6s, C. L., g., '87.	112

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York............	125	Metropolitan.........	129½
Manhattan...........	150	Market..............	118
Merchants'..........	117	Nassau..............	102
Union...............	132½	Corn Exchange......	117
America.............	146	Continental.........	77
City.................	265	St. Nicholas.........	103½
Fulton..............	150	Import. & Traders'..	192
Mechanics'& Trad's'.	121	Park................	141
Merchants' Ex.......	76	Central..............	100
Leather Manuf'ers..	151	First National.......	175
State of New-York..	107½	Fourth National.....	105
Mercantile..........	114⅞	Ninth National......	99
American Exchange.	109½	Gold Exchange......	120
Chatham............	130	B'krs.&Brokers'Ass.	89
Bank of N. America.	90¼	German-American...	93½
Irving..............	124		

A Committee of the Mortgage and other Creditors of the New-York and Oswego Midland Road, consisting of Messrs. Henry Whelen, E. A. Wickes, B. Schlesinger, George Opdyke, Henry R. Low, and Earl P. Mason, have issued, under date of Jan. 31, a pamphlet Report and Plan for general settlement and reorganization of the affairs of the Company. The Schedule of Indebtedness subjoined to this pamphlet, representing that in addition to the original First Mortgage, 7 ₩ cent. Gold, on the main line, of $8,000,000, the other Mortgages amount to $11,425,000, of which $5,546,500 are under hypothecation for floating indebtedness. It also appears that $385,500 of the First Mortgage Bonds are under hypothecation, leaving $7,614,500 in the hands of the public. The Plan is a comprehensive one, proposing, among other things, a general trust for *all* creditors, with power, first to purchase under *pro forma* foreclosure the Road and its equipment, &c.; secondly, to complete certain extensions, connections, and leased lines, and thirdly, to execute a new first Mortgage to the amount of $30,000 ₩ mile, and a new second Mortgage not to exceed $20,000 ₩ mile. The floating indebtedness is $4,147,762, called secured by hypothecations, &c., and $1,872,586 called unsecured; together $6,020,348. The Common Capital consists of $6,797,980 "full paid" Stock, and $2,607,000 non-interest-bearing Convertible Bonds, together, $9,404,980. The whole mass of Bonds and Stocks, including $882,013 overdue Coupons, would appear to be $35,731,341, or deducting $5,932,000 Bonds under hypothecation, $29,800,341. The proposed scheme of reorganization is now open to the assent of all Bondholders. The pamphlet can be had of Messrs. George Opdyke & Co.

A counter pamphlet has since been issued in the interest of the Foreign and Domestic First Mortgage Bondholders, by Messrs. Heidelback, Frank & Co., No. 52 Exchange place, proposing and urging the enforcement, by prompt foreclosure of this Mortgage, because of the grievous disappointments growing out of representations of the condition and prospects of the Road, in the Summer of 1872, and of the proposal of Jan. 31 to involve the rights and liens of these Bondholders, now amounting to only $20,000 per mile, in a new Mortgage of $30,000 per mile. The Bankers, in the interest of this later proposition, disclaim any wish or purpose to exclude other creditors from the reorganization of the property, *after foreclosure*, as second lien-holders, or preferred or common stockholders. They report that $1,000,000 of the First Bonds have already been subscribed to their proposition.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Company have brought out a Mortgage Loan, 7 ₩ cents., payable in the year 1903, Interest January and July, in Boston, for $1,000,000. Sealed proposals for the Bonds will be opened day after to-morrow, Friday, Feb. 20. The terms are 10 ₩ cent. on advice of acceptance of the bids. 30 per cent. March 10, and the remainder April 1. The official notification of the Loan appears in our advertising columns.

Of the Consolidated 7 ₩ cent. Mortgage of the Michigan Central Company, created in May, 1872, for $10,000,000, about $7,000,000 of the Bonds were issued to the date of the recent report of the President, Jan. 24, 1874. The Bonds are now advertised as on private sale by Mr. L. T. Hoyt, Exchange place. The security is backed by a road costing $26,316,000, exclusive of leased lines, and a Capital Stock paid in of $18,738,000.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

[illegible] ALEXANDER FROTHINGHAM & CO., No. 12 [illegible]

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ SEVEN PER CENT.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN RAILWAY.

We are authorized to offer, on favorable terms, the remaining balance of $1,000,000 Bonds due on 139 miles of completed Road.

They are secured by a first mortgage on the extension of 217 miles, and the additional guarantee of the old line, with which it has been consolidated. The Road is well and favorably known as one of the most prosperous and important Trunk Lines in the West, having already large earnings, which were for 1873 $1,591,000. We believe the Bonds are destined to take high rank among Railway securities, and at the present low price prove a profitable investment.

They are $1,000 each; Coupons payable in coin, January and July.

TURNER BROTHERS,
Bankers, No. 14 Nassau st.

☞ $185,000 ELIZABETH CITY FUNDED DEBT bonds, authorized "by virtue of the city charter and the supplement approved March 17, 1870," due Jan. 1, 1893, with interest at 7 per cent., semi-annually, deliverable in $500, $1,000, or $5,000, either registered or coupon, for sale at 94 and interest.

The total funded debt of Elizabeth, including the above amount, representing her public parks, market-house, school buildings, fire-engine houses, and other city property, is but $882,000, for which annual tax levy is provided by law to pay interest and for sinking fund.

The City of Elizabeth is the most thriving of any in the vicinity of New-York, and has always paid both principal and interest promptly at Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New-York.

Bonds of the city due at any time in 1874 will be taken at par and interest in exchange for the above-named bonds.

AARON G. CRANE,
No. 93 Cedar st., New-York.

FEB. 17, 1874.

☞ NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND FIRST Mortgage bondholders, by applying at our office, can receive the report and plan of the committee for the reorganization.

Having marketed these Bonds, and being ourselves large holders thereof, we shall be glad to confer with other holders with a view to the protection of our mutual interests.

GEO. OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau st.

DRY GOODS.

ELDRIDGE, DUNHAM & CO.,
NO. 340 BROADWAY,
Having purchased the STOCK of
MESSRS. DIGGS, CUNNINGHAM & CO.,
which comprises every class of goods known to the TRADE, we will offer it for sale at
VERY LOW PRICES.
Sale to commence on
Thursday, 19th inst.,
to which the attention of SHORT TIME and CASH BUYERS particularly is solicited, as it must be sold out with dispatch, in order to properly display our entirely new and well-assorted stock of
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN
DRY GOODS,
which is complete in every department, and is especially adapted to the wants of the SPRING and SUMMER season.
NEW-YORK, FEB. 18, 1874.

MUSICAL.

WATERS' CONCERTO and ORCHESTRAL ORGANS *are the* most beautiful *in style and perfect in* tone ever made. The CONCERTO *and* ORCHESTRAL STOPS *are the* best ever placed in any Organs. *They are produced by an* extra set *of* reeds, peculiarly voiced, *the* EFFECT *of which is* MOST CHARMING *and* SOUL-STIRRING, *while the* IMITATION *of the* HUMAN VOICE *is* SUPERB. These organs are the best made in the United States.

WATERS' New Scale PIANOS *have* great power *and a* fine singing tone, *with* all modern improvements, *and are the* best Pianos made. These Organs *and* Pianos *are* warranted *for* 6 years. Prices extremely low *for* cash *or* part cash, *and* balance *in* monthly *or* quarterly payments. Second-hand instruments taken *in* exchange. GREAT INDUCEMENTS *to the* TRADE. AGENTS WANTED *in* every City *and* County *in the* United States *and* Canada. A large discount *to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c.* ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES MAILED.

HORACE WATERS & SON,
No. 481 Broadway, New-York, and No. 1,223 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Penn.

A EUROPEAN GENTLEMAN OF MANY YEARS' experience, and very successful as a professor of music, has a few hours disengaged for piano or singing lessons; best City references; terms, $20 and $25 per quarter. Call on or address Dr. PUTMAN CRAMER, No. 410 East 89th st.

CHURCH PIPE-ORGANS.—W. H. DAVIS & SON, No. 40 Downing st., have just finished, and have for sale, several very superior-toned organs, ten and twelve stops, with pedal bass, sixteen feet; one, two rows of keys, twenty stops, pedal bass, sixteen feet; also, second-hand parlor organ, eight stops.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union square, (No. 165 4th av.)

LIGHTE & ERNST.—OLD HOUSE OF LIGHTE, Newton & Bradbury, established 1840, have removed to No. 12 East 14th st. Pianos for sale and to let cheap, also on easy monthly payments.

AT GOLDSMITH'S, NO. 26 BLEECKER ST., near Bowery.—First-class new pianos to rent, $200; magnificent seven and a half octave pianoforte, carved legs, &c.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—CITY AND County of New-York.—An Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in the City of New-York, plaintiffs, against EDMUND BELLING, Adolph Levinger, Benjamin C. Hinds, and Jane Hinds, his wife, (so called herein, her real name being unknown to the plaintiffs,) Morris L. Chaim, Ephraim L. Snow, George W. Snow, James Edgar, Alfred Bardell, Josiah E. Dewey, Henry R. Clark, James V. Fenn, defendants.—Summons—for relief.—(Com. not ser.)—To the above defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 14 John st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Jan. 24, 1874.

WILLIAM VENVILL,
Plaintiffs' Attorney, No. 14 John st.

The complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the new Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 27th day of January, 1874.

WILLIAM VENVILL, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

f12-law6wTh*

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—HENRY BARNARD against JAMES WILSON, Felix W. Leinback, Augustus Wolle, and James F. Cox.—Summons.—For relief.—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the Court-house in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 9 Pine street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Jan. 28, 1874.

RICHARD H. BOWNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York on the 28th day of January, 1874, at the Court-house in said City.

RICHARD H. BOWNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

f19-law6wTh*

METALS.

PHELPS, DODGE & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF METALS,
TIN-PLATE, SHEET-IRON, COPPER, BLOCK-TIN, WIRE, &c.,
CLIFF ST., between John and Fulton, NEW-YORK.

MARBLE MANTELS.

[illegible]

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CLERK OF the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, submitting a statement of all bills audited and allowed during the year ending Dec. 31, 1873. Document No. 6. Board of Supervisors, Dec. 31, 1873.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1873.

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York:

GENTLEMEN: In pursuance of the requirements of law (see Revised Statutes, fifth edition, vol. 1, chapter 12, article 1, section 57,) the following statement is respectfully submitted.

J. C. PINCKNEY, Clerk, *pro tem.*

AN ACCOUNT OF ALL AMOUNTS AUDITED AND ALLOWED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK, FROM JAN. 1, 1873, TO JAN. 1, 1874.

Date when Allowed.	To whom Allowed, and for what Purpose.	Amount of Claim.	Amount Audited and Allowed.
Jan. 28	Bowne & Co., printing and stationery for Court of Common Pleas	$84 00	$84 00
Jan. 28	Slote & Janes, stationery for Bureau of Collection Arrears	28 00	28 00
Jan. 28	*Sun*, publishing County canvass	372 40	372 40
Jan. 28	*Herald*, publishing County canvass	357 20	357 20
Jan. 28	New-York *Daily News*, publishing County canvass	252 60	252 60
Jan. 28	NEW-YORK TIMES, publishing County canvass	188 00	188 00
Jan. 28	Jas. L. Crosby, transcript of testimony for District Attorney	80 00	80 00
Jan. 28	*Evening Post*, publishing Supervisors' notice	1 65	1 65
Jan. 28	Jas. Scott & Co., chairs for Supreme Court	72 00	72 00
Jan. 28	D. L. Robins, for use of dumping-ground	60 00	60 00
Jan. 28	Denis Mahoney, carting ashes from County buildings	108 00	108 00
Jan. 28	Stephen H. Knapp, tables, Supreme Court	84 00	84 00
Jan. 28	Gillis & Geoghegan, repairs to steam-pipes, new Court-house	452 38	452 38
Jan. 28	Shaw & Venn, painting storm-doors, new Court-house	38 27	38 27
Jan. 31	Charles S. Sherman & Co., gas-fitting, Seventy-first Regiment Armory	250 99	250 99
Jan. 31	Clark & Wilkins, wood for County buildings	236 00	236 00
Jan. 31	William Broese, services as Armorer, First Regiment, to Jan. 1	428 00	428 00
Jan. 31	David Brill, services as Armorer, First Regiment Cavalry, to Jan. 1	732 00	732 00
Jan. 31	Charles Berchet, services as Armorer, Fifth Regiment, to Jan. 1	368 00	368 00
Jan. 31	Daniel Edwards, services as Armorer, Seventh Regiment, to Jan. 1	316 00	316 00
Jan. 31	Thomas Murphy, services as Armorer, Eighth Regiment, to Jan. 1	420 00	420 00
Jan. 31	John McDermott, services as Armorer, Ninth Regiment, to Jan. 1	368 00	368 00
Jan. 31	Herman Engel, services as Armorer, Eleventh Regiment, to Jan. 1	368 00	368 00
Jan. 31	Jacob Peth, services as Armorer, Twenty-second Regiment, to Jan. 1	314 00	314 00
Jan. 31	Chretien Tusch, services as Armorer, Fifty-fifth Regiment, to Jan. 1	368 00	368 00
Jan. 31	John Shearer, services as Armorer, Seventy-ninth Regiment, to Jan. 1	368 00	368 00
Jan. 31	Charles F. Berlinghoff, services as Armorer, Ninety-sixth Regiment, to January	368 00	368 00
Jan. 31	William Schilling, services as Armorer, Battery C	368 00	368 00
Feb. 3	Bowne & Co., printing, &c., Court Common Pleas	11 50	11 50
Feb. 3	T. W. Roe & Co., stationery for the County	449 45	449 45
Feb. 3	Slote & Janes, stationery for the Controller's Office	713 50	713 50
Feb. 17	Yale Lock Manufacturing Company, locks for District Attorney	24 00	24 00
Feb. 17	Simon Lightstone, expenses of place of Registry	15 00	15 00
Feb. 17	James Cessna, services as fireman Court-house	83 33	83 33
Feb. 17	Mary Doyle, services as cleaner Court-house	24 00	24 00
Feb. 17	Frank Kenny, services as cleaner of Court-house	24 00	24 00
Feb. 17	Margaret McCormick, services as cleaner of Court-house	24 00	24 00
Feb. 17	Elizabeth Byrne, services as cleaner of Court-house	24 00	24 00
Feb. 24	R. French, meals for jurors on trial of W. M. Tweed	23 85	23 85
Feb. 24	Edward Walsh, conveying an escaped lunatic to Lunatic Asylum	18 00	18 00
Feb. 24	*Sun*, advertising notices of Board of Supervisors	10 80	10 80
Feb. 24	*Sun*, advertising notices of Board of Supervisors	24 80	24 80
Feb. 24	*World*, advertising notices of Board of Supervisors	12 40	12 40
Feb. 24	Denis Mahoney, carting ashes from Court-house	96 00	96 00
Feb. 24	A. M. Gans, services as Armorer, Sixth Regiment	306 00	306 00
Feb. 24	William Douglas, services as Armorer, Eighty-fourth Regiment	368 00	368 00
Feb. 24	John Muldoon, services as Armorer, Washington Gray Troop	368 00	368 00
Feb. 24	Charles A. Nagle, services as Armorer, Separate Troop Cavalry	670 00	670 00
Feb. 24	Charles Lang, services as Armorer, Battery B	368 00	368 00
Feb. 24	George Friese, services as Armorer, Battery G	368 00	368 00
Feb. 24	Joseph Henry, services as Armorer, Battery K	366 00	366 00
Mar. 3	New-York *Herald*, publishing election notice	2,016 00	2,016 00
Mar. 10	New-York *Herald*, publishing committee notices	32 40	32 40
Mar. 10	Angell & Weeks, printing for Bureau of Arrears of Taxes	162 90	162 90
Mar. 10	James L. Crosby, transcript of testimony for District Attorney in case of E. S. Stokes	520 00	520 00
Mar. 20	Angell & Weeks, printing for Bureau of Arrears of Personal Taxes	53 35	53 35
Mar. 20	Michael Smith, plumbing work for Court-house	352 19	352 19
Mar. 20	A. W. Lockwood, articles for Court-house	451 45	451 45
Mar. 20	Schwartz & Lehmann, carpenter-work for Court-house	232 58	232 58
Mar. 20	John T. Dupont, locks, &c., for Court-house	121 60	121 60
Mar. 20	Wm. Waters, articles for Court-house	117 53	117 53
Mar. 20	Edward B. Conlin, repairing chairs for Court-house	116 95	116 95
Mar. 20	H. A. Rogers & Co., articles for Court-house	109 35	109 35
Mar. 20	Loughlin & Currie, glazing, Court-house	103 09	103 09
Mar. 20	Charles B. Ripley, shades for Court-house	96 00	96 00
Mar. 20	Michael Walsh, repairing roofs of Court-house	93 70	93 70
Mar. 20	J. H. Telfair & Co., oil for Engineer of Court-house	90 83	90 83
Mar. 20	Denis Mahoney, carting ashes of Court-house	48 00	48 00
Mar. 20	Cornelius C. Burnham, kalsomining Court-house	25 00	25 00
March 20	Harrison Redfield, load of sand for Court-house	10 00	10 00
Mar. 20	Robert Rogers, brass check for keys for Court-house	4 50	4 50
March 20	Robert Rogers, brand for stamping for Court-house	4 00	4 00
Mar. 24	Henry C. Allen, services to District Attorney	2,500 00	2,500 00
Mar. 24	Clark & Wilkins, wood for Court-house	124 00	124 00
Mar. 24	James St. John Stationery Company, stationery for City Judge	$257 70	$257 70
Mar. 24	New-York *Herald*, publishing notice of Finance Department	122 40	122 40
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Court of Common Pleas	344 50	344 50
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Supreme Court	695 00	695 00
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Supreme Court	17 80	17 80
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Superior Court	136 00	136 00
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for County Clerk	1,454 50	1,454 50
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate	140 25	140 25
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate	48 40	48 40
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing [illegible]	273 [illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible] rears of Arrears of Personal Taxes	29 75	29 75
Mar. 24	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Superior Court	66 50	66 50
Apr. 7	John Wilson, taking testimony for committee on investigation of lease of Mission Hall	140 53	140 53
Apr. 7	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Court of Common Pleas	45 00	45 00
Apr. 7	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Supreme Court	45 00	45 00
Apr. 7	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Supreme Court	55 75	55 75
Apr. 7	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Bureau of Arrears of Taxes	31 40	31 40
Apr. 7	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Bureau of Arrears of Taxes	19 60	19 60
Apr. 7	Luckey & Crawford, printing for Court of Common Pleas	350 39	350 39
Apr. 7	Luckey & Crawford, printing for Recorder's Office	123 65	123 65
Apr. 7	Timothy Carr, services as Armorer Sixty-ninth Regiment, to Dec. 31, 1872	368 00	368 00
Apr. 22	Wm. C. Ford, copyright of system of indexing	5,000 00	5,000 00
Apr. 21	A. W. Lockwood, articles for Court-house	108 37	108 37
Apr. 21	W. & J. Sloan, carpets, &c., for County offices	425 56	425 56
Apr. 21	H. C. Dexter & Co., signs for County offices	19 25	19 25
Apr. 21	B. L. Solomon & Sons, curtains for court-rooms	230 00	230 00
Apr. 21	Wm. Waters, articles for County offices	54 80	54 80
Apr. 21	James Rogers, regulating clocks, County offices	62 25	62 25
Apr. 21	A. W. Lockwood, articles County offices	186 30	180 30
Apr. 21	John T. Dunkin, repairs to engine, County Court-house	89 15	89 15
Apr. 21	Clark & Wilkins, wood, County offices	138 00	138 00
Apr. 21	W. C. Bryant & Co., printing materials of board	82 65	82 65
Apr. 21	*World*, advertising notices	9 00	9 00
Apr. 21	W. F. Shattuck & Co., handcuffs for use at Court of Sessions	54 00	54 00
Apr. 21	Robert Buynge, reporting trial of Scannell	400 20	400 20
Apr. 21	C. A. Stetson's Sons, meals for jurors	200 00	200 00
Apr. 28	New-York *Herald*, advertising committee notices	70 40	70 40
Apr. 28	Luckey & Crawford, stationery, Court of Appeals	58 20	58 20
Apr. 28	W. C. Bryant & Co., printing for Court of Sessions	107 00	107 00
Apr. 28	New-York News Association, manifold styles for Court of Common Pleas	6 80	6 80
Apr. 28	James St. John Stationery Company, stationery for Finance Department	22 95	22 95
Apr. 28	*N. Y. Times*, advertising committee notices	51 00	51 00
Apr. 28	Chas. S. Sherman & Co., plumbing work for armories	1,634 79	1,530 25
Apr. 28	Shaw & Venn, painting armories	1,579 75	1,575 42
Apr. 28	C. Schwarzwaelder & Bro., desk 69th Regt. Armory	350 00	350 00
Apr. 28	C. Schwarzwaelder & Bro., desk 12th Regt. Armory	475 00	475 00
Apr. 28	Daniel Kelly, furniture for armory, 13th st.	878 00	878 00
Apr. 28	Daniel Kelly, carpeting for armory, 13th st.	597 04	597 04
Apr. 28	John N. Outwater, extending and copying Tax Books of 1871	11,887 50	11,887 50
Apr. 28	Chas. A. Stetson's Sons, meals for jurors on Scannell trial	1,770 00	1,770 00
June 16	Nicholas Seger, carpenter work for Centre Market Armory	16,376 84	9,289 30
June 16	P. Weinrich, flag-staff for Centre Market Armory	143 00	75 00
June 16	K. Kreukel, iron railings for armory Nos. 7, 9, and 11 West 13th st.	111 26	76 14
June 16	George Fisher & Bro., galvanized iron for Centre Market Armory	3,100 00	3,100 00
June 16	Simon Wieler, stairway for Centre Market Armory	655 11	450 00
June 16	Oppelt & Schlegelmilch, brown stone for Centre Market Armory	2,285 93	1,735 00
June 16	Frederick Jocks, carpenter work for armory Nos. 7, 9, and 11 West 13th st.	4,035 75	3,182 85
June 16	Andrew Beckert, plastering for Centre Market Armory	765 00	445 00
June 16	Shaw & Venn, painting armory, Broadway, between 44th and 45th sts.	311 20	311 20
June16	Jacob Weber, mason work for Centre Market Armory	20,067 45	9,765 00
June16	William Broeser, services as armorer of 1st Regiment	62 00	62 00
June16	Daniel Edwards, services as armorer for 7th Regiment	154 00	154 00
June16	Thomas Murphy, services as armorer for 8th Regiment	362 00	362 00
June16	Jacob Peth, services as armorer for 22d Regiment	316 00	316 00
June 16	Timothy Carr, services as armorer for 69th Regiment	180 00	180 00
June16	James Robertson, services as armorer for 79th Regiment	118 00	118 00
June 16	Chas. Aug. Nagel, services as armorer for Separate Troop Cavalry	242 00	242 00
June16	Michael Schweerer, tin work for Centre Market Armory	2,544 00	2,103 50
June 16	K. Krenkel, iron work for Centre Market Armory	3,893 00	1,971 13
June16	Peter Kinkel, gas-fixtures for Armory 7, 9, and 11 West 13th st.	14 00	12 80
June16	Jacob Weber, mason work for Armory 7, 9, and 11 West 13th st.	104 59	77 94
June16	A. Beckert, plastering for Armory 7, 9, and 11 West 13th st.	715 75	396 60
June16	A. Unfricht & Charles Schoch, painting Armory 7, 9, and 11 West 13th st.	103 75	93 95
June16	J. V. Mayer, plumbing work for Armory 7, 9, and 11 West 13th st.	320 84	314 69
June16	New-York *Herald*, advertising committee notices	8 00	8 00
June16	Luckey & Crawford, printing for Department of Finance	63 32	63 32
June16	Banks Brothers, law books, Superior Court	120 00	120 00
June16	Luckey & Crawford, stationery for District Attorney's Office	253 30	253 30
June16	James St. John Stationery Company, stationery for City Judge's Office	16 00	16 00
June16	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Superior Court	150 26	150 26
June16	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Superior Court	12 00	12 00
June16	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	175 25	175 25
June16	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Court of General Sessions	15 00	15 00
June16	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for District Attorney's Office	174 20	174 20
June16	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for District Attorney's Office	97 15	97 15
June16	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Department of Finance	15 00	15 00
June16	Frederick Jocks, carpenter work, Register's Office	221 25	212 75
June16	Schwartz & Lehmann, carpenter work for County buildings	321 40	321 40
June16	Nicholas Smith, plumbing work for County buildings	273 63	273 63
June16	John T. Dupont, repairing locks for County buildings	120 70	120 70
June16	Gustavus B. Sanford, plastering, &c., County buildings	73 45	73 45
June16	Clark & Wilkins, wood for County buildings	118 00	118 00
June16	Stephen H. Knapp, repairs, &c., Register's Office	849 25	849 15
June16	Stephen H. Knapp, repairs, County buildings	323 05	[illegible]
June16	William Waters, articles for Janitor's Department, new Court-house	160 55	160 55
June16	H. A. Rogers & Co., articles for Engineer's Department, new Court-house	132 65	132 65
June16	William Waters, articles for Engineer's Department, new Court-house	55 70	55 70
June16	Hull, Grippen & Co., stoves, &c., for County buildings	239 70	[illegible]
June16	Hull, Grippen & Co., stoves, &c., for County [illegible]	79 77	[illegible]
	[illegible] buildings	55 00	55 00
June 16	Peter Dobson, materials for carpenter's shop, County buildings	17 88	17 88
June 16	Charles S. Sherman & Co., plumbing work for Register's office	527 70	500 42
June 16	Charles S. Sherman & Co., plumbing work for County buildings	551 94	532 60
June 16	Charles S. Sherman & Co., plumbing work for Register's office	217 10	217 10
June 23	The *Sunday Times*, advertising for Department of Taxes	43 20	43 20
June 23	Banks Brothers, law books for District Attorney's office	1,094 50	1,094 50
June 23	New-York *Herald*, advertising for Department of Taxes	83 20	83 20
June 23	Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing minutes of the board	75 40	75 40
June 23	Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing calendars	681 00	599 00
June 23	Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing calendars	580 50	514 50
June 23	Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing calendars	268 00	244 00
June 23	Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing calendars	454 00	342 00
June 23	M. B. Brown, printing minutes and documents of the board	1,815 40	1,815 40
June 23	M. B. Brown, printing for Surrogate's office	7 25	7 25
June 23	M. B. Brown, printing, indexing, and binding proceedings of the board for 1872	698 50	698 50
June 23	Angell & Weeks, printing and stationery for Bureau of Arrears	71 54	71 54
June 23	The *Sun*, advertising for Department of Taxes	96 00	96 00
June 23	George F. Nesbitt & Co., printing 1,000 vouchers	19 00	19 00
June 23	Mehor Lingeman & Co., repairing desks	125 00	125 00
June 23	Loughlin & Currie, glazing, &c., at County buildings	37 87	37 87
June 23	Michael Smith, plumbing work at County buildings	295 48	295 48
June23	Peter Dobson, materials for carpenter shop at County buildings	34 42	34 42
June23	William Schirmer, services as Coroner for fourth quarter, 1872	3,100 00	3,100 00
June23	Patrick H. Keenan, services as Coroner for fourth quarter, 1872	3,080 00	3,080 00
June23	Nelson W. Young, services as Coroner for fourth quarter, 1872	5,500 00	5,500 00
June23	Gerson H. Hermann, services as Coroner for fourth quarter, 1872	3,340 00	3,340 00
June23	Adolph Kessler, services as Coroner for first quarter, 1873	3,080 00	3,080 00
June23	Gerson H. Hermann, services as Coroner for first quarter, 1873	3,560 00	3,560 00
June23	Nelson W. Young, services as Coroner for first quarter, 1873	3,600 00	3,600 00
June23	Patrick H. Keenan, services as Coroner for first quarter, 1873	4,300 00	4,300 00
June23	Wooster Beach, M. D., for making post-mortem examinations, fourth quarter, 1872	1,187 00	1,187 00
June23	Joseph Cushman, M. D., for making post-mortem examinations fourth quarter, 1872	1,263 00	1,263 00
June23	Edward T. T. Marsh, M. D., for making post-mortem examinations fourth quarter, 1872	1,427 00	1,427 00
June23	Wooster Beach, M. D., for making post-mortem examinations, first quarter, 1873	1,114 00	1,114 00
June23	Joseph Cushman, M. D., for making post-mortem examinations, first quarter, 1873	989 00	989 00
June23	Edward T. T. Marsh, M. D., for making post-mortem examinations first quarter, 1873	918 00	918 00
June23	Simeon N. Leo, M. D., for making post-mortem examinations first quarter, 1873	896 00	896 00
June23	A. W. Lockwood, articles for Janitor's department	47 80	47 80
June23	Michael Smith, plumbing and gas-fitting at County buildings	328 28	323 28
June23	Knickerbocker Ice Company, ice supplied during 1872	2,010 00	1,548 00
June23	John T. Dupont, repairing locks	59 25	59 25
June26	Albert M. Gans, services as Armorer, Sixth Regiment	240 00	240 00
June26	James Kennedy, services as Armorer, Seventy-first Regiment	484 00	484 00
June26	William Schilling, services as Armorer, Battery C	180 00	180 00
June26	Clark & Wilkins, for wood	172 00	172 00
June26	M. B. Brown, printing Day Calendars for Marine Court	1,587 00	1,587 00
June26	*Irish American*, advertising for Department of Taxes	85 00	85 00
June26	Journeymen Printers' Co-operative Association, printing certificates	10 00	10 00
June26	M. B. Brown, stationery for Board of Supervisors	527 86	527 86
June26	William C. Bryant & Co., printing minutes of the Board	69 60	69 60
June26	John Polhemus, printing for Commissioner of Jurors	39 00	39 00
June26	William C. Bryant & Co., printing minutes and document No. 5	501 00	501 00
June26	Luckey & Crawford, stationery for County Clerk's Office	301 59	301 50
June26	M. B. Brown, stationery for the Board of Supervisors	32 45	32 45
June26	Luckey & Crawford, stationery for Court of Common Pleas	65 40	65 40
June26	William C. Bryant, printing and stationery for District Attorney's Office	197 20	197 20
June26	New-York Gas-light Company, Feb. 1 to May 1, 1873	2,856 96	2,367 19
June26	John T. Dupont, repairing locks	45 65	45 65
June26	Stephen H. Knapp, carpenter work and repairs	1,615 68	1,535 14
June26	Thomas H. McGinniss, repairs at Register's Office	786 26	765 55
June26	Gustavus B. Sanford, labor and materials	278 94	278 94
June 26	William F. Ladd, regulating and repairing clocks	146 00	146 00
June 26	Peter Dobson, materials for carpenter shop	30 50	30 50
June 26	William Waters, articles for Janitor's department	61 86	61 86
June 26	Stephen H. Knapp, carpenter work for Seventy-first Regiment armory	301 10	272 80
June 26	Shaw & Venn, painting roof of Centre Market armory	138 00	138 00
June 26	R. G. Hatfield, examining bills	317 67	317 67
June 30	John Wilson, stenographic reports	82 08	82 08
June 30	Matthew Kane, for labor and material at armory, Twenty-seventh street and Ninth avenue	25,023 18	23,759 43
July 7	George R. Rowan, services as armorer, Twelfth Regiment	730 00	730 00
July 7	William Wellington, labor and materials for armory Broadway and Forty-fourth street	165 00	165 00
July 14	Banks Brothers, law books	48 00	48 00
July 14	The *World* advertising notices	61 20	61 20
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for District Attorney's office	47 35	47 35
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for District Attorney's office	16 95	16 95
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Attorney for Collection of Arrears	9 85	9 85
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Court of Common Pleas	80 00	80 00
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Court of Common Pleas	55 13	55 13
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Supreme Court General Term	57 38	57 38
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Supreme Court, Special Term	55 38	55 38
July 14	Luckey & Crawford, printing and stationery for Court of General Sessions	39 10	39 10
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	173 50	173 50
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	94 90	94 90
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	145 10	145 10
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	71 23	71 23
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Superior Court	43 50	43 50
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Court of Common Pleas	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible] Pleas	37 00	37 00
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	399 50	399 50
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	37 20	37 20
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	73 10	73 10
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	40 10	40 10
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	130 00	130 00
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	427 27	427 27
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	87 10	87 10
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Board of Supervisors	89 50	89 50
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Board of Supervisors	23 60	23 60
July 14	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for office of Collection of Arrears	30 00	30 00
July 14	George F. Nesbitt & Co., printing and stationery for County Clerk's office	258 35	258 35
July 14	George F. Nesbitt & Co., printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	107 00	107 00
July 14	George F. Nesbitt & Co., printing and stationery for Department of Finance	74 35	74 35
July 14	George F. Nesbitt & Co., printing and stationery for Court of General Sessions	46 75	46 75
July 14	Alonzo Dutch, labor and materials for Seventy-ninth Regiment Armory	7,967 06	6,120 56
July 14	Morgan Jones, plumbing work, &c., at armory, Broadway, between 44th and 45th sts.	2,745 49	2,631 99
July 14	L. L. Goodrich, plumbing work, &c., Ninth Regiment Armory	2,877 98	2,585 15
July 14	Stephen H. Knapp, carpenter work, Twelfth Regiment Armory	3,352 24	3,352 24
July 14	Stephen H. Knapp, carpenter work at armories of Twelfth and First Regiments and Washington Gray Troop	10,514 45	8,331 84
July 14	William H. Ertell, gas-fixtures for Twelfth Regiment Armory	120 00	120 00
July 14	Daniel Kelly, shades, carpets, &c., for armory, Broadway, between 44th and 45th sts.	952 70	952 70
July 14	Daniel Kelly, furniture for armory, Broadway, between 44th and 45th st.	1,068 10	1,068 10
July 16	Joseph Henry, services as Armorer, Battery K	180 00	180 00
July 16	John K. Porter, professional services	7,500 00	7,500 00
July 16	George Ticknor Curtis, professional services	10,000 00	10,000 00
July 16	John R. Fellows, professional services	3,000 00	3,000 00
July 16	Charles A. Stetson's Sons, meals to jurors	190 00	190 00
July 16	Charles A. Stetson's Sons, meals to jurors	229 60	229 60
July 16	Warburton, Bonynge & Underhill, stenographic reports	26 00	26 00
July 16	French's Hotel, meals to jurors	747 40	747 40
July 16	Henry H. Hickey, services to jurors	9 20	9 20
July 16	Leggett & Storms, meals to jurors	17 50	17 50
July 16	W. F. Shattuck & Co., water-coolers and tumblers	71 00	71 00
July 16	Joseph C. Pinckney, contingencies, Clerk's office	10 71	10 71
July 16	Loughlin & Currie, painting	52 25	52 25
July 16	Loughlin & Currie, painting	106 38	106 38
July 16	William Waters, articles for Janitor's department	24 00	24 00
July 16	William Waters, articles for Engineer's department	77 65	77 65
July 16	Michael Smith, plumbing work, &c.	224 35	224 35
July 16	Watrous & Wilson, lumber	131 30	131 30
Sept.18	Levey, Meigs & Co., stationery for Superior Court	1,160 09	1,160 09
Sept.18	Levey, Meigs & Co., stationery for Marine Court	2,448 70	2,448 70
Sept.19	W. Schomberg, chairs	109 00	109 00
Sept.19	W. Schomberg, chairs	100 00	100 00
Sept.19	A. W. Farrell, straw beds and bolsters	187 50	187 50
Sept.19	Luckey & Crawford, stationery for Court of General Sessions	99 15	99 15
Sept.19	*Tribune*, advertising notices	141 00	141 00
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	105 00	105 00
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	100 50	100 50
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	123 00	123 00
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	46 50	46 50
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	169 70	169 70
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Marine Court	74 45	74 45
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Surrogate's office	66 83	66 83
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Superior Court	5 30	5 30
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Bureau of Arrears	5 50	5 50
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing and stationery for Board of Supervisors	111 00	111 00
Sept.19	Charles S. Sherman & Co., gas-fitting for Twelfth Regiment Armory	1,839 71	1,839 71
Sept.19	William Broeser, services as armorer, First Regiment	118 00	118 00
Sept.19	David Brill, services as armorer, Third Regiment	730 00	730 00
Sept.19	Daniel Edwards, services as armorer, Seventh Regiment	156 00	156 00
Sept.19	Thomas Murphy, services as armorer, Eighth Regiment	156 00	156 00
Sept.19	Herman Engel, services as armorer, Eleventh Regiment	362 00	362 00
Sept.19	Jacob Peth, services as armorer, Twenty-second Regiment	310 00	310 00
Sept.19	Chretien Tusch, services as armorer, Fifty-fifth Regiment	362 00	362 00
Sept.19	John Shearer, services as armorer, Seventy-Ninth Regiment	62 00	62 00
Sept.19	James Robertson, services as armorer, Seventy-ninth Regiment	182 00	182 00
Sept.19	William Douglass, services as armorer, Eighty-fourth Regiment	362 00	362 00
Sept.19	Charles F. Berlinghoff, services as armorer, Ninety-sixth Regiment	362 00	362 00
Sept.19	William Detlef, services as armorer, Battery C	182 00	182 00
Sept.19	George Freese, services as armorer, Battery G	362 00	362 00
Sept.19	Tammany Society, for rents of premises and disbursements	22,901 75	22,901 75
Sept.19	Waterbury & Burns, painting, &c., for Twelfth Regiment armory	3,536 00	3,457 50
Sept.19	J. H. Telfair & Co., supplies for Engineers Department	170 50	170 50
Sept.19	Stephen H. Knapp, tables and repairs for Marine Court	312 06	[illegible]
Sept.19	Stephen H. Knapp, repairs for Court of Special Sessions	494 35	[illegible]
Sept.19	William Waters, articles Engineers' Department	19 60	19 60
Sept.19	William Waters, articles for Janitor's Department	54 38	54 38
Sept.19	Thomas Leavy, removing scaffolding	43 00	43 00
Sept.19	William C. Bryant & Co., printing for District Attorney's Office	51 50	51 50
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing laws of 1873	903 40	[illegible]
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, stationery for County Clerk's Office	334 00	334 00
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing blanks for Clerk of the Board	202 45	[illegible]
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing County bill-heads	84 95	84 95
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing 1,200 poster "To the Taxpayers,"	96 00	96 00
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, printing notices for County Clerk's Office	130 85	[illegible]
Sept.19	M. B. Brown, stationery for Clerk of the Board	69 84	[illegible]
Sept.19	Luckey & Crawford, printing for County Bureau	99 70	[illegible]
Sept.19	Luckey & Crawford, stationery for Supreme Court	214 50	214 50
Sept.19	Luckey & Crawford, stationery for Commissioner of Jurors	130 80	130 80
Sept.19	The *Sun*, advertising notice in relation to Jurors	248 00	[illegible]
Sept.19	The *Sun*, advertising notices for Board of Supervisors	43 20	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

tising notices of Committee on Fuel	26 88	26 88
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for Marine Court	316 00	316 00
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for County Clerk's Office	142 08	142 08
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for County Clerk's Office	80 00	80 00
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for Commissioner of Jurors	76 50	76 50
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for District Attorney's Office	45 40	45 40
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for District Attorney's Office	30 00	30 00
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for Court of General Sessions	37 50	37 50
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, printing for Court of Special Sessions	35 15	35 15
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Marine Court	330 19	330 19
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Marine Court	112 90	112 90
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for County Clerk's Office	261 50	261 50
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for District Attorney's Office	167 38	167 38
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for District Attorney's Office	68 55	68 55
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Board of Supervisors	88 50	88 50
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Court of General Sessions	60 35	60 35
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Court of General Sessions	12 00	12 00
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Commissioner of Jurors	39 75	30 75
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Attorney for Collection of Personal Taxes	21 44	21 44
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Recorder's Office	12 00	12 00
Sept. 19—M. B. Brown, stationery for Superior Court	8 05	8 05
Sept. 19—New-Yorker *Demokrat*, advertising	126 00	126 00
Sept. 19—New-Yorker *Demokrat*, advertising	30 15	30 15
Sept. 19—New-Yorker *Demokrat*, advertising	22 50	22 50
Sept. 19—New-Yorker *Demokrat*, advertising	18 00	18 00
Sept. 19—Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing minutes of the board	91 85	91 85
Sept. 19—The *Sun*, advertising	36 00	36 00
Sept. 19—The *Sun*, advertising	16 80	16 80
Sept. 19—A. W. Hopkins, wire railings, &c	1,025 00	1,025 00
Sept. 19—Michael Smith, plumbing, &c	37 62	37 62
Sept. 19—Michael Smith, plumbing, &c	328 53	328 53
Sept. 19—Michael Smith, plumbing, &c	385 70	385 70
Sept. 19—Loughlin & Currie, painting, &c	175 00	175 00
Sept. 19—Loughlin & Currie, glazing, &c	53 10	53 10
Sept. 19—Nicholas Michaels, repairing chairs	103 00	103 00
Sept. 19—A. W. Stewart, painting	115 00	115 00
Sept. 19—John T. Dupont, repairing locks	93 25	93 25
Sept. 19—John T. Dunkin, repairs to engines and boilers	68 25	68 25
Sept. 19—Peter Dobson, materials for carpenter shop	38 18	38 18
Sept. 19—Beatty, Stevenson & Co., repairing books	600 61	600 61
Sept. 19—William C. Peckham, stenographic notes	535 40	535 40
Sept. 19—W. F. Shattuck & Co., green enameled cloth	12 00	12 00
Sept. 19—Levey, Meigs & Co., interest on bill	118 43	118 43
Sept. 19—Levey, Meigs & Co., interest on bill	249 96	249 96
Sept. 29—Mathesius & Frey, cabinet work for Ninth Regiment armory	12,000 00	12,000 00
Sept. 29—F. Jocher, painting Centre Market armory	273 34	273 34
Oct. 13—Charles L. Thatcher, copying tax-books of 1873	612 91	612 91
Oct. 13—Moses J. Mendell, copying tax-books of 1873	610 83	610 83
Oct. 13—William Henry Jasper, copying tax-books of 1873	418 39	418 39
Oct. 13—W. R. W. Chambers, copying tax-books of 1873	445 87	445 87
Oct. 13—James P. Walker, copying tax-books of 1873	705 25	705 25
Oct. 13—Frederick Hess, copying tax-books of 1873	474 07	474 07
Oct. 13—C. W. Brandt, copying tax-books of 1873	452 67	452 67
Oct. 13—R. W. Packard, copying tax-books of 1873	452 67	452 67
Oct. 13—Peter H. Keelan, copying tax-books of 1873	488 39	488 39
Oct. 13—Jacob W. Moore, copying tax-books of 1873	527 15	527 15
Oct. 13—William B. Sudlow, copying tax-books of 1873	531 56	531 56
Oct. 13—S. L. Waitzfelder, copying tax-books of 1873	518 93	518 93
Oct. 13—James A. Kenyon, copying tax-books of 1873	395 24	395 24
Oct. 13—Charles Hanrahan, copying tax-books of 1873	436 71	436 71
Oct. 13—Thomas F. Gillespie, copying tax-books of 1873	155 33	155 33
Oct. 13—Henry M. McLaren, copying tax-books of 1873	220 48	220 48
Oct. 13—Christian H. Hartnek, copying tax-books of 1873	177 36	177 36
Oct. 13—Henry C. Hart, copying tax-books of 1873	178 88	178 88
Oct. 13—Charles C. Pickney, services as Superintendent	570 00	570 00
Oct. 13—John H. Strahan, professional services	2,500 00	2,500 00
Oct. 13—Adolph Kessler, services as Coroner, second quarter, 1873	3,720 00	3,720 00
Oct. 13—Gerson N. Hermann, services as Coroner, second quarter, 1873	3,600 00	3,600 00
Oct. 13—Nelson W. Young, services as Coroner, second quarter, 1873	3,300 00	3,300 00
Oct. 13—Patrick H. Keenan, services as Coroner, second quarter, 1873	3,560 00	3,560 00
Oct. 13—Wooster Beach, M. D., services as Deputy Coroner, second quarter, 1873	856 00	856 00
Oct. 13—Joseph Cushman, M. D., services as Deputy Coroner, second quarter, 1873	918 00	918 00
Oct. 13—E. T. T. Marsh, M. D., services as Deputy Coroner, second quarter, 1873	929 00	929 00
Oct. 13—Simeon N. Leo, M. D., services as Deputy Coroner, second quarter, 1873	1,086 00	1,086 00
Oct. 13—Fifth Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., for services July 12 and 13, 1871	1,104 90	1,104 90
Oct. 13—A. P. Green, for tan bark, &c	180 00	180 00
Oct. 13—Andrew Maguire, repairing roof Seventh Regiment Armory	196 96	196 96
Oct. 13—James Scott, carpet for Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory	196 80	196 80
Oct. 13—Charles Berchet, services as armorer for Fifth Regiment	486 00	486 00
Oct. 16—Thomas Murphy, services as armorer for Eighth Regiment	106 00	106 00
Oct. 13—George W. Hill, services as armorer, Ninth Regiment	362 00	362 00
Oct. 13—Timothy Carr, services as armorer, Sixty-ninth Regiment	182 00	182 00
Oct. 13—John Muldoon, services as armorer, Washington Grey Troop	362 00	362 00
Oct. 13—William Detler, services as armorer, Battery C	62 00	62 00
Oct. 13—Charles Lang, services as armorer, Battery B	424 00	424 00
Oct. 13—John C. Wessells, labor and materials, Twelfth Regiment Armory	1,038 30	1,038 30
Oct. 13—Peter Pinkel, gas-fitting, Centre Market Armory	814 34	330 75
Oct. 13—Charles N. Swift, repairs at armory, Fourth street and Broadway	330 78	330 78
Oct. 13—Charles S. Sherman, gas-fixtures, Seventh Regiment Armory	7 37	7 37
Oct. 13—Charles S. Sherman, gas-fitting and fixtures, Seventy-first Regiment Armory	528 37	528 37
Oct. 20—James H. Clark, copying tax-books of 1873	187 37	187 37
Oct. 20—Arthur Nucci, copying tax-books of 1873	86 50	86 50
Oct. 20—Michael J. Cahill, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Richard Clarsen, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—J. Cunningham, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Lawrence Curry, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Thos. Darcy, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Thos. Dempsey, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—James A. Duffy, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Jeremiah Falvey, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oct. 20—William H. Fleming, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Thomas J. French, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Robert K. Grace, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Henry H. Hickey, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—John W. Hunt, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Peter T. Masterson, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—James Muldoon, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—John Mulvihill, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Edward T. Murphy, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—John McGowan, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Patrick Logan, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Francis Nealis, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Hugh O'Donnell, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Abram B. Purday, services as attendant Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—James Salmon, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—William H. Shields, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—John Smith, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Thomas Smith, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Francis Wilmarth, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	500 00	500 00
Oct. 20—Joseph Twible, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	304 00	304 00
Oct. 20—Benjamin K. Phelps, legal services at General Term and Court of Appeals	4,600 00	4,600 00
Oct. 20—George W. Sauer, rent of premises Nos. 291 and 293 Bowery	833 32	833 32
Oct. 20—John Gloin, services as armorer, First Regiment Infantry	182 00	182 00
Oct. 20—Charles Kinkel, plans, drawings, and specifications, Centre Market Armory	2,638 40	2,638 40
Oct. 20—Michael Smith, plumbing and gas-fitting at County buildings	251 57	251 57
Oct. 20—John T. Dupont, repairs to locks	29 20	29 20
Oct. 23—Martin B. Brown, stationery, District Attorney's office	262 20	262 20
Oct. 23—Martin B. Brown, stationery, Superior Court	385 00	385 00
Oct. 23—Martin B. Brown, stationery, Court of Common Pleas	208 10	208 10
Nov. 17—James P. Walker, services to Special Committee	90 00	90 00
Nov. 17—Martin B. Brown, printing and folding ballots	1,795 00	1,795 00
Nov. 17—Martin B. Brown, printing for Board of Supervisors	132 05	132 05
Nov. 17—Martin B. Brown, printing for District Attorney's office	144 25	144 25
Nov. 17—Martin B. Brown, printing for Court of Special Sessions	75 30	75 30
Nov. 17—Tower, Gildersleeve & Co., printing ballots	460 00	460 00
Nov. 17—*World*, advertising notice to tax-payers	31 20	31 20
Nov. 17—*World*, advertising notice in relation to jurors	120 00	120 00
Nov. 17—*World*, advertising notice to Committee on Fuel	21 60	21 60
Nov. 17—New-York *Times*, advertising notice to tax-payers	30 60	30 60
Nov. 17—New-York *Times*, advertising notice to Committee on Armories	24 00	24 00
Nov. 17—New-York *Times*, advertising notice to Committee on Printing	21 00	21 00
Nov. 17—New-York *Times*, advertising notice to Committee on Fuel	23 20	23 20
Nov. 17—New-York *Times*, advertising notice to Committee on Fuel	29 00	29 00
Nov. 17—Henry A. Rogers & Co., supplies	36 14	36 14
Nov. 17—New-York Belting and Packing Company, supplies	11 70	11 70
Nov. 17—G. B. Sandford, labor and materials	30 75	30 75
Nov. 17—William F. Ladd, repairing and regulating clocks	86 50	86 50
Nov. 17—The *Sun* Publishing Company, rent of premises	308 33	308 33
Nov. 17—W. & J. Sloane, carpets	272 88	272 88
Nov. 17—Michael Smith, plumbing and gas-fitting, Department of Finance	447 74	447 74
Nov. 17—Daniel Edwards, services as Armorer, Seventh Regiment	158 00	158 00
Nov. 17—James Robertson, services as Armorer, Seventy-ninth Regiment	184 00	184 00
Nov. 17—Charles A. Nagel, services as Armorer, Separate Troop Cavalry	244 00	244 00
Nov. 17—Charles S. Sherman & Co., plumbing-work, Centre Market Armory	227 77	227 77
Nov. 17—Power Brothers, plastering, Seventy-ninth Regiment Armory	1,290 00	1,290 00
Nov. 17—W. C. Bryant & Co., printing minutes and Document No. 4	685 60	298 15
Dec. 1—Henry A. Gumbleton, services to Board of County Canvassers	100 00	100 00
Dec. 1—Edmund M. Plum, services to Board of County Canvassers	100 00	100 00
Dec. 1—Thomas F. Gilroy, services to Board of County Canvassers	100 00	100 00
Dec. 1—Henry Oberle, services to Board of County Canvassers	100 00	100 00
Dec. 1—James W. McGowan, services to Board of County Canvassers	100 00	100 00
Dec. 1—John Swanton, service to Board of County Canvassers	100 00	100 00
Dec. 1—William B. Sudlow, services to Board of County Canvassers	100 00	100 00
Dec. 1—John N. Outwater, services to Board of County Canvassers	200 00	200 00
Dec. 1—Harrison Redfield, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—Frank Keckelssen, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—Timothy G. Sullivan, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—Patrick Fitzsimmons, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—James Murray, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—Samuel M. Slater, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—Adolph Sanders, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—T. J. Smith, services to Board of County Canvassers	60 00	60 00
Dec. 1—J. W. Jenkins, removing sunken vessel	300 00	300 00
Dec. 1—George W. Sauer, rent of premises Nos. 291 and 293 Bowery	1,250 00	1,250 00
Dec. 1—Felix Horn, rent of premises Nos. 19 and 21 Avenue D	1,312 50	1,312 50
Dec. 8—Ryerson, Brown & Davis, rent of premises, Nos. 118 to 128 West 32d st	12,375 00	12,375 00
Dec. 8—Wm. F. & George W. Ryerson, rent of premises Nos. 118 to 128 West 32d st	24,750 00	24,750 00
Dec. 8—Prosper P. Shaw, rent of premises No. 699 Broadway and Nos. 1, 3, and 5 West 4th st	18,000 00	18,000 00
Dec. 8—John Collins, services as armorer, First Regiment	184 00	184 00
Dec. 8—Albert M. Gans, services as armorer, Sixth Regiment	368 00	368 00
Dec. 8—Thomas Murphy, services as armorer, Eighth Regiment	106 00	106 00
Dec. 8—Henry Karrenberg, services as armorer, Battery K	182 00	182 00
Dec. 8—Joseph Hillenbrand, rent of premises Nos. 156, 158, and 160 Hester st	2,500 00	2,500 00
Dec. 8—George W. Sauer, rent of premises Nos. 291 and 293 Bowery	1,250 00	1,250 00
Dec. 8—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dec. 8—Joseph Hillenbrand, rent of premises Nos. 156, 158, and 160 Hester st	2,500 00	2,500 00
Dec. 8—Joseph C. Pickney, contingent expenses, Clerk's office	28 02	28 02
Dec. 8—Samuel Secor & Sons, repairing engines, new Court-house	500 50	500 50
Dec. 8—W. F. Shattuck & Co., articles	300 04	300 04
Dec. 8—Julius Bergemon, repairing and putting up stoves	117 67	117 67
Dec. 8—J. H. Telfair & Co., oil for Engineer's Department	86 50	86 50
Dec. 8—Julius Bergemon, repairing and painting roofs	993 28	993 28
Dec. 8—Michael Smith, plumbing and gas-fitting	434 76	434 76
Dec. 8—John Simpson, removing derrick	160 00	160 00
Dec. 8—Loughlin & Currie, painting and glazing	106 75	106 75
Dec. 8—Peter Dobson, materials	65 84	65 84
Dec. 8—John T. Dupont, repairing locks, &c	41 05	41 05
Dec. 15—The *Sun*, advertising election notice	1,812 40	1,812 40
Dec. 15—*Daily News*, advertising election notice	1,315 80	1,315 80
Dec. 15—*World*, advertising election notice	897 60	897 60
Dec. 15—*New-Yorker Demokrat*, advertising election notice	740 70	740 70
Dec. 15—The *Sun*, advertising committee notice	40 80	40 80
Dec. 15—*World*, advertising Sheriff's proclamation	22 00	22 00
Dec. 15—*World*, advertising committee notices	20 40	20 40
Dec. 15—*New-Yorker Demokrat*, advertising committee notices	19 80	19 80
Dec. 15—John Polhemus, printing for Commissioner of Jurors	158 25	158 25
Dec. 15—Luckey & Crawford, stationery for Department of Finance	15 05	15 05
Dec. 15—Martin B. Brown, printing calendars,		
Dec. 15—E. E. Lyon, serving precept	53 64	53 64
Supreme Court	760 00	760 00
Dec. 15—Martin B. Brown, stationery, Supreme Court	914 70	761 70
Dec. 15—Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing, District Attorney's Office	175 50	175 50
Dec. 15—Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing, District Attorney's Office	101 00	101 00
Dec. 15—Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing, District Attorney's Office	66 75	66 75
Dec. 15—Wm. C. Bryant & Co., printing, Board of Supervisors	169 45	169 45
Dec. 15—New-York Gas-light Company, Nov. 1, 1872, to Feb. 1, 1873	3,032 14	2,468 40
Dec. 15—New-York Gas-light Company, May 1 to Aug. 1, 1873	1,909 02	1,621 93
Dec. 15—New-York Gas-light Company, Aug. 1 to Nov. 1, 1873	1,702 23	1,480 58
Dec. 15—Robert Bonynge, stenographic reports	55 00	55 00
Dec. 15—Wm. Anderson, transcript of testimony	343 50	343 50
Dec. 15—Ralph L. Parsons, M. D., professional services	200 00	100 00
Dec. 15—R. L. Parsons, M. D., professional services	300 00	150 00
Dec. 15—Abner Otis Kellogg, M. D., professional services	300 00	175 00
Dec. 15—William A. Hammond, M. D., professional services	500 00	250 00
Dec. 15—Benj. W. McCready, M. D., professional services	250 00	150 00
Dec. 15—Thaddeus M. B. Cross, M. D., professional services	1,000 00	500 00
Dec. 15—Thaddeus M. B. Cross, M. D., professional services	250 00	100 00
Dec. 15—Thaddeus M. B. Cross, M. D., professional services	750 00	275 00
Dec. 15—Jas. L. Crosby, transcript of testimony	352 00	352 00
Dec. 15—Jas. L. Crosby, copy of testimony	380 00	380 00
Dec. 15—Thomas Sampson, disbursements and expenses	317 00	317 00
Dec. 15—Charles A. Stetson's Sons, accommodation to jurors	1,725 00	1,725 00
Dec. 15—Charles A. Stetson's Sons, accommodation to jurors	980 00	980 00
Dec. 26—Charles A. Stetson's Sons, accommodation to jurors	230 00	230 00
Dec. 26—M. B. Brown, stationery for Court of Common Pleas	731 50	731 50
Dec. 26—M. B. Brown, stationery for District Attorney's office	479 60	479 60
Dec. 26—M. B. Brown, stationery for District Attorney's office	42 50	42 50
Dec. 26—M. B. Brown, stationery for Supreme Court	206 90	206 90
Dec. 26—M. B. Brown, stationery for Court of General Sessions	201 00	201 00
Dec. 26—M. B. Brown, stationery for Department of Finance	200 15	200 15
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, stationery for County Clerk's office	199 20	199 20
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing, District Attorney's office	161 88	161 88
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing, Department of Finance	114 50	114 50
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing, Department of Finance	54 75	54 75
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing, Court of General Sessions	101 02	101 02
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing, Commissioner of Jurors	49 80	49 80
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing, Court of Common Pleas	37 75	37 75
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing and stationery, Superior Court	385 35	385 35
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, printing and stationery, Superior Court	42 75	42 75
Dec. 26—Martin B. Brown, binding tax-books	225 00	225 00
Dec. 26—W. C. Bryant & Co., printing minutes of the board	115 65	115 65
Dec. 26—New-York *Daily News*, advertising jury notice	180 00	180 00
Dec. 26—W. F. Shattuck & Co., articles	279 00	279 00
Dec. 26—Pfeiffer & Henberger, repairs, supplies, &c	228 00	228 00
Dec. 26—Peter Dobson, materials for carpenter-shop	101 27	101 27
Dec. 26—Wm. F. Ladd, regulating and repairing clocks	64 00	64 00
Dec. 26—Beatty, Stevenson & Co., repairing books, Register's office	1,247 84	1,247 84
Dec. 26—Beatty, Stevenson & Co., repairing books, Register's office	878 19	878 19
Dec. 26—Richard Birmingham, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Michael J. Cahill, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Richard Clarsen, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—John Coyle, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—John Cunningham, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Lawrence A. Curry, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—John Crowe, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Daniel Day, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Thomas Dempsey, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—James A. Duffy, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—George H. Farley, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—William H. Fleming, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Thomas J. French, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Henry H. Hickey, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—John W. Hunt, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Peter T. Masterson, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—John McGowan, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Eugene J. McEnroe, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—John Mulvihill, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Francis Nealis, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Michael G. Nealis, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Hugh O'Donnell, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Abraham B. Purdy, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—James Salmon, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—John Smith, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—Francis Wilmarth, services as attendant, Court of Oyer and Terminer	184 00	184 00
Dec. 26—D. B. Hasbrouck, carting ballot-boxes	604 10	604 10
Dec. 26—James Scott, carpets, Court of General Sessions	328 55	328 55
Dec. 26—James Scott, carpets, Clerk's Office, Marine Court	201 20	201 20
Dec. 26—Thomas Murphy, services as armorer, Eighth Regiment	60 00	60 00
Dec. 26—George Freese, services as armorer, Battery G	62 00	62 00
Dec. 26—Charles A. Nagel, services as armorer, Separate Troop Cavalry	184 00	184 00
Dec. 30—Martin B. Brown, printing and stationery, Court of Common Pleas	248 90	248 90
Dec. 30—Martin B. Brown, printing and stationery, Superior Court	26 50	26 50
Dec. 30—Martin B. Brown, printing and stationery, Register's Office	45 00	45 00
Dec. 30—Martin B. Brown, printing and stationery, Bureau of Arrears of Personal Taxes	45 10	45 10
Dec. 30—Martin B. Brown, printing and stationery, Department of Finance	45 40	45 40
Dec. 30—John Sparks, preparing statistics of convictions	1,000 00	1,000 00
Dec. 30—New-York *Courier*, advertising election notice	818 40	818 40
Totals	$485,383 28	$451,718 87

AN ORDINANCE to provide the necessary means for the support of the respective Governments of the City and County of New-York, and for the payment of the quota of the State tax for the year 1873.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. There shall be, and hereby is, imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of and within the City and County of New-York, to be raised, collected, and paid according to law, for the purpose of paying the quota of the State tax imposed upon the City and County of New-York, and for the support of the City and County Governments, for the year eighteen hundred and seventy-three, the sum of twenty-seven millions ninety-eight thousand seven hundred and sixty-seven dollars and seventy-seven cents, ($27,098,767 77,) said sum being the amount certified by the Controller of the City of New-York to the Board of Supervisors, as required by section 1, chapter 758, and section 2, chapter 779, of the laws of 1873, as the amount to be raised and collected in the year 1873, by tax upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation in the City and County of New-York, for the amounts established by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, by authority of chapter 758 and chapter 779 of the laws of 1873, as will more fully appear by the following proceedings of said board, at a meeting held on the 26th day of June, 1873, together with the certificates of the Controller, as follows, to wit:

I, Andrew H. Green, Controller of the City of New-York, hereby certify to the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, in pursuance of section 1 of chapter 758, laws of 1873, that the proceedings of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, in conformity with the provisions of said chapter, are as follows:

Whereas, Chapter 758, laws of 1873, entitled "An act in relation to the City of New-York," provides as follows:

SECTION 1. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment, constituted by section 112 of chapter 335 of the laws of 1873, is hereby authorized, at any time before the first day of July next, by the concurrent vote of all the members of said board, to reconsider, revise, and redetermine any estimate made under the provisions of section 8 of chapter 574 of the laws of 1871; and the estimates so reconsidered, revised, and redetermined and approved by the concurrent vote of all the members of said board shall thereby become appropriated as the amount of money required to defray all the various expenses necessary for conducting the various boards, commissions and departments, whether executive, judicial, legislative, or administrative, of the City Government, and also for paying the interest on the City debt, and the principal of such debt falling due, and for providing for charitable or other objects; and said amount shall be established and be the amount to be raised for such purposes by tax within the City and County of New-York for the year 1873; and the amount thus established shall be certified to the Board of Supervisors by the Controller; and the said Board of Supervisors are hereby empowered and directed to cause the amount so certified to be raised and collected in the year 1873, by tax upon estates, real and personal, within the City and County of New-York, subject to taxation. Therefore—

Resolved, That in pursuance of the foregoing provision of law, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, now duly convened, this 26th day of June, 1873, all the members being present, does hereby, by the concurrent vote of all the members of said Board, reconsider the estimate for the year 1873, heretofore made under the provisions of section 8 of chapter 574 of the laws of 1871, and does hereby, by a concurrent vote of all the members of said Board, revise and redetermine, and approve the same, and so revised and redetermined, as follows, to wit:

THE LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Advertising for the Common Council			$8,000 00
City contingencies			5,000 00
Contingencies, Legislative Department			1,000 00
Printing for the Common Council			8,000 00
Salaries, Legislative Department—Members of the Common Council, President Board of Aldermen	$5,000 00		
Fourteen Aldermen at $4,000	56,000 00		
Twenty-one Assistant Aldermen at $4,000	84,000 00—	$145,0[illegible]	
Clerks and officers of Board of Aldermen, for four months	7,148 29		
Clerks and officers of Board of Aldermen, for eight months	16,666 66—	23,814 95	
Clerks and officers Board of Assistant Aldermen, for four months	4,782 22		
Clerks and officers Board of Assistant Aldermen, for eight months	10,000 00—	14,782 22—	183,597 17
Total			$205,597 17

THE MAYORALTY.

Salaries, Mayor's Office—Salary of Mayor for four months, at $7,500	$2,500 00	
For eight months, at $12,000	8,000 00—	10,500 00
Salaries, of clerks and subordinates, for four months	6,418 05	
For eight months	13,333 33—	19,751 38
Contingencies, Mayor's Office		10,000 00
Salaries and contingencies, Bureau of Permits		00,000 00
Total		$50,231 38

THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Cleaning markets		$25,090 00
Contingencies, Controller's Office		15,000 00
Charges on arrears of taxes		5,000 00
Charges on arrears of assessments		5,000 00
Legal expenses, Department of Finance		15,000 00
Rents		60,000 00
Real estate, expenses of		50,000 00
Remission of assessments on church property		12,010 69
Salaries, Department of Finance, including proportion of salaries of Bureau of Collector of Assessments transferred to Finance Department, for eight months	250,000 00	
For contingent salaries, to be used only if required	20,000 00—	270,000 00
Salaries, Chamberlain's Office, from May 1, 1873, at $30,000		20,000 00
Total		$477,010 69

THE LAW DEPARTMENT.

Contingencies, Law Department		$50,000 00
Contingencies, Corporation Attorney's office		2,000 00
Contingencies, Public Administrator's Office		1,000 00
Salaries, Law Department—Office of Counsel to the Corporation—Salary of Counsel to the Corporation	$15,000 00	
Salary of Assistant do., (seven months)	7,000 00	
Salary of clerks and assistants, (seven months)	11,885 40—	33,885 40
Bureau of Public Administrator—Salary of Public Administrator	5,000 00	
Salary of clerks and assistants	3,000 00—	8,000 00
Bureau of Corporation Attorney—Salary of Corporation Attorney	7,500 00	
Salary of clerks and assistants	7,500 00—	15,000 00
Total		$109,885 40

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Health Fund, salaries, supplies and contingencies, including amount at rate of $7,500 per annum for salary of each of four Commissioners (who are not ex-officio Commissioners) to April 30, 1873, also amounts at rate of $6,500 per annum for President, and $5,000 for one Commissioner from April 30, as provided by chapter 325, Laws of 1873	$177,849 77	
Health Fund—For special contingencies for epidemics and nuisances requiring removal by Board of Health	20,000 00—	197,849 77
Removing night soil, offal, and dead animals—Amount of contract for removing offal and dead animals	15,000 00	
For removing night soil, at $1 50 per day, to Feb. 6	4,950 00	
For removing night soil, as per contract with Frank Swift, at $634 per week, from March 21	26,019 42—	45,969 42
Total		$243,819 19

THE DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

Public Charities and Correction.

For salaries of Commissioners of said department, at rate of $10,000 per annum for each Commissioner to April 30, 1873; for salary of President, at [illegible] chapter 335, Laws of 1873; and for employes, clerks, and assistants, and for all supplies and lawful expenditures connected with said department for the year 1873 ......$1,460,000 00

THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.

Maintenance and government of Parks and Places, including the sum of $15,000 for preserving collections, by Metropolitan Museum of Art	$440,000 00
Observatory, Museum and Gallery of Art, maintenance and government of	30,000 00
Harlem River Bridges, maintenance and government of	15,000 00
Independence Day, celebration of	10,000 00
Total	$495,000 00

THE DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS.

Salaries and Contingencies, Department of Buildings, including $1,000 for salary of Attorney from Jan. 1, to April 30, and also salary of said Attorney from June 1 to Dec. 31	$78,000 00

THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Police fund for salaries of Captains, Sergeants, Patrolmen, and Doormen	$2,913,300 00	
Salary of Superintendent	10,000 00	
Salaries of three Inspectors of Police	10,500 00—	2,933,800 00
Salaries of Commissioners of Police, four Commissioners, to April 30, 1873, at rate of $15,000 per annum each	20,000 00	
*President, from May 1, at rate of $8,000 per annum	5,333 33	
*Four Commissioners, from May 1, 1873, at rate of $6,000 per annum	16,000 00—	$41,333 33
Salaries of Surgeons, Clerks, and employes	100,000 00—	$3,075 133 33
Supplies for Police	60,000 00	
Police station-houses, repairs and completion of	55,000 00	
Police station-houses, rents	11,019 00	
Cleaning streets under Police Department	900,000 00—	$4,101,152 33

*As per provisions of chap. 335, laws of 1873.

DEPARTMENT OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS.

Contingencies, Department of Taxes and Assessments—For contingent expenses of said department	$3,000 00
Salaries, Department of Taxes and Assessments—For salaries of Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments, as provided by law, and salaries of all deputies, clerks, and employes of said department from June 1, 1873	63,000 00
Salaries, Board of Assessors—For salaries of members of Board of Assessors and clerks and employes in their office	21,561 59
Stationery and Blank Books—Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments	2,000 00
Total	$89,561 59
Fire Department Fund—For salaries of Commissioners of the Fire Department to April 30, 1873, at the rate of $10,000 for each Commissioner; for salary of the President from May 1, 1873, at the rate of $7,500 per annum, and salaries of each of the other Commissioners from May 1, 1873, at the rate of $5,000 per annum each, as provided by chapter 335, laws of 1873; and for salaries of all clerks, employes and assistants, and for all supplies and lawful expenditures for the year 1873	$1,264,900 00

THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Aqueduct, repairs and maintenance	$125,000 00
Boulevards, roads and avenues, maintenance of	40,000 00
Contingencies, Department of Public Works	5,000 00
Free floating baths	8,000 00
Lamps and gas	700,000 00
Printing for departments, civil and police courts, to May 1	7,000 00
Public buildings, construction and repairs	40,000 00
Public drinking hydrants and urinals	5,000 00
Removing obstructions in streets and avenues	500 00
Repairing and keeping in order wooden and concrete pavements	30,000 00
Repairing and renewal of pipes, stop-cocks, &c	90,000 00
Roads and avenues—Sprinkling	20,000 00
Salaries—Department of Public Works	162,000 00
Sewers—Repairing and cleaning	80,000 00
Stationery and blank books—Departments civil and police courts, to May 1	6,000 00
Streets—Repaving and repairs stone pavements	90,000 00
Supplies for, and cleaning public offices	40,000 00
Wells and pumps—Repairing and cleaning	1,600 00
Total	$1,449,500 00

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Public Instruction—For salaries of teachers and janitors in ward, evening, and colored schools, also in normal college and schools, and of superintendents, clerks, engineers, and architects	$2,519,000 00
For supplies and miscellaneous purposes, including for an evening school of practical chemistry, $8,000; for repairs, alterations &c., to school buildings, $125,000; for repairs, alterations, &c., to heating apparatus, $50,000; and for repairs, alterations, &c., to furniture, $25,000	781,000 00
Total	$3,300,000 00

THE COLLEGE OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

College of the City of New-York—For salaries of professors and officers, scientific apparatus, books and supplies, repairing buildings, support and maintenance, and general expenses	$150,000 00

ADVERTISING, PRINTING, STATIONERY, AND BLANK BOOKS.

Publication of *City Record* and advertising—To provide for publication of *City Record*, and for all advertising to be done for the City, and all notices required by law or ordinance to be published in corporation papers, and for such other publication of advertisements as directed by section 111, chapter 335, laws of 1873, and chapter 758, laws of 1873	$15,000 00
City Record Salaries—For salaries of supervisors of *City Record* and assistants	3,500 00
Printing, Stationery, and Blank-books—To provide for all printing (except printing of *City Record*) stationery and blank-books required by the Common Council and the departments, as directed by section 111, chapter 335, laws of 1873, and amendments thereto	25,000 00
Total	$43,500 00

THE CITY COURTS AND COURT EXPENSES.

Salaries City Courts—For salaries of nine Police Justices for six months to July 1, 1873, at $5,000 per annum		$22,500 00
For salaries of ten Police Justices from July 1, 1873, at $8,000 per annum		40,000 00
For salaries of clerks, stenographers, interpreters and attendants		50,000 00
Total		$112,500 00
For salaries of nine District Court Judges to June 12, 1873, inclusive, at $5,000 per annum	$20,250 00	
For salaries of nine District Court Judges from June 13, 1873, at $8,000 per annum	39,600 00	
For salaries of clerks, stenographers, interpreters, and attendants	75,000 00—	$247,350 00

Salaries Judiciary—For salaries of clerks, officers, and attendants of Courts of Record and other courts in City and County of New-York, as provided by chapter 438, laws of 1872:

Court of General Sessions—Clerk	$4,000 00	
Deputy Clerk	3,000 00	
Officers	33,600 00	
Officers discharged	600 00—	$41,200 00
The Marine Court—To provide amount expended to May 1	$11,966 58	
To salary of Clerk, Deputy Clerk, and twelve assistant clerks from May 9, 1873	39,400 00—	$51,366 58
The Court of Common Pleas, twenty officers, at $1,200	24,000 00	
The Superior Court—Twenty officers, at $1,200	24,000 00	
The Supreme Court—Twenty four officers, at $1,200	28,800 00—	76,800 00
Total		$416,716 58

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bureau of Municipal Correction, expenses of—For amount authorized by Chapter 631, Laws of 1873		$25,000 00
Contract Commission, expenses of, for compensation of three Commissioners and Clerk, appointed under Chapter 680, Laws 1872, provided by Chapter 441, Laws 1873		$8,000 00
Extra contingencies, including all expenditure authorized by law for support of the City Government, the amount of which cannot at this date be accurately stated		200,000 00
Expenses of examining real estate, 1871—Compensation allowed by Controller to A. J. Bleecker and A. H. Muller, $3,000 each	6,000 00	
Clerk-hire, Appraisers, stationery, carriage-hire, &c	6,500 00—	12,500 00
Judgments		200,000 00
Salaries, Commissioners of Accounts—For salaries of two Commissioners, as provided by chapter 335, laws of 1873, at $3,000 per annum each, from July 1, 1873		3,000 00
Board of Revision and Correction of Assessments—For salaries of members of said board to April 30, 1873		1,000 00

INTEREST ON AND INSTALLMENT OF PRINCIPAL OF THE CITY DEBT.

Interest on the City debt	$4,500,000 00	
Floating debt fund stock of 1878, annual installment	130,763 33	
Stocks for docks and slips, redemption of	50,000 00	
Volunteer Soldier Family Aid Bonds, No. 9, redemption of	500,000 00—	5,180,763 33
Total		$19,565,137 66
Deduct amount of estimated revenues of the general fund not otherwise specifically appropriated by law, including surplus revenue of the sinking fund, for payment of interest on City debt, and the balance of sundry appropriations for years prior to 1873, transferred by the Controller to the said general fund, with the approval of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment		2,833,200 00
Total amount to be raised by tax for City purposes in 1873		$16,731,937 66

And the said estimate, so revised and redetermined as above stated and set forth, is hereby, by the concurrent vote of all the members of said board, approved, as the amount of money required to defray all the various expenses necessary for conducting the various boards, commissions, and departments, whether executive, judicial, legislative, or administrative, of the City Government, and also for paying the interest on the [illegible] the amount of said estimate, so revised, redetermined, and approved, to wit, the sum of sixteen millions seven hundred and thirty-one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven dollars and sixty-six cents, is established, and is the amount to be raised for such purposes by tax within the City and County of New-York for the year 1873.

W. F. HAVEMEYER, Mayor,
AND. H. GREEN, Controller,
SAM'L B. H. VANCE, President Board of Aldermen,
JOHN WHEELER, President Department Taxes and Assessments,
Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

And that the amount of said estimate, so reconsidered, revised and redetermined, and approved, to wit, the sum of sixteen millions seven hundred and thirty-one thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven dollars and sixty-six cents ($16,731,937 66) is, by the provisions of said section and chapter, established, and is the amount to be raised and collected in the year 1873, for purposes authorized by said act, by tax upon estates, real and personal, within the City and County of New-York, subject to taxation.

ANDREW H. GREEN, Controller.

I, Andrew H. Green, Controller of the City of New-York, hereby certify to the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, in pursuance of section 2, of chapter 779, Laws of 1873, that the proceedings of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, in conformity to the provisions of said chapter, are as follows:

Whereas, Chapter 779, Laws of 1873, entitled "An Act in relation to raising money by taxation in the County of New-York for county purposes," provides as follows:

SECTION 1. The Mayor, the Controller, the President of the Board of Aldermen, and the President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments, of the City of New-York, shall constitute a Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and it shall be their duty annually, by the concurring vote of all the members of said board, to estimate and certify, in the manner provided in section 2 of chapter 573 of the laws of 1871, such amount as shall be necessary to be raised by taxation in the City and County of New-York for County purposes, and the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York are hereby empowered and directed to cause the amount so certified to be raised and collected annually, by tax upon estates, real and personal, within the City and County of New-York, subject to taxation.

SEC. 2. The said Board of Estimate and Apportionment may, from time to time, and at any time prior to the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, by the concurrent vote of all the members thereof, reconsider, revise, and redetermine the estimate heretofore made for the year eighteen hundred and seventy-three, under the provisions of section 2 of chapter 573 of the laws of 1871; and the estimates so reconsidered, revised and redetermined and approved by the concurrent vote of all the said members, shall thereby be appropriated as the amount of money required to defray all the various expenses necessary for conducting the County Government, and all legal charges against the County under special laws; and also for paying the interest on the County debt, and the principal of such debt falling due, and the yearly proportion of the State tax payable by the County of New-York, and thereupon to fix and determine the amount of such estimates and various expenses, which amount, when so established, shall be certified to the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York by the Controller, and said Board of Supervisors are hereby empowered and directed to cause the amount so certified to be levied and collected in the year 1873, by tax upon the estates, real and personal, within the City and County of New-York, subject to taxation. Therefore

Resolved, That in pursuance of the second section of the law above mentioned, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, now duly convened this 26th day of June, 1873, all the members being present, does hereby, by the concurrent vote of all the members of said board, reconsider the estimate for the year 1873, heretofore made under the provisions of section 2 of chapter 573 of the laws of 1871, and does hereby, by a concurrent vote of all the members of said board, revise and redetermine and approve the same as so revised and redetermined, as follows to wit:

STATE TAXES.

For Common Schools, (chap. 736, laws of 1872,) 1¼ mills	$1,301,567 04	
For general purposes, (chap. 736, laws of 1872,) 1¼ mills	1,301,567 04	
For Bounty Debt, (chap. 736, laws of 1872,) 2 mills	2,082,507 26	
For New Capitol, (chap. 736, laws of 1872,) ½ mill	520,626 82	
For Canal Floating Debt, (chap. 736, laws of 1872,) 9-80 mills	117,141 04	
For new work on canals, and extra repairs, (chap. 850, laws of 1872,) 7-10 mill	728,877 53	
For Academies and Union Schools, (chap. 736, laws of 1872,) -16 mill	65,078 35—	$6,117,365 09

INTEREST ON AND INSTALLMENT OF PRINCIPAL OF THE COUNTY DEBT.

For interest on the County Debt	$2,000,000 00	
Soldiers' Substitute Bounty Redemption Bonds—redemption of	500,000 00—	2,500,000 00

ASYLUMS, REFORMATORIES AND CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Asylum for Idiots (chap. 739 laws of 1867)		$300 00	
Children's Aid Society, (chap. 70, laws of 1865)	$10,000 00		
(chap. 163, laws of 1867)	30,000 00		
(chap. 180, laws of 1871)	30,000 00—	$70,000 00	
Institution for Deaf and Dumb, (chap. 166, laws of 1867)		14,750 00	
Institution for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, (chap. 725, laws of 1867)		6,900 00	
Institution for the Blind, (chap. 156, laws of 1870)		......	
Magdalen Female Benevolent Society, (chap. 409, laws of 1867)		......	
New-York Juvenile Asylum, (chap. 245, laws of 1866)		75,000 00	
New-York Infant Asylum, (chap. 263, laws of 1872)		4,000 00	
New-York State Lunatic Asylum, (chap. 132, laws of 1842)		2,500 00	
New-York Catholic Protectory, (chap. 647, laws of 1866; chap. 428, laws of 1867)		180,000 00	
Nursery and Child's Hospital, (chap. 650, laws of 1866; chap. 366, laws of 1869)		60,000 00	
Protestant Episcopal House of Mercy, (chap. 409, laws of 1867)		2,500 00	
Roman Catholic House of the Good Shepherd, (chap. 409, laws of 1867)		50,000 00	
State Lunatic Asylum for Insane Criminals, (chap. 895, laws of 1869)		1,100 00	
Shepherd's Fold, (chap. 269, laws of 1871)		5,000 00	
Union Home and School for the Education of Children of Volunteer Soldiers, (chap. 309, laws of 1870; chap. 533, laws of 1870; chap. 143, laws of 1873)		22,500 00	
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, (chap. 754, laws of 1872)		25,000 00	
New-York Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, (chap. 835, laws of 1872)		10,000 00	
Foundling Asylum, under charge of the Sisters of Charity, (chap. 635, laws of 1872)		110,000 00—	$639,550 00
Armories and drill-rooms, including rent, fitting up, maintenance of troops, refreshments for troops, on City duty, and other contingencies			100,000 00
Cleaning of and supplies for County Offices			50,000 00
Contingencies—Tax Commissioner's Office			128 00
Coroners' fees			60,000 00
Disbursements and fees—County officers and witnesses			20,000 00
Election expenses			140,000 00
Extra contingencies, including all expenditures authorized by law for support of the County Government, the amount of which, at this date, cannot be accurately stated			50,000 00
Heating County Offices			15,000 00
Jury fees			30,000 00
Printing—Legislative Department			8,000 00
Printing—Executive Department and Judiciary			8,000 00
Repairs—County Buildings and Offices			10,000 00
Rents			7,500 00
Stationery, law and blank-books			15,000 00
Support of prisoners—County Jail			20,000 000

SALARIES—EXECUTIVE.

Tax Commissioners, to June 1	$59,600 41	
Mayor, to May 1	1,666 66	
Controller, to May 1	1,666 66	
Legal adviser, to May 1	666 66	
Personal Taxes—Bureau of	13,333 33	
County Bureau	10,000 00—	$86,933 72

SALARIES—JUDICIARY.

For Supreme Court—Five Justices, from Jan. 1 to April 30, at $11,500 per annum, and from May 1 to June 12, at $4,000 per annum, and from June 13 to Dec. 31, at $11,500 per annum, being $10,625 for each Justice	$53,125 00	
Criers, Clerks, Stenographers and Librarian	32,000 00	
Compensation of Justices from other districts	2,000 00—	$87,125 00

FOR THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Six Justices from Jan. 1 to April 30 at $15,000 per annum, and from May 1 to June 12 at $10,000 per annum, and from June 13 to Dec. 31 at $15,000 per annum, being $14,416 61 for each Justice	$86,500 00	
Criers, Clerks, Stenographers, and Librarian	53,000 00—	$139,500 00

FOR THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Six Justices from Jan. 1 to April 30 at $15,000 per annum, and from May 1 to June 12 at $10,000 per annum, and from June 13 to Dec. 31 at $15,000 per annum, being $14,416 67 for each Justice	$86,500 00	
Criers, Clerks, Stenographers, and Librarian	52,900 00—	$139,400 00

FOR THE MARINE COURT.

Six Justices from Jan. 1 to April 30 at [illegible] 13 to Dec. 31 at $10,000, being $9,533 33 for each Justice	$57,000 00	
Stenographer and Interpreter	9,000 00—	$66,200 00

FOR THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS AND OYER AND TERMINER.

Clerk of Oyer and Terminer	$2,000 00	
Deputy Clerk of Oyer and Terminer	2,000 00	
Interpreter Criminal Courts	2,000 00	
Stenographer, General Sessions	2,000 00	—$8,000 00

FOR THE COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Clerk, Deputy Clerk, Stenographer, Interpreter, Subpœna-servers and Messenger	$22,000 00

FOR THE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE.

County Clerk, Deputies, Assistants and Messenger	$40,725 00

FOR THE SURROGATE'S OFFICE.

Surrogate, from Jan. 1 to April 30, at $15,000 per annum, and from May 1 to June 12, at $10,000 per annum, and from June 13 to Dec. 31, at $15,000 per annum	$14,416 66	
Clerks, Assistants, Stenographer and Messenger	50,000 00—	$64,416 66

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.

District Attorney	$15,000 00	
Assistant District Attorneys, Clerks, and Messenger	47,300 00—	$62,300 00

THE RECORDER'S OFFICE.

Recorder, from Jan. 1 to April 30, at $15,000 per annum, and from May 1 to June 12, at $10,000 per annum, and from June 13 to Dec. 31, at $15,000 per annum	$14,416 66	
Clerk	4,000 00	
For messenger service	520 00	
For cleaning	300 00—	$19,236 66

THE CITY JUDGE'S OFFICE.

City Judge from Jan. 1 to April 30, at $15,000 per annum, and from May 1 to June 12, at $10,000 per annum, and from June 13 to Dec. 31, at $15,000 per annum	$14,416 66	
Clerk and Messenger	2,200 00—	$16,616 66

THE COMMISSIONER OF JURORS.

For Commissioner	$7,500 00	
Clerk of the Board of Police Justices	500.00	
Translator of Courts of Record	2,500 00—	$10,500 00
		$377,019 93

SALARIES—LEGISLATIVE.

Board of Supervisors, to April 30	$10,666 66	
Clerk	1,666 66	
		12,333 32
		$10,566,830 11
DEDUCT.—The estimated amount of County Revenue "not otherwise appropriated by law"		200,000 00
Total		$10,366,830 11

And the said estimate so revised and redetermined, as above stated and set forth, is hereby, by the concurrent vote of all the members of said board, approved as the amount of money required to defray all the various expenses necessary for conducting the County Government, and all legal charges against the County under special laws, and also for paying the interest on the County debt, and the principal of such debt falling due, and the yearly proportion of the State tax payable by the County of New-York; and the said Board of Estimate and Apportionment, by the concurrent vote of all the members thereof, does hereby fix and determine the amount of such estimate and various expenses at $10,366,830 11, which amount is hereby, by the concurrent vote of all the members thereof, established by said board as the sum to be levied and collected, in the year 1873, for such purposes, by tax, upon the estates, real and personal, within the City and County of New-York, subject to taxation.

W. F. HAVEMEYER, Mayor,
ANDREW H. GREEN, Controller,
SAMUEL B. H. VANCE, President Board of Aldermen,
JOHN WHEELER, President Department of Taxes and Assessments,
Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

And that the amount of said estimate so reconsidered, revised and redetermined and approved, to wit, the sum of ten millions three hundred and sixty-six thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars and eleven cents, ($10,366,830 11,) being the amount of such estimates and various expenses provided by said section and chapter, is by the said Board of Estimate and Apportionment fixed, determined, and established as the amount to be levied and collected in the year 1873 for purposes authorized by said act, by tax upon the estates, real and personal, within the City and County of New-York, subject to taxation.

ANDREW H. GREEN, Controller.

SEC. 2. In addition to the sum imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of and within the City and County of New-York, in and by the first section of this ordinance, there shall also be and hereby is imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of, and within the City and County of New-York, and to be raised, collected, and paid according to law, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, for the purpose of providing for the establishment and organization of a Nautical School by the Board of Education of the City and County of New-York, upon an application made in pursuance of the provision of section 3 of chapter 288 of the laws of 1873.

SEC. 3. In addition to the sum imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of and within the City and County of New-York, in and by the first and second sections of this ordinance, there shall also be and hereby is imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of and within the City and County of New-York, and to be raised, collected, and paid, according to law, the sum of twenty-two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars, to pay the revenue bonds issued, or which may be issued, by the Controller of the City of New-York, in pursuance of the provision of section 3 of chapter 872 of the laws of 1873.

SEC. 4. In addition to the sum imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of and within the City and County of New-York, in and by the first, second, and third sections of this ordinance, there shall also be, and hereby is, imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of, and within the City and County of New-York, and to be raised, collected, and paid according to law, the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be applied to the payment and reduction of the debt of the City of New-York, in pursuance of the provisions of section 17 of chapter 535 of the laws of 1873.

SEC. 5. In addition to the sum imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of and within the City and County of New-York, in and by the first, second, third, and fourth sections of this ordinance, there shall also be and hereby is imposed upon the estates, real and personal, subject to taxation according to law, of and within the County of New-York, and to be raised, collected, and paid according to law, for the purpose of providing for deficiencies in the actual product of the amount imposed and levied therefor, the sum of eight hundred and seven thousand five hundred and two dollars and eighty cents, ($807,502 80,) such amount not exceeding three per cent. of said aggregate amount, in pursuance of the provision of section 4 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1873.

SEC. 6. The assessment rolls of the real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York for the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three are hereby approved and confirmed, and the aggregate valuation fixed at the sum of eleven hundred and twenty-nine millions one hundred and thirty-nine thousand six hundred and twenty-three dollars, ($1,129,139,623.)

Assessments for 1873, as Returned by Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments. Ward.		Footings as Corrected by Board of Supervisors. Ward.	
1	$50,508,500	1	$50,508,500
2	27,754,000	2	27,754,000
3	31,354,500	3	31,354,500
4	12,506,075	4	12,512,075
5	38,425,000	5	38,425,000
6	21,348,650	6	21,348,650
7	15,853,300	7	15,851,300
8	33,774,400	8	33,774,400
9	25,127,900	9	25,127,900
10	16,320,500	10	16,320,500
11	14,614,200	11	14,614,200
12	62,457,680	12	62,458,780
13	9,302,300	13	9,302,300
14	21,989,690	14	21,991,190
15	50,916,750	15	50,916,750
16	29,730,550	16	29,730,550
17	30,552,400	17	30,552,400
18	64,467,900	18	64,467,900
19	110,519,305	19	110,521,305
20	34,830,000	20	34,830,000
21	71,235,250	21	71,235,250
22	63,104,530	22	63,094,530
Total	$836,693,380	Total	$836,691,980

PERSONAL ESTATE.

Resident	$184,965,583	Resident	$184,965,583
Non-resident	29,831,665	Non-resident	29,831,665
Shareholders of banks	77,650,395	Shareholders of banks	77,650,395
Total	$292,447,643	Total	$292,447,643

RECAPITULATION.

Real estate	$836,693,380	Real estate	$836,691,980
Personal	292,447,643	Personal	292,447,643
Total	$1,129,151,023	Total	$1,129,139,623

The amount levied for City purposes, including the interest on the City debt, and the principal of such debt falling due, and payable from taxation in 1873, is	$16,731,937 66
The amount levied for County purposes, including interest on the County debt, and the principal of such debt falling due, and payable in 1873, and the quota of the State taxes payable by the County of New-York, in the year 1873, is	10,366,830 11
Making a total of	$27,098,767 77

Supervisor Cooper moved the acceptance of the report and adoption of the ordinance as presented by the committee, assessing the tax upon the estates, real and personal, of the City and County of New-York for the year 1873.

Which was adopted by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—His Honor the Mayor, his Honor the Recorder, Supervisors Billings, Cooper, Falconer, Kehr, Morris, Ottendorfer, Vance—9.

Negative—Supervisors Flanagan, Koch, Lysaght, McCafferty, Monheimer, Reilly—6.

Whereupon the President, at 4:48 o'clock P. M., announced the adoption of the ordinance imposing the taxes for the year 1873.

Sept. 19, 1873, Rate $2 50 on $100.

His Honor the Mayor here authorized and directed the Clerk of the board, by himself and such clerical assistance as might be necessary, to cause the tax for 1873 to be extended in the various assessment rolls of real and personal estate.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR BUSINESS.—For sale, a first-class flouring mill, five run of stones and all necessary machinery; water-power unsurpassed; located on railroad and canal; surrounded by excellent wheat-growing country; mill running, and has large country trade; will sell cheap; one-half purchase money remain on bond and mortgage. Post Office Box No. 333 Syracuse, N. Y.

$15,000.—WANTED—A LADY OR GENTLEMAN with this amount, [illegible]

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, FEB. 19, 1874.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—FEMME DE FEU—Mrs. J. B. Booth, Mr. Joseph Wheelock.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—MONEY—Mr. Lester Wallack, Mr. John Brougham, Miss J. Lewis.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—FOLLINE—Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. W. Davidge, Miss Ada Dyas.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—A ROUND OF PLEASURE—Mr. G. L. Fox, the Marten Family. Matinée at 1:30—GRAND CHARITY ENTERTAINMENT.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—LED ASTRAY—Miss Rose Eytinge, Mr. Stuart Robson.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Curiosities.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—VAUDEVILLE, OPERATIC, AND NOVELTY ENTERTAINMENT.

THEATRE COMIQUE.—VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT—Miss Lisa Weber, Miss Eva Hamilton, Mr. Geo. Atkins.

THE COLOSSEUM.—CYCLORAMA OF PARIS BY NIGHT—Curiosities. Afternoon and evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—LEATHERSTOCKING—Mr. G. F. Rowe, Miss Cathcart.

STEINWAY HALL.—CONCERT IN COSTUME by the Caroline Richings Musical Union.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.—FARCES, SINGING, COMICALITIES—Messrs. Unsworth, N. Seymour, and others.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

BAIN HALL.—THE PILGRIM, (Allegory.)

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is the best daily family paper published; it contains the latest news and correspondence; all objectionable advertisements are rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	3
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post-office address—Five copies, per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and One extra copy to each Club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one post-office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

Club rates of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES: Two copies one year, $5; ten copies, one year, $25—and one extra copy free. New names may be added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Terms, cash in advance.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in THE TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d st., junction of Broadway and 6th av.; No. 308 West 23d st., opposite Grand Opera-house, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

Advertisements received, at our regular office rates, at the Harlem office, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, one door west of Third avenue, from 7 A. M. to 7:15 P. M.; on Sundays, from 3 to 6 P. M.

NOTICE.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

FOR SALE.—*A six-cylinder Hoe Press, recently in use in this office, in good order, will be sold cheap. Apply at the Counting-room,* TIMES *Office.*

After undergoing a considerable amount of badgering, the Democratic papers—at least in this City—have screwed their courage to the sticking point in reference to Louisiana. They are in favor of Congress ordering a new election. How far that proceeding is consistent with the usual theory of Democrats in relation to the Federal authority and State rights we shall discuss another day—at present we merely wish to record the unusual fact that the Democratic organs have ventured to pronounce a positive opinion on a question of the day. With regard to *persons* they are always ready with an opinion—in reference to *principles* they adopt a more cautious policy. It must be remembered that the Legislature or Executive of Louisiana has not applied to the Federal power for assistance; that no "invasion" is talked of; and that the existing State Government declares that Louisiana has a "republican form of government" according to the meaning of the Constitution. The Constitution simply guarantees to each State "a republican form of government," and there is nothing in the section (4 of Article IV.) to indicate that the Federal Government is authorized to interfere when once an election has been held, and a State Government instituted. It may be that the election was a fraud—as the so-called election of HOFFMAN was in this very State in 1868—but the framers of the Constitution apparently did not contemplate the interference of the Federal power under any such circumstances. They evidently had in view only two emergencies—"invasion" and "domestic violence." And *constructive* powers have been generally held by the Democrats not to be granted under the Constitution. Thus, JOHN C. CALHOUN says: "The General Government is one of *specific powers;* and it can rightfully exercise only the powers *expressly granted*, and those that may be necessary and proper to carry them into effect." Whatever opinions may be entertained by Republicans with regard to Louisiana, the Democrats will find it hard to reconcile their theory that Congress can order a new election in Louisiana with their old principles about the limitations of Federal authority.

The New-York papers have been a good deal scolded by the Philadelphia press for not "taking an interest" in the Centennial—yet the subject continues to be discussed here about five times as often as in Philadelphia. While the *Ledger*, of the latter city, applies itself chiefly to the composition of "themes" on "Washing Faces," "Punctuality," "Virtue," "Going to Bed Early," and similar exciting subjects, the New-York papers are offering suggestions in regard to the exhibition, which are, at least, well meant. Now, what have the Philadelphia papers to recommend? Once they said they did not want a grant of money from Congress. Who is to be blamed if their word was taken? Certainly it seems most unreasonable to blame the New-York papers for the threatened failure. We have made ten appeals for the Centennial to every one put forward by the Philadelphia *Ledger*, for example. We have seen very few articles because it happens to be a subject of the day. Yet surely a discussion of the Centennial would be as interesting to Philadelphians as it is to New-Yorkers, and would agreeably enliven the beautiful essays and excruciating elegiac stanzas which adorn the Philadelphia *Ledger*.

There is, we think, a very fair chance of much good resulting from the inquiry ordered by the Legislature into the street-cleaning business. Gen. BARLOW has consented to act as counsel on behalf of the commission—an excellent arrangement for the public. We are quite satisfied that Mayor EASTMAN and his colleagues mean to do their work well—and although "HANK" SMITH goes about boasting that he "owns" the committee, we have every reason to believe that he reckons without his host. No practical man can doubt that for a million of dollars a year the streets of New-York might be kept as clean as a new pin. They are actually as filthy as common sewers. The committee will find no difficulty in getting evidence on the subject, and we hope they will not close their labors without once and for all relieving our citizens of the robberies to which they have been subjected for so long a period. If the Legislature did nothing but this, the people of this City would remember it with gratitude. Messrs. RUSSELL and DURYEE, of the Police Commission, could surely give the committee some information in reference to the street-cleaning funds. As for CHARLICK, SMITH, and GARDNER, they have kept their mouths shut so long while the robberies were being committed, that very little help can be expected from them.

Mr. EASTMAN has furnished another proof of his earnestness and sincerity in reference to the street-cleaning swindle, by offering a resolution, which the Assembly adopted, directing the Committee on Cities to inquire into the entire system. With these enlarged powers the committee can, and doubtless will, get at the whole truth. That the result of the investigation will be the justification of the Police Commissioners, no one who has been familiar with the condition of the City for many weeks past can believe to be possible. The whole street-cleaning business, as conducted under the existing system, must be condemned as utterly inefficient and extravagant, if nothing worse. The committee must find a substitute for the present arrangement, and this will be the most difficult portion of its duties. The members will require all the information which it is possible to obtain on this point, and those of our citizens having any special knowledge in the matter should not fail to furnish it to the committee. If the example of Mr. SCHULTZ is generally followed, we may hope to secure that reform in street cleaning which has been so long sought and urgently needed.

Some interesting and suggestive information will be furnished our tax-payers by the answers to the resolution of Mr. FISH, adopted by the Assembly yesterday, directing the Sheriff, County Clerk, and Register of New-York to report the amount of fees collected in their offices during last year. This information is wanted, we presume, as the basis for a bill making these offices salaried, thus saving to the people the enormous sums which now go to the incumbents in the shape of fees. Mr. FISH deserves the public thanks for the interest he has taken in this matter, and we hope he will not desist from his efforts in behalf of this reform until it is accomplished. The proposed law should, however, be made so general as to include all counties where these officials receive incomes entirely out of proportion to the duties they are required to perform. In some of the counties, Sheriffs and Clerks do not receive enough for their services, while in others they are too well paid. Justice to the officials and the public seems to demand that the offices shall be salaried in all cases.

We hope the members of the Stock Exchange will succeed in discovering the authors of the forged letters which were incautiously read to the brokers on Tuesday. A curious statement, made in our office last night by a Mr. MCKAY, may, perhaps, assist the committee. Mr. MCKAY made between $5,000 and $6,000 by the forged letters—"innocently." That of course. We advise the committee of the Stock Exchange to follow up this clue. We shall charge them nothing for the hint, unlike most of the people with whom they have to deal.

A curiously-mixed body of incorporators, among whom we observe the names of THOMAS J. CREAMER and EDWARD J. SHANDLEY, propose to grab a large slice of Fifth avenue for a street railroad. The route modestly proposed for this new car line begins at Canal and West streets, proceeds thence to South Fifth avenue, runs along that thoroughfare to Fifth avenue and Twenty-third street, proceeds thence to Lexington avenue, and so up to Seventy-second street, along which it reaches Fifth avenue again. The scheme is ingenious, but rather too impudent, we should hope, to have the slightest chance of success.

SHALL THE CITY INVEST IN RAILROAD STOCK.

The bill providing for rapid transit in this City, introduced by Mr. EASTMAN into the Assembly, deserves and has received a good deal of public attention. Whatever may be its merits, nobody doubts the honesty of intention which actuates its author; and the commendable anxiety which he has displayed to turn to account all manner of suggestions for its improvement, and to thoroughly secure popular approval before the measure is fairly presented to the Legislature, has given Mr. EASTMAN's scheme a unique claim to thorough discussion. When the bill was introduced, a fortnight ago, we expressed an opinion adverse to the principle which it embodied, of applying the proceeds of taxation to the building of local railroads.

We were, nevertheless, prepared to admit that the question was one which might properly be submitted to the people who were to be rendered liable to be taxed for the building of the railroad. Mr. EASTMAN proposes to apply a preliminary test to the popular approval of the scheme, by calling together a mass-meeting of citizens on Monday night. It is obvious enough, however, that any such test must be of a very uncertain kind. [illegible] who come prepared to ad- [illegible] favor of the scheme, and the people who disapprove of it are much more likely to stay away than to bring their opposition to a quarter where it would hardly be appreciated. In order to obtain an unbiased expression of opinion on what is really the vital question raised by this bill—"Shall the City build a local railroad?"—a TIMES reporter has waited on the following gentlemen: Messrs. WILLIAM B. ASTOR, ALEXANDER T. STEWART, ELIAS S. HIGGINS, PIERRE LORILLARD, ROBERT L. STUART, and Mr. SUTTON, of KINGSLAND & SUTTON. These names were selected simply because they stand at the head of the list of New-York tax-payers, and their replies are given in full in another column. They represent, either personally or as members of firms, $150,000,000 of real estate—a sum equivalent to twelve and one-half per cent. of the assessed valuation for the year, or, in other words, to one-eighth of the entire tax levy of New-York City.

Somewhat unexpectedly, these gentlemen were found to be perfectly unanimous in condemning any scheme of quick transit which involved the appropriation of municipal revenues in any shape or form. Their objections were fourfold. First, as to the question of principle. Mr. ASTOR said he was "unqualifiedly opposed to any appropriation of public moneys to any purposes whatever other than legitimate purposes of government," and that he did not consider railroad construction one of these purposes. All the others expressed the same thought in more or less different language. Second, as to the question of the City's ability to enter into any such business. Mr. HIGGINS was decidedly of opinion that "the policy of this City, for a while at least, should be a curtailment of expenditures," and on this point Messrs. STUART and SUTTON were equally decided, as well as on the further point that local administration was not so ably conducted now that it need be saddled with new tasks. Third, as to the question of sectional injustice. Mr. STUART thought that it was manifestly unjust to propose to tax down-town property, "which never will and never can be benefited by rapid transit," for the benefit of property in the upper part of the island and in Westchester County, which will be greatly enhanced in value by it. Fourth, as to the availability of private capital. Mr. STEWART said that private capital would be forthcoming "whenever it is demonstrated that rapid transit will pay a fair return for the investment, and whenever a practical system is projected by parties on whom capitalists may rely." Mr. HIGGINS thought that if the time were actually ripe for rapid transit, "a good and feasible plan need not go a begging for capital or asking public aid or subsidies." Mr. LORILLARD said "there was plenty of private capital for every such purpose as that covered by this bill;" and Mr. SUTTON added to the opinions on this much-controverted point, "when rapid transit will pay, and is projected under proper auspices, there is plenty of private capital only waiting opportunity to go into it."

The judgment of these gentlemen represents, we imagine, pretty accurately the opinions of the large capitalists and real estate owners of this City. At least, it throws upon any one who proposes to maintain a contrary position a pretty heavy burden of proof. Unless Mr. EASTMAN and his friends have some very conclusive evidence to offer on the other side, they would do well to drop all thought of taxing the City in aid of quick transit, and confine their attention either to elaborating such a plan as may attract the support of private capitalists, or to clearing away the rubbish of old charters which blocks the way to the attainment of any such scheme. Unless we are greatly mistaken, none of the private corporations heretofore chartered by the Legislature have opened their books unencumbered by a large outlay for "preliminary expenses." One of them, which has not yet laid a single rail, is said to be burdened under this head with about $300,000—a sum about whose disposal something might probably be learned from the professors of "skilled talent." If Mr. EASTMAN can secure for any company which can be formed under its provisions, a charter for a local steam railroad perfectly free from all preliminary jobbery or unexplained incumbrances, he will perform a genuine service to the City, and greatly hasten the solution of the quick-transit problem. That we believe to be the extent to which his efforts can be beneficial. It need hardly be added that the very ambitious rapid transit scheme introduced to the State Senate yesterday by Mr. GROSS is, if possible, more open than Mr. EASTMAN's bill to the objections above indicated.

A CHECK TO REFORM.

The statesmanship of Mr. CHARLES S. SPENCER, of this City, has administered for the time a severe check to the reforms contemplated in the amendment to the fifth article of our present conglomerate and feeble State Constitution. The amendment provides for a change in the method of filling several of the more important State offices. Leaving the Controller and Secretary of State to be elected by the people, it makes their terms the same as that of the Governor, thus securing greater harmony between these officers. It makes the offices of Attorney General, State Engineer and Surveyor, and the Superintendent of State Prisons, appointive by the Governor and Senate, and provides for a Superintendent of Public Works to be chosen in the same way. This amendment, coming down to the House from the Senate, has been defeated by the Democrats, and twenty-seven Republicans, led by Mr. SPENCER. This throws the matter over for the present, but there is in the control of the Assembly the same amendment, coming from the last Assembly, which can be called up for consideration at some future time. We certainly hope that such a course will be taken. We should be very sorry to see the friends of the reform abandon it at this point. Of course, if the Assembly is firmly resolved to kill it, it will ultimately do so, but every opportunity should be seized to prevent such a result.

We have discussed the measure heretofore too fully to require us to go over the ground again at this time. All we ask our Legislature to remember is, that it is a very important measure, that it aims by well-considered means to remove a source of great weakness in our present Constitution, and that the electors might very safely be trusted to [illegible] be more confused, inefficient, and unmanageable than our present system of filling State offices. It is a quarter of a century behind the age. It ignores all the experience and discoveries of recent times. It leads to a great want of responsibility, and violates the essential liberties of the people by withholding from them effective means of carrying out their will. It has made the management of our canals a source of inconceivable demoralization and corruption, besides crippling enormously the power of these improvements to aid the prosperity of the State. It has made our State prisons a disgrace to the community and a very serious pecuniary burden, when they ought to be a great benefit, as well as a source of considerable income. It has led to a long-continued mismanagement of the finances of the State, which can only be remedied by an extraordinary levy of taxation within the next two years, and at a time when the tax-payers will find it very hard to bear the increased weight. We do not believe the people are passionately enamored of a system that produces these results. Why should they be refused an opportunity to decide on a measure of reform which promises much? Many other States are striving for constitutional reform, and all the wisest men engaged in the work are agreed that the direction assumed by the amendment now before the Legislature is the right one. We really think we should trust the judgment of the people with as much confidence as that of Mr. SPENCER and the Democrats with whom he has acted.

NOT HALF WAY.

The Senate debate on finance has resulted in the proposition of a Free Banking bill by Senator CAMERON, as a compromise between the undisguised inflationists, and those who are firmly opposed to inflation. Our own approval of the principle underlying free banking is well known. We regard its application as one of the measures which promise most relief to our disordered finances. But it is only one. It is not of itself adequate to repair the evils from which we suffer, and it cannot be made so. It will, properly regulated, give elasticity to the currency. It will be possible, with free banking, to call into use an additional amount of bank notes at those seasons of the year when more currency is needed, and to withdraw those notes when the currency is no longer needed, and flows back to produce a redundancy at the main centre of trade. And this can be done, under this system, without that pernicious interference by the Government which is apt to be more injurious than the difficulties it is meant to remove.

But free banking will not do everything, and will do very much less in the present condition of the national notes than it otherwise would do. There is no charm in the system to counteract the mischief that is constantly done by the refusal of the Government to pay its honest obligations. If the Government notes can be—not "retired," as the fashionable phrase is, but—*paid*, as any other notes should be paid, then free banking can be made a thoroughly safe system, and can be freed from all probability of miscarriage. Then, as remarked by an able bank officer to the Finance Committee in Washington last week, the national bank notes will become redeemable in fact as in theory, because the greenbacks, being of less value than the bank notes, the former will be more desirable than the latter. It is of the last importance, therefore, that the proper treatment of the national currency should be kept clearly before the minds of Congress. That body will be doing far less than its duty if it shrink from providing for a steady redemption of the legal tenders; and the advantages to be got from free banking will not compensate for the injury the neglect of this plain duty will produce. Free banking in any shape, as a compromise intended to complete the action of Congress on finance, will be a lame and impotent conclusion.

THIS YEAR AND LAST.

The general impression left by the results of last year's elections seems, in some quarters, to have depressed the enthusiasm of Republicans, and inclined them to the opinion that successes this year will be rather hard to gain. There is a vague feeling that in all the contests of 1873, and especially in its closing months, the tide was setting against the party that had so long ruled in the nation at large and in nearly all the individual States; and little, if anything, has occurred since then to relieve our low-spirited friends from this despondency. That there is urgent need of efficient and prompt action on the part of our leaders the figures will show. But we incline to the opinion that the despondent feeling referred to is not authorized by the exact results of the elections of 1873.

It is true that in many States last year the Republicans found, when the polls closed, that their customary majorities had been largely reduced, and in several cases had entirely disappeared; but, on the other hand, it was shown that as a rule there had not been any accession to the ranks of the Democratic Party. The statistics show that during the year elections where party lines were strictly drawn, and partisan canvassing was carried on, at least to the mild extent customary in "off years," were held in sixteen States, and that the combined opponents of the Republican Party were successful in six States, which had been carried in the preceding year by the Republicans. It is to be observed, however, that in very few even of these six States could the Democrats claim a strict party victory, and in only two of them was the victorious opposition vote larger than that cast by the Democratic Party for its leading candidate in the last preceding contested election, when the party was defeated. The vote in these two States, Virginia and Texas, was increased by peculiar circumstances, unnecessary to enumerate here, which conspired to bring out a large reserved Democratic force, such as probably did not exist in any other State in the Union.

The opposition successes were due, therefore, solely to the absence of Republican voters from the polls, and not to accessions to the Democrats. It is to be added, also, that in all these sixteen States, with a single exception, the Republican vote fell off largely, so that had there been a corresponding increase in the Democratic vote, the number of States remaining Republican would have been [illegible] not that increase of the Democratic vote, or in fact any increase at all except in the cases mentioned, indicates that the absent Republicans, however much they may have been dissatisfied with the action of their own leaders, were not ready to give their votes for the election of the Democratic candidates. In our own State, for example, while the Democrats elected the leading candidate on their State ticket, their aggregate vote fell off 50,000 from their unsuccessful vote for Governor in 1872, and more than 46,000 from their vote for President at the same time. In the case of the States carried by the Republicans, the same remark holds true, as appears markedly in Pennsylvania, where, had the Democrats retained their full vote as cast in 1872, not to speak of gaining the absent Republicans, they would have elected their candidate by nearly 73,000 votes, the Republican vote having so largely fallen off.

The lesson of these figures is not hard to perceive. They show that the Republicans still number a very large majority of the voters of the country, and they also show how large a proportion of them are clean-handed men who refuse to maintain any association with suspicious schemers. Too honest to go into the ranks of so corrupt an organization as they knew the Democratic Party to be, they could only make their silent protest against the irregularities in party management or official action of which they disapproved by remaining quietly at home on election day. This large reserve force the Republican Party has to draw upon in the coming struggles of the year, and the means to that end lie clearly to view. Economy, retrenchment, and reform and attention to the obvious needs of the hour—through these alone discontented Republicans can easily be brought back to their old active allegiance. There are more than 10,000 in Connecticut, and 4,500 at least in New-Hampshire—States which are soon to give the key-note to the political campaign of the year. These are both close States, under the best of circumstances; but in each the present prospects are favorable for Republican success, if only the honest voters may be assured of the earnest devotion of Congress and the Administration to the effort to discharge faithfully the important duties devolving upon them, in the present disturbed condition of financial and political affairs.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

A letter from the Treasurer of the Commissioners of Emigration, published in our issue of yesterday, asserts that we were in error as to the amount of the deficit for the last year. We had then, and now have, before us the Treasurer's report, showing a detailed account of receipts and expenditures on all accounts from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1873. From this report, it appears that the total amount of their expenditures was $466,108 22, and their receipts amounted to $463,706 53, showing the deficiency to be precisely as we stated it—namely, $2,401 69. Now, either this report is correct, or it is not. If it is, then our statement of the deficit is not only not a "gross error," but is exact; if not, then the report is impeached by its own author, and is practically worthless as a basis of legislation. Admit that there should be added to the expenditures the sum of $64,000, then this increases the year's expenditure to the enormous sum of $530,108 22. But the very items under which this additional $64,000 is now claimed to have been expended are already embraced in this report, as follows:—Expended for County Poor-houses, $24,993 64; for State charitable institutions, $7,684 60, and for relief and charities account, $6,317 51. Now, if these sums were only a part of the expenditure for these items, why this omission, and why this palpable inaccuracy in so important a report? It is also asserted that this board expended no more for salaries than that of the Tammany Ring. Well. If to do no better than their predecessors satisfies the present Commissioners, we are certain it will not satisfy the commercial interests of this City. But the figures taken from the Treasurer's own report show that they have not done as well, for their average expenditures for salaries per month for seven months exceed that of the old board by more than $222 per month for the five months they were in office.

A claim is also made that the salaries for last year were less than in 1871 by $10,000. In this statement why should the important fact be suppressed that in that year $6,000 was paid to six agents, whose salaries, by an act of the last Legislature, were reduced to $300 each? Taking this fact into the account, and the difference in the receipts for commutation, and the salary expenditures for 1871, the palmiest days of Tammany rule will not exceed those of last year by a thousand dollars.

For these extravagant expenditures the Treasurer pleads the "want of experience and comparative ignorance" of the board. This might pass, if we did not know that after this matter had been fully brought to their attention, on a motion to reduce salaries and cut down expenses by the discharge of supernumeraries and dead-heads, all the board present and voting, with a single exception, voted "*No.*"

A JOB! A JOB!!

From the Troy Times.

Evidently a job is up. Senator Ganson, who is alleged to be one of the counsel of the Erie Railroad Company, has introduced a bill which has been referred to the Judiciary Committee of the Senate, for the re-enactment of the Railroad Classification act, which, it will be remembered, provides that only one-fifth of the Directors of a railroad company shall be retired annually. By that act Fisk and Gould were enabled to perpetuate their audacious robbery of the Erie Railway for a term of years, and to steal millions and millions of dollars from the owners of the property. This Classification act is a relic of the Tweed dispensation, and with the downfall of his robbing dynasty the law was repealed by the almost unanimous votes of the members of both Houses of the Legislature. This was the beginning of the end with Fisk and Gould, and as a result the stockholders of the Erie Company were enabled by well-directed movements to wrest their property from robber hands. And now it is proposed to re-enact the infamous law, making it applicable, of course, to all the railroad organizations of the State. The movement must be prompted by some ulterior and very bad purpose, we fear; for under the law just such a performance of outrage and robbery as characterized the Fisk and Gould possession and management of the Erie Railway may be repeated by any existing direction of that or any other railroad in the State. It would place a vast property in the hands of a few men, with no possibility on the part of the real owners of wresting it from their control for years to come. The argument that such usurpation of rights and confiscation of property are necessary to secure steadiness of management and efficiency and uniformity of working, cannot justify such a high-handed procedure. The owners of corporation property, as much as the owners of private estates, whether such ownership be of long or short duration, have the right to control their own property, and the nullification of such right by legislative action would be as [illegible] of robbery. The attempt to revive Tammany tactics, and to set the Tweed, Fisk, and Gould robbing machine in operation again, strikes us as a most audacious and unjustifiable proceeding. Under the light we now have it bears the appearance of a very disreputable job, and the people will do well to carefully mark the men who are engaged in the effort to consummate it. We look to Judge Robertson, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, whose reputation for integrity is above reproach, to put his foot upon this thing and stamp it out in its very incipiency.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ITALIAN OPERA.

The season of Italian opera will be entered upon at the Academy of Music to-morrow, when "Lucia" will be sung by Mme. Nilsson and MM. Capoul and Maurel. Mr. Strakosch's company has just terminated a series of brilliant performances in Boston, and, as we cannot admit that New-York *dilettanti* are less appreciative and liberal than lovers of music elsewhere, we hope, in six weeks hence, to be able to say quite as much for this City as the Boston *Journal* does for Boston. The statement of facts printed in this newspaper in relation to this subject is as follows:

> "Boston is proverbially liberal in its support of musical art, and it has just given indubitable proof of its taste and generous intent in that direction by the quite unprecedented amount of patronage bestowed upon Mr. Max Strakosch's operatic enterprise. Within less than two weeks it paid for eleven performances of opera the extraordinary sum of $46,021. On three separate occasions the receipts exceeded $6,000, and on a single night did they fall a trifle below $2,000. Not only are these results unprecedented in the operatic annals of Boston, but the receipts are much in excess of anything ever before reached in this country for the same number of representations. The reasons for Mr. Strakosch's success are obvious. It was not that our music-loving citizens had experienced a dearth of their favorite class of amusements, for there have been and are yet to be concerts innumerable, while the opera has also put in its claims. The explanation arises from the fact that the manager has kept faith with the public and given them performances invariably of a high order. His claims for support were not based on the possession of a single great artist, which of late years has generally been considered sufficient, but upon the fact that he had in his ranks one of the world's greatest singers, and in addition a company of eminent and uniform excellence. Hereafter operatic *entrepreneurs* in this country must conform to this advanced standard if they expect a corresponding degree of support and patronage."

MISDIRECTED CHARITY.

From the New-York Correspondent of the Portland (Me.) Press.

Just now, owing to the derangement of business, there is more suffering than usual, and an epidemic of benevolence has broken out which promises some good results alike to beneficiaries and almoners—to the latter especially, for whatever opens the heart to generous care for a fellow-being promotes the growth of a broader humanity, and quickens into active vitality the sublime principle embodied in the golden rule. In large communities where people often do not know their next door neighbors, and the man of largest acquaintances is an utter stranger to at least ninety-nine of every hundred persons he meets, the problem of dispensing charity judiciously is a somewhat difficult one. The most deserving objects of benevolence shrink with instinctive self-respect from mendicity. The beggars who solicit alms on the street, or tramp from door to door, are generally lazy and shiftless creatures, whom it is wrong to encourage with gifts of any kind. Begging is their trade, and as long as they can pursue it successfully they will not work. The bestowal of money on the poor shivering children who perambulate the main thoroughfares, often bare-footed, in the coldest weather, and always the very picture of extremest squalor, is a mistaken kindness, though prompted by noble impulses. For these wretched little creatures are sent out to procure by appeals to the sensibilities of the passers-by the means whereby their worthless and unfeeling parents may live without thrift. The true way to deal with these infantile wanderers is to hand them over to the Police, that they may be taken to some of the public institutions and properly cared for. Every penny given them is an incitement to the cupidity of the monsters who profit by their miserable vocations to keep them engaged in it. It would be well if a concerted and resolute movement were set on foot by the authorities to drive this class of mendicants from the highways. This would be an act of practical philanthropy, for it would rescue many a poor girl or boy from present misery and future ignorance and degradation, and give them a chance for a fair start in the great race of life.

One of the most questionable forms which the epidemic has taken is a multiplication of soup-houses. These establishments are objectionable for two reasons: first, that they cannot be conducted on any basis which admits of discrimination between those who could, but will not, and those who would, but cannot, earn their bread; and, secondly—this is the most serious drawback to their usefulness—they create a community of beggary, and thus deprive that last resort of want of the repulsiveness which should make it impossible, except when it is the only alternative by which starvation can be averted or suffering alleviated.

While it may seem ungracious to criticise the mode in which the charitable may see fit to dispense their free-will offerings, it is well to consider carefully what evils may spring from the adoption of a system which virtually recognizes mendicity as a permanent, rather than a temporary, social condition. For, say what we may, whoever places himself in the category of an open solicitor of alms, has parted with so much of his manhood, that the chances are greatly against his ever regaining it. I hope the time never will come when any town on this continent, large or small, will ever witness the advertised misery and abjectness which offend the eye and detract from the pleasure of the traveler in every city in England, every hamlet in the southern portion of Ireland, the most beautiful parts of Italy, and too many of the European capitals. There is less excuse for it here than abroad. Amid a crowded population, and where labor is inadequately requited, the degree of destitution must be far greater than in a country whose soil invites tillage and rewards toil with teeming harvests. It is a safe proposition that the major part of the poverty with which we are surrounded is the fruit of culpable improvidence. I would by no means refuse on that account to relieve it, but I would render the relief as far as practicable by putting the object of it in the way of regaining the lost opportunity of manly independence. In order to accomplish the desideratum we want an organization of a charitable society, liberally endowed and capably managed, whose business it shall be to find remunerative work for the unemployed. When it is not to be had in the city transportation should be furnished to necessitous people to migrate to sections of the country where agriculture can be prosecuted with advantage, and where nature has provided ample resources for all who come. The tendency to huddle in cities ought to be discouraged, not less for the benefit of those who cannot earn a living than for those who prosper by usefulness, but are now compelled to share their substance with the drones who have nothing to do.

I am brought to the conclusion, therefore, that the present spasm of conspicuous charity, though conceived in a commendable spirit, and impelled by worthy motives, is ill-advised, ill-directed and certain to result in more evil than good; that the soup-house project is a premium on voluntary pauperism; that the rich have neither the time nor the knowledge of human nature, indispensable to a wise disposal of their bounties; that the highest philanthropy consists in making beggary impossible, rather than in ministering to it with ostentatious prodigality; and that it is one of the most urgent duties of humanitarians to devise a comprehensive system of private munificence, the central idea of which shall be to help the poor to help themselves: to put every man in the place where he will "do the most good."

It is a thousand pities that the grand current of beneficence which is now flowing so gushingly through the public heart could not be turned into useful channels and made to subserve the welfare of all classes. The moment is opportune for creating an establishment which would ameliorate the condition of the needy without subjecting them to the degradation of beggary. This is the imperative want of our time. If some modern Howard, with a heart to feel and the mind to plan, would set himself to working out a broad scheme for such an equalization of labor as should insure to every man, with the requisite physical capacity, the opportunity to live and thrive by his personal industry, he would render an inestimable service to his own and succeeding generations. But I fear that in a few days the alms-giving excitement will give place to some new sensation, and that we shall have nothing to show for the convulsive cramp of liberality now in progress, but an enlarged army of itinerant indigents to whom pauperism has grown natural by long practice, and labor irksome by habitual disuse.

MR. GLADSTONE'S NEW PEERS.

Mr. Gladstone's new peers are, as at present announced, all men without sons, and so far as Messrs. Fortescue and Cardwell are concerned their elevation is simply with a view to their convenience and the exigencies of their party in the Lords. Mr. Hammond's peerage is a recognition of able and untiring devotion to the public service, which can be made without inconvenience in the case of a man even of very moderate means when the peerage will die with him, but would otherwise be objected to on grounds of public policy which limit peerages to the affluent. Mr. Chichester Fortescue, who is brother and heir to Lord Clermont, frustrated his chances of transmitting his name by his marriage with the very attractive and richly-endowed widow of the Earl of Waldegrave, when she had reached a comparatively advanced period of life, without having issue by any of her three previous husbands. It is almost certain that Mr. Gladstone will ultimately "shelve" in the House of Lords. The interests and connections of his family point in that direction. On the death of her brother, Sir Stephen Glynne, who will certainly never marry, that gentleman's ancient baronetcy will become extinct, while his estates will devolve on Mr. Gladstone [illegible] been Mr. Gladstone's country residence, and he is himself a considerable land-holder in the neighborhood. It has long been evident that Mr. H. H. Gladstone, the heir, is not going to set the Thames on fire, and a comfortable nook in the House of Lords would, probably, be completely agreeable to him in the far future. Every Prime Minister since Walpole's time, with the exception of Peel—who left special injunctions prohibiting acceptance of honor by his widow or children—has either received a peerage in his own person or one has been conferred upon his widow, with remainder to his son. Mr. Disraeli cannot be held as an exception to the practice connecting a Premier with a peerage, since his lamented wife died a Viscountess in her own right.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

AN ELASTIC CURRENCY.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Will you allow me, through your columns, to suggest the following in relation to the question of the resumption of specie payments, and the connection of the same with the issue of our legal tenders? We hear so much through the press and in our daily intercourse with business men of the need of specie payments, that I take the liberty of expressing my views through your widely-circulating paper on this subject. In my opinion, the immediate wants of the business community, and therefore the country, is an elastic currency, and not specie payments; the latter will take care of itself provided the Government will stop the sale of gold and purchase of bonds. Let the gold accumulate as it is received from duties in the vaults of the Government, and when she has received something like $200,000,000 of gold then Congress may say that on a certain day thereafter the Government will redeem her greenbacks in coin; but for the Government to cancel them now, and so begin to retire them from circulation without being able to redeem the whole of them, would be more disastrous to the business of the country than our last panic. It is known that with our present issue of greenbacks that, at certain seasons of the year, we have money worth most exorbitant rates; that the currency is so insufficient to carry on the business of the country that the banks are obliged to draw below their legal reserve, and thereby create a want of confidence, which has but too lately been shown to be so disastrous to the nation's welfare, while, at other seasons of the year, money becomes a drug. To inflate or contract the currency would be dangerous both to the Government and the business community. Now, what is needed, as has been said before, is an elastic currency; but how is it to be obtained? I would suggest that our present currency of $400,000,000 be fixed at that figure, and, if the Government does not sell gold and purchase bonds, it cannot be altered; then that an extra issue of 100,000,000 dollars in greenbacks be made, to be kept as a reserve, to be loaned as applied for by banks, bankers, and other institutions, upon Governments at 90—the borrower to pay seven per cent. coin for the use of the greenbacks, and when loan is paid it must be in same. This will give the country an elastic currency, for when money is worth more than seven per cent., which has always been the case at certain seasons of the year when greenbacks are wanted to move the crops, then loans will be made with the Government which will increase the volume of greenbacks to go West and South, and give the merchants and others, through the channels of trade, the necessary money. At other times, when the money begins to flow back again from these channels and becomes easy, then the loans of the Government will be paid, and the greenbacks go back again into the vaults from where they were taken. By this the Government has made seven per cent. coin interest on the money loaned, besides affording the facility to the people of the country to move her products, without disturbing the business community.

W. M. J.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Feb. 16, 1874.

RELIEF FOR STATEN ISLANDERS.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

On the 1st of May our ferry changes from Pier No. 19 North River and proximity to the horse railways, to Pier No. 1 East River. Thence the only means of getting to the upper part of the City are two lines of omnibuses (Fourteenth and Twenty-third and Fourth avenue) and the Elevated Railway, which timid people, as yet, fear. These omnibuses crawl to the City Hall, and do not take passengers to the most frequented parts of the City; the fare also is ten cents. Now, New-Church street is wide, very little used, and direct to the Battery. Why cannot the various lines which now turn up to Broadway, near the Astor House, be all allowed, or if unwilling obliged, to run through New-Church street to the Battery, to and up Whitehall street to the Bowling-green, and thence up New-Church street again, thus giving the passengers by the two Staten Island Ferries and the South Ferry to Brooklyn and South Brooklyn the advantages of the Ninth avenue, Eighth avenue, Seventh avenue, Sixth avenue, and University place and Broadway cars, distributing them to all parts of the City.

A POOR BUT RESPECTABLE ISLANDER.

NEW-BRIGHTON, Staten Island, Tuesday, Feb. 17, 1874.

THE POOR.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Your correspondent, who desires to know some particulars respecting the charitable associations of this City, may find a complete list, with some details, of all, of every denomination, in the January and February numbers of the paper issued at the Sheltering Arms, Tenth avenue, corner of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street.

It is not only satisfactory to know where to bestow a donation, but also to learn where the poor and suffering can be cared for better than by private alms.

A HELPING HAND.

THE PEACH CROP—A VERY LARGE YIELD EXPECTED.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 18.—A meeting of the Fruit-growers' Association was held at Dover, yesterday, and was largely attended. Full reports were verbally given of the condition of the peach-trees and the prospect for fruit. The general tenor of all of them favored the expectation of a very large yield, so far as can now be foreseen. The germs in the buds have not been killed by the severe cold, but, upon dissection, are found healthy and promising. The expectation of all is that the crop must be very heavy, unless damage is done hereafter, and the attention of the meeting was directed to the means of getting the fruit to new markets, especially the particular plans heretofore discussed of passing loaded cars across the North River at New-York, and then forwarding them rapidly through to the New-England cities—including New-Haven, Hartford, Springfield, Providence, and Boston. The present methods of shipping to those points, breaking the bulk at Jersey City, and transferring to boats or cars, cause loss of valuable time, and greatly increase the charges. Upon this matter, Mr. Hayes, of Dover, Chairman of the committee having it in charge, made a very interesting report. He estimates that Boston can be reached in eleven hours from New-York, and twenty-three from Dover, (which is about the centre of the Delaware peach districts,) and he believes that arrangements are practicable by which a whole train can be crossed from Jersey City and sent forward to Boston in the time named. The association also took action in regard to the official recognition of trustworthy commission merchants. The Secretary is directed to keep a register of all commission men, dividing them into two classes, good and bad, according to the reports of the members of the association. It was at first proposed that he should publish the names of those whom the association regarded as safe and honest, the omission of any from this list being virtually an opinion unfavorable to them; but, after discussion, action was taken in the modified form stated.

LABOR TROUBLES—STRIKE OF FACTORY HANDS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Labor troubles continue to increase in this city. The agitation is greatly assisted by the Patrons of Industry, who are still working here. Five hundred workmen employed at the extensive cotton-goods factory of Porter & Dickey, Kensington, have just struck for an advance of fifteen per cent. over the rates adopted during the panic. The men say they are determined to hold to the increase. The employers assert that they will not pay it under any circumstances. The indications are that the strike will prove a stubborn fight. There are also more threatened troubles in the shoe trade.

"THAT AFFAIR AT THE TREE."

Admonished by the Governor of Illinois that the lynching of White, the black man, at Mount Carbon recently, was an act for which there was no palliation "in the color of the prisoner, or in his guilt, or in the number engaged in the crime," and that he must enforce the laws against the offenders, A. R. Pugh, State's attorney, of Jackson County, that State, made some efforts to discover and punish the leaders in the affair. But, if we may credit the Chicago *Times*, upon receipt of the following note, signed by "many citizens," he ceased his puerile attempts and succumbed:

"SIR: Many of the citizens of Murphysboro and vicinity wish to inform you that you need not meddle any further with that affair at the Tree in Mount [illegible] and we notify you to stop writing [illegible]

RAPID-TRANSIT SUBSIDIES.

THE SCHEME OF MR. EASTMAN CONDEMNED.

OPINIONS OF MILLIONAIRE PROPERTY-OWNERS — PLENTY OF PRIVATE CAPITAL READY FOR INVESTMENT.

During the past two weeks there has been much public discussion of what is known as the "Eastman Rapid-transit Scheme," as provided for in a bill introduced in the State Assembly. The bill, as drawn, seems at first glance to be so vast in its general comprehensiveness that it has, to some extent, overshadowed the various other plans and projects submitted to the public. Among other provisions of the act is one that is not embodied in any other existing scheme, to the effect that the executive and directing powers of the road shall be exercised by a Board of Commissioners who shall be salaried public officers, and among other functions imposed on these gentlemen is the somewhat responsible one of determining, under certain contingencies, whether a portion or the whole of the money necessary to carry out the work of building and operating the line shall be drawn from the public treasury. The closing portion of section 4 of the bill empowers the "Rapid Transit Commissioners:" "to decide upon the amount of capital stock necessary to be taken, and to open books of subscription to fill up said capital stock, which shall remain open for two months after the plan for rapid transit has been accepted and adopted, and, if said capital stock shall be subscribed to require it to be paid in, or such part thereof as the Commissioners may determine within thirty days after said books of subscription are closed; and if said capital stock has not been subscribed, or is not likely to be, in their judgment, to estimate the cost and expense of constructing the road for rapid transit under the plan accepted by them, and at the end of the said two months, the Commissioners shall call a meeting of the Governor, the Mayor of the City of New-York, and the Judges of the Supreme Court of the First Judicial District, the President of the Board of Aldermen of said City, the Commissioner of Public Works of said City, the Controller of said City, who, with the said Commissioners, shall decide by a two-thirds vote how much, any, of the expense of constructing the said means of rapid transit, under the plan adopted, shall be borne by said City, or whether the entire expense thereof shall be borne by said City."

After compliance with the conditions imposed by the foregoing clause, the Commissioners are empowered "to lease or procure by purchase or agreement the title to the lands, tenements, and hereditaments chosen and required for the purposes of this act, for such price, not exceeding the market value thereof, as shall be agreed upon." The deeds of such property are to be executed to the Commissioners and delivered to the Controller, who is required to pay such sums as may be required for payments for the property. In case no agreement can be reached as to the value of property required, then title is to be acquired by the City under the right of eminent domain. To meet the expenditures for construction, salaries, purchases, and all other expenses, the Controller is authorized and directed to issue bonds, for a period to be determined by the Commissioners, the Mayor, and the Controller, sufficient for the construction thereof, and to issue revenue bonds in anticipation of the revenues to be derived from taxation for the next year sufficient to meet demands and expenditures as certified by the Commissioners to the Controller. Ten per cent. of the annual net profits, if the road be constructed from the amount realized by subscriptions to the capital stock, are to be paid into the City Treasury.

The provisions of the bill in these particulars contemplate, in fact, the creation of a new Municipal Commission, and a new subject of governmental administration, and a TIMES reporter has, within the past two days, called upon a number of the largest property-owners in New-York to obtain an expression of their opinions on the project, more especially with reference to the policy of appropriating the public funds toward its perfection or operation. The six gentlemen named below represent about $150,000,000 in real estate, and their views represent the ideas of a large majority of the property-owners in this City.

Mr. William B. Astor was first called on, at his office, No. 85 Prince street. He expressed himself as "unqualifiedly opposed to any appropriation of public moneys to any purposes whatever other than legitimate purposes of government." This, in his opinion, was not any part of the governmental function, but was purely a subject of private enterprise, and, if necessary, private funds would be forthcoming to accomplish it.

Mr. Alex. T. Stewart, when asked for an expression of his views on the matter, said: "I do not think it either proper or politic to devote public funds to the carrying out of objects other than those included in the proper functions of government. There are, in my view, probably two or three exceptions to a strict literal interpretation of this idea, but this matter of railways or rapid transit is not one of them. I am opposed to it on principle, and as against public policy. Private capital will be abundant for all such projects, whenever it is demonstrated that rapid transit is necessary, and will pay a fair return for the investment, and whenever a practical system is projected by parties in whom capitalists may rely."

Mr. Elias S. Higgins, proprietor of the Grand Central Hotel and other large and valuable properties, said he was most undoubtedly opposed to the investment of public funds in any enterprise whatever outside the proper sphere of governmental functions, and he did not think this was a part of such functions. It was against public policy, and if it was good for the Government to invest the proceeds of taxation in this particular direction, why not also in any and every other form of enterprise? There are millions of capital in private hands in this City that are always ready for investment in projects that promise fair results to the investors, and he thought that if the time were actually ripe for this much-agitated question of rapid transit, a good and feasible plan would not need to go about begging for capital or asking public aid or subsidies. Certainly the people did not pay taxes with the idea that the money was to be used either in building or buying railroads, and as a rule Government is not so easily or ably administered at present that its administrators need to saddle themselves with entirely new departments or functions. He thought the policy of this City, for a while at least, should be a curtailment of expenditures, for taxes were certainly as heavy now as they need be at a time when no great public energy was pressing the people. In the next place he had doubts as to whether a rapid transit road would pay at present. The City had already invested in the Brooklyn Bridge, and he felt interested to know when the City was going to get its money back from that enterprise. There was a great clamor in some quarters for that bridge, but he had no idea that, when completed—and heaven only knows when that will be—it would pay two per cent. on the investment. To begin with, it was not yet certain that it ever could be completed so as to successfully fulfill the object for which it was intended.

Mr. Pierre Lorillard was next visited by the reporter. He was busy at the time, but said he was certainly opposed to the appropriation of public funds as contemplated in this bill, or for any kindred purpose. Public moneys were for purposes of public government, and any diversion of them to other objects should be looked upon with great jealousy. There was plenty of private capital for every such purpose as that covered by this bill.

Robert L. Stuart, of R. L. & A. Stuart, No. 169 Chambers street, and largely interested in real estate, said he looked upon diversions of public funds to purposes like this, as frauds upon the public. There was no reason why the Municipal Government should be saddled, or seek to be saddled, with such projects. It was direct and willful perversion of public funds from their legitimate purposes, just as much so as though he were to take some other man's money and put it in the reporter's pocket. Taxes in this City already stood at a fearfully high rate—just think of it! three and a half per cent.—and the policy ought to be retrenchment and reduction of taxation. If there are any public funds to spare let them be devoted to the completion of public works already commenced, but he did not think this City was in a condition, financially, just now to want to go deeper in debt than it already is. There is a good deal of a job in this whole question. There is a large amount of property in this City which never will, and never can be benefited by rapid transit; but of course, if such a measure as this should go through, it would be assessed for its proportion of taxes, no matter how far away from the section actually benefited. On the other hand, some property would be benefited by it, and the result would be to make the man who is not benefited pay taxes for the means by which another man's advantage is secured. The fact was that this idea is largely engineered by men who own property at the upper end of this island. People down town and those residing in the middle of the City don't want rapid transit, for they are all comparatively convenient. But it is proposed, say, to run a rapid-transit road to Harlem or somewhere else further outside, and meanwhile enhance the value of property out in country districts, while there are thousands of lots up town that are not yet built upon, and scores of streets not graded, paved, or drained. We had better utilize the area within the City limits before spending public money to turn farms in Westchester County into city lots. We have already got public money invested in the East River Bridge—a private concern which is not yet finished, and which he did not feel certain would ever be finished, for he was by no means sanguine that after the towers had been built that great suspension span can be completed so as to be safe. It may be, but he would prefer to have it demonstrated by the fact rather than to accept the theory as conclusive. And after it is finished he doubted whether it would prove a paying investment.

The Messrs. Kingsland, of the firm of D. & A. Kingsland & Sutton, were next called on, but, as they were not in, Mr. Sutton consented to answer the reporter's inquiries. "We look upon the whole system and intent," said Mr. Sutton, "as being wrong and contrary to public policy. You may put D. & A. Kingsland down as directly opposed to all such propositions. This question of rapid transit is [illegible] necessary it will pay, and when it will pay and is projected under proper auspices there is plenty of private capital only waiting opportunity to go into it. The business men of this City are as shrewd and as energetic in matters of investment and public necessities as any other class of men in or out of town. As we understand it, taxes are paid for purposes of government, and not for speculation at the hands of public officials. We want our streets kept clean and in proper repair, we want them lighted and an effective Police system maintained, which, I am free to say, is not the case at present. I don't feel much confidence in our Police system, and I know hundreds of people besides who do not; and if they want to go to any place off the leading thoroughfares at night they take a cab as a matter of safety. I do so myself, whereas twenty-five or thirty years ago I walked wherever I pleased with perfect confidence. Oh! no, Sir. We have talked this matter over thoroughly, and are opposed to any such proposition. Taxation in New-York is quite heavy enough now. I live in my own house; say it is worth $50,000; our rate of taxation is three and a half per cent., and you see it costs me $1,750 a year in the simple matter of property tax to live in my own house. I should be very sorry to see any such scheme succeed."

All the gentlemen whose views are given above are extensive real-estate owners, and their names were obtained from the books in the office of the Receiver of Taxes as among the largest tax-payers in the City of New-York.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE FORGERIES.

EXPLANATION BY MR. WHEELOCK—STATEMENT OF MR. M'KAY.

At the meeting of the Governors of the Stock Exchange, yesterday, Mr. Wheelock made a statement respecting the manner in which the forged letters were delivered to him, and which does not differ from that already published. Mr. Wheelock stated to a reporter that he was in no way connected with the Western Union Company or the Wabash Railroad, and that he read the letters in good faith, believing them to be genuine. Besides the letters already referred to, a circular letter, of which the following is a copy, was also sent out to prominent brokers:

> DEAR SIR: Mr. Vanderbilt desires your prompt presence at a highly-important meeting at his office, at the Grand Central Depot, Forty-second street, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., to-day (Tuesday,) Feb. 17, 1874. He further directs me to request that the contents of this note be mentioned to no person whatever, and that the importance of total secresy, even as to any meeting being held, or your attendance there, will be quite apparent to you at the interview.
>
> Yours respectfully,
>
> A. P. CLARK, Private Secretary.

The above forged letter was sent out, it is said, with the object of withdrawing certain brokers from the Stock Exchange, so as to prevent an early discovery of the forgery. The Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange held another meeting at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Some witnesses were examined, but the committee declined to give any information to the press. Detective Sampson was ordered to be in attendance to-day, when it is probable further inquiries will take place. It was rumored in the street that the forgeries had been traced to a person named McKay.

MR. MCKAY'S STATEMENT.

Mr. McKay, of No. 165 Broadway, called at this office, last night, and made the following statement concerning the affair, which, he said, was substantially the same story as he had given to the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange in the afternoon:

About two months ago, said Mr. McKay, there came to my broker's office, at No. 8 Wall street, an anonymous letter addressed to me. It warned me that at a certain time in the future an event would transpire which would seriously affect the stock market. The writer could not give his name, nor any more definite information, but he warned me to be ready, and wanted to do a good turn for me, because, at some time or other, I had done the same for him. The writer said no communication was possible with him, for there was a pool, and the members of it were bound by an oath not to reveal the secret. I paid no attention to this, but a day or two after another letter came, warning me to be prepared, and repeating substantially what had been said in the first. Some time after a third letter came in the same way, in which the writer repeated his warning for me to have funds ready at a moment's notice, and saying that there was money to be made if I attended to his warnings, but he would ask nothing in return but thanks. I heard no more for several weeks, and then the anonymous correspondent wrote again, saying he had been sick for some time, but the time for the event was near, and he should want from me some manifestation that I meant to attend to his warnings. As no communication was possible with him, under the oath by which he was bound, he proposed that at 1 o'clock the next day I should be at the foot of the Sub-Treasury building, in Wall street, and walk from one end of the steps slowly to the other. He would be at some point of observation near, and would consider if I did this that I bound myself by the same oath as he (the writer) was bound. Thinking the whole affair rather a joke than otherwise, I went to the Sub-Treasury building and made the walk. That day a letter came, saying the writer had seen me, and that I had taken the oath. Some time after another letter came telling me to have my funds ready for instant use—it would depend on the state of the market when the event would take place. Yesterday a letter was sent to my broker's, and another was slipped into my desk at my office, telling me to be at the St. Nicholas Bank at 10:30. I went, and met a young man, a perfect stranger, who said, "I am sent to say that the event of which you have been warned will take place in an hour or two. A movement will be made which will seriously affect the values of two stocks!" I asked the young man what would be done, and he said the Directors of the Western Union had decided to add $50,000,000 to the stock, that there would be no dividends, and that this would send down the price ten to twenty-five points. That the stock of the Toledo and Wabash would also be increased ten millions. He refused to give any information about his informant, but said a letter would be sent to the Stock Board announcing these things. I refused to believe the man, and was going away, when he stopped me, and offered to bring the official letters in fifteen minutes. At the end of that time he came back, saying he could not get the letters, but handed me a memorandum of their chief points, saying within an hour or so they would be read. I was still doubtful, when he added: "Go to the Stock Exchange and watch Mr. Wheelock; when you see a letter handed to him and observe him rise to read it, you may know what I tell you is true. I will be near the Exchange when the letter is read; come out and you will see me at the entrance." After this I left the man, went to the Park Bank and drew $15,000 in bills, and then went down to the Exchange again.

Mr. McKay then detailed the arrangements he had made to take advantage of the fall in stocks when the expected letters should be read; how he distributed his orders among several brokers, (which he had also been warned by the young man to do,) and then set to watch Mr. Wheelock. The moment he saw the letter handed to him he gave orders to sell to some of his brokers, kept others by him for emergencies, and awaited events. The letters were read, a great excitement followed, stocks changed hands rapidly, and his principal broker sold when the market was the lowest. In the excitement Mr. McKay said he thought it necessary to go into the open air and collect his thoughts. He went to the entrance of the Exchange, and there met the same young man he had seen in the morning, having forgotten all about him. The young man thrust a letter into his hand, and whispered hurriedly, "Cover your shorts and go long, that's what it tells you." "I re-entered the Exchange," continued Mr. McKay, "and opening the letter, found it read: 'Cover your shorts, and go long to your bottom dollar. The whole thing is a sell.' I went back and covered everything I had sold." In conclusion, Mr. McKay stated that he made about $6,000 or $7,000 on Western Union, not a cent on Wabash, and that he had not the faintest idea there was anything wrong in the matter till the mysterious young man put the letter in his hand.

A CHICKEN-THIEF SHOT.

Shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday morning Private Watchman Charles Augustus, while patrolling St. Mark's place, noticed a man in the chicken-house of Mr. Atha A. Doty. Augustus called to the man to leave, but the latter replied with threats that he would use his revolver if interfered with by the watchman. Finding remonstrances vain, Augustus drew his pistol and fired two shots at the intruder. One of the bullets entered the man's right lung, and he fell to the ground. Officer Murphy hearing the shots ran to the spot and arrested the watchman. The wounded man was taken to the Tenth Sub-precinct, where he gave his name as Wm. Roberts and his residence as at No. 244 Water street, New-York. Dr. Burdick pronounced Roberts' wounds fatal, and Coroner Jones was at once notified by telegraph at his house. The wounded man was removed to the City Hospital, where he died at 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon. He made no ante-mortem statement, Coroner Jones having failed to attend although notified that the man had but a short time to live, before daylight yesterday morning. The watchman Augustus has been discharged from custody. Augustus states that he saw Roberts in the act of filling a bag with Mr. Doty's chickens. The bag was found near the scene of the shooting.

ARREST OF A NOTORIOUS SHOPLIFTER.

Capt. Irving, of the detective force, having of late received several complaints of the operations of shoplifters in the wholesale stores in the neighborhood of Canal street, started out early yesterday morning to discover the perpetrators. Taking with him Detective Keirns, of his command, a tour of the dry-goods district was made, and shortly after 9 o'clock the officers saw Mary Moore, alias "Long Mary," a well-known shoplifter, come out of the store of Messrs. Taylor, Gibson & Wilson, importers and manufacturers of clothiers' trimmings, No. 58 Walker street. She walked rapidly along Walker street until she reached the corner of Elm street, when she disappeared into a lager-beer saloon. The officers were close upon her heels, and when they entered the woman, finding herself fairly caught, surrendered at discretion. She took from under her skirts a large linen bag, such as is usually worn by professional shoplifters, and handed it to Capt. Irving. The bag was found to contain [illegible] braids and several other articles valued in all at $180, which she had stolen from the store in Walker street, while examining the stock under the pretense of desiring to make purchases. The woman was taken to Police Headquarters and locked up. Subsequently Mr. Gibson called at the office and identified the goods stolen from his store. "Long Mary" is one of the adroitest shoplifters in the City.

A TERRIBLE MURDER.

A WATCHMAN OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD SHOT DEAD BY BAGGAGE-CAR THIEVES—ESCAPE OF THE MURDERER.

Just at dusk yesterday evening a watchman of the Hudson River Railroad was shot dead in the freight yard of the depot at Thirtieth street and Tenth avenue, by a gang of baggage-car thieves. The ruffians who rob baggage cars never hesitate to take life in order to escape capture, and for years past a deadly warfare has been waged between them and the watchmen and officers of the railroad. During the time that Capt. Caffrey held command in the Twentieth Precinct, several deadly encounters took place between the baggage-car thieves and Detectives Reilly and McConnell. Special Officers Gillespie and Shannon, of the railroad force, shot and killed one of a gang of baggage-car thieves at Binghamton. These officers were happily always armed and prepared to meet their murderous adversaries. The unfortunate man who was so foully killed last night never carried a pistol, but, with a foolish confidence in his own prowess, depended on the use of his club. He paid forfeit for his mistaken confidence with his life. His name was Nicholas A. Schweich, aged thirty-four years, and he resided with his wife and family at No. 783 Eleventh avenue, where his brother keeps a small cigar store. His duty was to watch the various freight-yards of the depot at night. The yard in which he was murdered is called the emigrant yard, and runs from Tenth avenue about 400 feet between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-eighth streets, toward Ninth avenue. A row of tenement-houses in Thirty-first street are only separated from this yard by a fence. At 7:15 o'clock there were in the yard, ready to be shunted on the main track, an emigrant train, and one "line" freight car, which was loaded with silk. A pistol shot was heard in the yard by James Gallagher, a freight receiver in the depot, and he gave the alarm. Conductor James Lane, who was on the platform, at once ran into the yard lamp in hand, and discovered the body of the murdered watchman. The body was lying on its face and knees, between the rear fence of the Thirty-first street houses, and the line freight car which stood on the side track, distant about forty yards from Tenth avenue. Schweich had been shot through the right breast, and was unable to speak. His fur cap and club were by his side. Assistance was procured, and Officer Loer removed Schweich to the Station-house in Thirty-seventh street, where he died in three minutes without having been able to speak one word which would render the capture of his murderers a possibility. It was at first thought that he had committed suicide, but a careful search of the yard showed that no pistol was there, and Police Surgeon Osborne testified that Schweich, after the ball entered his body, could not have thrown the pistol one yard away from his body. All doubts on the question, however, were set at rest by the statement of a woman living in one of the tenement-houses, who said she saw several men clamber over the fence at the rear of the houses, and pass through one of them into Third street. This woman unfortunately is unable to give any description of these men. There is no doubt, however, that they form a part of the desperate gang of ruffians who infest Tenth avenue and openly defy the Police to prevent their depredations or effect their capture. It is equally evident that poor Schweich, who left his lantern at the lower end of the yard, had suddenly come upon them as they were preparing to break open the "line" freight car, and that on finding themselves so discovered, one of the gang fired at and killed him. He fell, dying, between the track and the fence, and the murderers escaped. Schweich was a man of strong build, about five feet ten inches in height, and steady in his habits. He had been in the employ of the railroad company for quite a time, and bore a very good character. There is not the slightest clue at present to the identity or whereabouts of the men that murdered him. Capt. McElwain and his ward detectives were busy last night searching the dens of the Twentieth Precinct for some trace of the murderers, but up to a late hour this morning failed to find any. It is understood that Capt. Irving, of the Central Office detective force, will detail some of his best officers tomorrow to work at the case. Coroner Eickhoff will take charge of the matter to-day.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The Board of Education held its regular meeting yesterday in the hall, corner of Elm and Grand streets, Mr. William H. Nielson presiding. A very large amount of business was transacted, it being in a great part, however, of a routine nature. Among the interesting matters presented was the report of City Superintendent Henry Kiddle for January, 1874. The report stated that all the evening schools, except the High School, had been examined, and they were found to be in a satisfactory condition.

A report concerning the pupils in grammar schools studying German and French, stated that there were 442 German classes, and seventy-two French. The total number of pupils studying German was 18,516, and of those studying French 2,440. A communication received from citizens of the Eighth Ward, complaining of the close neighborhood of a large number of low bagnios to the Wooster street school, and praying the board to take some action to abate the evil, was referred to the Committee on Buildings.

A report from the Committee on Salaries and Economy, on a system for the payment of Principals and Vice Principals of the schools was also adopted by a vote of 12 to 5. The new system provides that Principals and Vice Principals of schools and departments hereafter employed by the board may be paid as follows:

SALARIES OF PRINCIPALS AND VICE PRINCIPALS OF MALE SCHOOLS.

Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 150, or less	$2,250
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 151 to 300	2,500
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 301 to 500	2,750
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 501 and upward	3,000

SALARIES OF FEMALE PRINCIPALS OF GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 100, or less	$1,200
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 101 to 150	1,300
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding of 151 to 300	1,500
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 301 to 500	1,600
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 501 and upward	1,700

SALARIES OF PRINCIPALS OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Schools with an average attendance of 200 or less	$1,000
Schools with an average attendance of 201 to 400	1,100
Schools with an average attendance of 401 to 600	1,300
Schools with an average attendance of 601 and upward	1,500

SALARIES OF VICE PRINCIPALS OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 350 to 500	$900
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 501 to 1,000	1,000
Schools with an average attendance for the preceding year of 1,001 and upward	1,200

The sum totals in the report of the Committee on Finance for 1873, as presented, are as follows:

Receipts in 1873, including balance Jan. 1, 1873, of $184,580 78	$3,608,507 39
Expenses, including $96,288 27 paid to corporate schools	3,479,011 00
Leaving a balance on Jan. 1, 1874, of	$129,496 39

After some further business of an unimportant nature, it was resolved that an additional Assistant Superintendent be appointed at the same salary as that of the present Assistant. The candidate is required to be proficient in the knowledge of the German and French languages, and will be selected by the Committee on the Course of Studies, that committee having offered the resolution.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SIR STAFFORD NORTHCOTE TO BE CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER.

LONDON, Feb. 19—6 A. M.—Many statements are made as to the probable composition of the Ministry, but nothing definite has yet been made public. It is, however, generally believed that Sir Stafford Northcote will be Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Mr. Chichester Fortescue will become a Peer under the title of Baron Carlingford.

HEAVY LOSSES BY FIRE.

LONDON, Feb. 19—6 A. M.—An extensive cotton mill in Leeds was destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is estimated at $350,000.

Large fires are reported in Dundee and Shields.

STEAMER ARRIVAL.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 18.—The steamer Ohio, of the American Line, arrived to-day from Philadelphia.

THE INDIAN FAMINE.

AMPLE SUPPLIES OF GRAIN AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Indian Government telegraphs that it now has ample supplies of grain to meet any demand from the dis-[illegible]

THE WISCONSIN BISHOPRIC.

THE CONFLICT FOR AND AGAINST RITUALISM.

THE INFLUENCE OF THE RECENT COUNCIL—DR. DE KOVEN ON THE FORMS OF RITUALISM.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MILWAUKEE, Saturday, Feb. 14, 1874.

As THE TIMES has been informed by telegraph, the special session of the Episcopal Council for the Diocese of Wisconsin adjourned without having decided the important question of the next Bishop. This is more important from the remarkable division in the ranks of the clergy and laity of the Church. It is not simply a question of what man shall wear the mitre, but what principle shall be enforced in church discipline. An evidence of the importance of this point is furnished in the bitterness of the contest. Since the adjournment of the council under such discouraging circumstances the members begin to realize the ill effect the proceedings must necessarily have, not only upon the candidates but the Church throughout the country.

Wisconsin escaped the general war between High and Low Church only to become the source of a still more bitter feud between representatives of the High Church party. The late Bishop Armitage, who was a native of New-York City, filled the chair with such ability and tact that the incompatible elements were kept in apparent accord. With him every question was secondary to the general welfare of the Church. He had not been dead two weeks, however, before the factions began to organize for conflict. From the proceedings of the convention, it appears that there are no tactics known to ward politicians but what were used by both sides. The chances were counted so closely before the convention assembled that THE TIMES was able to predict the result that has actually occurred. The nomination of Rev. Dr. De Koven over Dr. Hoffman by a bare majority by the clergy, and his rejection by the laity, as already stated, throws the whole matter into the hands of the regular yearly council, which meets in June. I have information that had another vote been made by the clergy Dr. De Koven's name would have been withdrawn and that of Dr. Cole, of Nashotah College, substituted. He stands on the same ground as De Koven, but his name was not mentioned, and no time to urge objections would have been given. De Koven's friends assert their ability to carry him through the next time.

The clergy, as a rule favor the ritualistic forms that are obnoxious to a large majority of the laymen. The extent to which they are disposed to go in the matter of Romish beliefs was not developed until the question came up in the council. It had been charged against Dr. De Koven, a most admirable man and useful, that he inculcated the doctrine of transubstantiation, or the Real Presence in the elements of sacrament, among the theological students of Racine College; that he enforced the confessional and absolved in the capacity of a priestly father; that he introduced the use of lights, incense, and vestments, and the adoration of saints; and that he advocated prayer for the dead, with a direct reference to purgatory. These charges were embodied in a circular signed by six prominent clergymen of the diocese. In his defense in the convention Dr. De Koven reviewed these charges, but at too late an hour to send a report by telegraph. His remarks cover a field that is just now the scene of a struggle in the Church all over the country, and his own words will interest readers both East and West. After a preliminary reference to the clergymen who had signed the circular, he said:

And now let me say I have no wish to hide from any member of this convention just what I hold, and just what I do, plainly and above board, neither writing anonymous communications or signing my name to papers against my brethren. I am ready that every man and woman in this whole diocese should know all I believe and all I hold. There are some things that are true in this paper. There are some things that are quite correct. If it had been all false, it would have been easy to deny it. It is the skill of the document that it mingles the false and the true, and so mingles them that the unskilled man would not be able to distinguish the two. This makes it necessary to explain it. It so mingles them that I have no hesitation in saying that the larger majority of laymen who came to this council came here believing I was a Romanizer, because they had read this document. Now, I come to the points, and I want to show, first what I do believe, and in the next place wherein this document misrepresents me. I stated in the general convention, quoting certain words which had been adjudicated on in the highest ecclesiastical court in England—some people may say it was not an ecclesiastical court, but if there be any ecclesiastical courts in England that was the highest. I quoted certain words which Sir Robert Fillemore, a Judge presiding in the case of Rev. Mr. Bennett, said he could not condemn without condemning a long roll of English divines, from Ridley to Keble, from the divine whose martyrdom is commemorated at Oxford to that distinguished poet in whose honor the same university had erected its last college. I quoted those words for the reason that the subject of the eucharist had been discussed in the general convention. A doctrine of the eucharist had been stated of the very lowest possible character. They had been stated over and over again upon the floor. I rose up in that convention in the interests of toleration, in the interests of the liberty which the Church allows, and stated before that convention a doctrine which had been adjudicated and could be held in the Church of England, and which I myself held, in order that it might be shown to that convention and to the Church at large that such doctrine as that came within the limits of the doctrine held by the Church of England. I stated it with all sorts of reservations. I stated them as "words balder and barer" than any I would think of using except to a company of theologians. I tried to guard myself on every side against the imputation which I knew people unversed in such matters would arrive at. I stated as fully as I could that I did not believe in the carnal or material presence, but only in the spiritual presence in the holy elements. I stated this in every way I was able to in order to guard myself against those insinuations. I have never at any time said that this doctrine which I hold is a doctrine to be forced down people's throats. I hold that our Church has wisely permitted a large liberty of choice in that doctrine of the holy eucharist, and all I ever contended for is that my liberty should not be limited any more than I would limit the liberty of my brethren.

Now the question is, is such a doctrine tolerated by the Church of England? And here I must say a few words about the doctrine of the eucharist. I cannot enter into that with any fullness. There are three questions which may be asked in regard to the holy eucharist. 1. What is present? 2. Where is it present? 3. How is it present? That to each one of these interrogatories, three answers may be given. First, how is it present? The Roman Catholic answers, by transubstantiation. The Lutheran answers, by consubstantiation, and the Zuinglian answers by a figure. Our Church denies them all, and when pressed to say how Christ is present, she answers, we cannot tell how: it is a mystery, and we believe and adore.

The second point is, what is present? And here there are three different views held in the Church. The first is that it is the grace of God's holy spirit which is present. The second is that it is a gift which is all the same as though it were the body and blood of Christ, and yet is not the body and blood of Christ. And the third is that it is the body and blood of Christ, though not after transubstantiation, after consubstantiation, or figuratively, as the Zuinglians say. All these three things are held in our church. Next, where is it present? And here again there are three answers. One school says in the heart of the faithful receiver. Another school says outside of the faithful receiver, and not in connection with the elements. The third school says in sacramental union with the holy elements. All these six views are held, and, I dare say, held on this floor, and they are held all through this church, and the one I hold is that the presence of Christ's body and blood is a presence outside of the soul of the receiver and in sacramental union with the consecrated elements, and that doctrine is a doctrine which is held by all the greater divines of the Church of England.

Now, Mr. President, understand I have not said one word in regard to the eucharistic adoration. I hold in my hands a copy of the debates at the last general convention. I quote: "How gentlemen can stand on this floor, and tell us there is no real presence in the sacrament." I used these words, "How can gentlemen stand on this floor, and tell us that there is no real presence in the sacrament, (I use these words now with a sense of the highest awe, on a most solemn subject, and with sorrow, now that I am obliged to speak in this way, but I cannot permit these statements of doctrine to remain unchallenged,) how can gentlemen deny that there is a real presence, if they have ever learned their church catechism? For what does the church catechism tell us in respect to a sacrament? It tells us that a sacrament consists of two parts—an outward and visible sign, and an inward and spiritual grace—that is to say, a sacrament is a whole, of which there are two parts, the one visible, the other invisible; that, in respect to the Lord's Supper, the visible part is bread and wine, the invisible part is the body and blood of our blessed Lord. Now when you define a sacrament that is to consist of two parts, one of which is the body and blood, I do not see how you can eliminate from that the one part and leave the other part alone. I object, then, to the doctrinal basis on which this argument has been conducted. I say the gentlemen who have given us this definition of a Ritualist which it is designed to put down, are going in the face of the whole of the doctrine of the church. That is to say, so far as they have given us a definition of the thing as a tangible thing. They tell you that if you admit that doctrine which the great majority of us here do admit, all these other things follow logically from it."

Now, I do not believe there is a human being on this floor that would venture to deny the personal presence of Christ, not only in the elements, but outside of the elements and everywhere else, for the person of Christ is divine, and it is one of the attributes of God that He is omnipresent, and he who denies that Christ is personally present in the holy elements, denies the omnipresence of God. [illegible]tion that lies at the root of eucharistic adoration is this, Is there such a presence of the human nature of our blessed Lord, united sacramentally to the holy elements as admits of worship being paid to Him of whom that human nature is inseparably united? Now that all turns upon two questions. First of all, can the human nature of Christ have any presence other than that it is at the right hand of God? If it cannot, then eucharistic adoration is wrong. I have read, and I am sure some of my brethren have read, a very able work of Archdeacon Freeman, in which he holds that the human nature of Christ is present in the elements, but also denies eucharistic adoration. But others hold that though the natural and corporeal presence of Christ is at the right hand of God and there alone, because it is His human nature, is glorified it can have a spiritual presence in the holy elements. If one believes that, one can believe that Christ's human nature is spiritually present in sacramental union in the holy elements, and where Christ's human nature is, there Christ must be, and wheresoever Christ is, in the sacrament or out of the sacrament, He is to be worshiped. But here again one is met by a very great difficulty. I have read in the past few weeks a very able essay by a clergyman here on this floor, Rev. Mr. Hudson, of Baraboo, who does not agree with me. But it is the view which one meets all the while, that the objective point of our worship must be heaven and nowhere else. They quote the Lord's Prayer, "Our Father who art in Heaven," in proof of this, and the words "Lift up your hearts," in the communion office, in proof of this. The question of eucharistic adoration turns upon these two difficult questions, and it shows to me the wisdom of our church that she has left the matter to the loving hearts of her children, and never has defined it as a matter of faith, so that the man must believe it. I do not need to enter into a long array of proof to show that this view has been held by divines of the Church of England. I hold in my hand a very remarkable book which I wish were better known. It is the reply made by Bishop Andrewes, who, you will remember, lived in the time of Queen Elizabeth and James I., and was first Bishop of Chichester, and then Bishop of Ely, then Bishop of Winchester, and was one of the translators of the English Bible. Cardinal Bellarmine had attacked King James I. He was the ablest controversialist on the Roman side, of that day, in Europe. He was put forth in the presence of all Europe to defend his King. After stating that he acknowledged a change of nature in the eucharist, but not of substance, after comparing the union between the outward part in the eucharist and the inward to the union of the two natures of our Lord in His divine person, and quoting Gelasius, Theodoret, and Augustine, in proof of these things, he goes on to say:

"On the adoration of the sacrament, he (Cardinal Bellarmine) stumbles shamefully at the threshold. Of the sacrament, he says that is of the Lord Christ present in the sacrament after a wonderful but true manner. But away! Who granted him this sacrament that is of Christ in the sacrament? (*i. e.*, that the sacrament and Christ in the sacrament are the same.) Assuredly, Christ Himself, the substance of the sacrament, (*res sacramenti,*) in and with the sacrament, out of and without the sacrament wheresoever he is to be adored. But the King laid down, that Christ, truly present in the sacrament, is also truly to be adored. He, the substance of the sacrament, but not the sacrament, *i. e.*, the earthly part as Irenæus, the visible as Augustine. But we, in the mysteries, too adore the flesh of Christ with Ambrose, and not that thing, but Him who is worshiped (*colitur*) in the altar? For the Cardinal inquires amiss, What is worshiped (*colitur*) there? for he should have asked, Who? For Nazianzan says 'him,' not 'it.' Nor do we eat the flesh unless we have worshiped, saith Augustine. And yet we in nowise worship the sacrament."

I have here also quotations from a distinguished divine and scholar of Charles I.'s time, Herbert Thorndike, Prebend of Westminster. He was one of those engaged with Walton in putting forth the famous Polyglot. I can also quote Bishop William Forbes, of Edinburgh, who is distinct upon this point. But I have enough to prove that the doctrine is a doctrine which is allowed in the Church of England.

The reverend gentleman then fully considered the subject of confession. He stated five points of difference between the Church of Rome and the Church of England on this subject. 1. As to attrition and contrition. 2. As to enforced confession the Church of England made it voluntary. 3. As to satisfactions. 4. As to its being necessary to forgiving, the Church of England not thinking it necessary for the forgiveness of sins, but sometimes necessary to penitence. 5. As to the difference between confession and direction. He stated that he was accused in the document of holding Roman views. He denied it, as to the last two. He also declared he did not hold to the invocation of saints or to any doctrine of purgatory. In accusing him of these things the unfairness of the document consisted.

THE INDIANS.

MOVEMENTS OF THE MINNECONJONS—SITUATION AT THE RED CLOUD AGENCY.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 18.—The remains of Lieut. Robinson passed through here last evening. Thirty or forty Indians were seen Monday afternoon seven miles above the upper crossing of the Horseshoe by Lieut. Allen, who, with a body of men, was gathering up a beef herd at Fort Fretterman which had been stampeded. He did not dare leave the herd to attack them.

Information received to-day from Agent Saville says: "War parties of Minneconjons have gone north, and are burning the prairie behind them. Red Cloud informs me that a messenger from Blacktwins has come in, and that his party will come in, but that Crazy Horse and his party will join the Minneconjons. I have told the Ogallallas plainly that the army will strike these Indians, and they must choose between us or fighting them.

They have chosen to stand by their agency and us, and they can be depended on in this case. I am making efforts to unite the Ogallallas and Brules in defense of this part of the country."

THE SIAMESE TWINS.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—A formal report to the Fellows of the College of Physicians was made to-night before at least 200 members of the medical profession.

The bodies of the twins were exposed upon a table at the upper end of the hall in front of the audience. The intensest interest on the part of the meeting was displayed during the remarks of Dr. Pancoast, the demonstrator, explanatory of certain physiological peculiarities in the respective bodies. Prominent among these was the existance of what Dr. Pancoast called the fatty cord which extended from the mucus membrane of the stomach, to which it adhered in the direction of, but not quite into the band of union. There were peculiarities of the umbilicus and liver in each body, together with many abnormal growths rarely found in human anatomy. Although the more important part of the autopsy has been made, the examination is not yet entirely completed.

THE COMING BASE-BALL SEASON.

The prospects that the coming base-ball season will be a successful one with amatuer and professional ball-players seem very encouraging. Up to the present time seven first-class professional teams have entered the lists to compete for the whip pennant. The much-talked-of Connecticut "ten" will probably do so at the next meeting of the Professional Association. The new rule, which constitutes ten men and ten innings the legal game, is received with little favor by unprofessional players in this vicinity, and there exist serious doubts of its adoption by the Amateur Association, notwithstanding the efforts which will be made in its behalf by all the prominent sporting papers in this City. It is now settled beyond dispute that the Athletics, of Philadelphia, and the Red Stockings, of Boston, will play a series of championship games in England, Mr. Alexander Spalding having already been sent over to make all the preparations necessary to a successful début of our national game in that country. The struggle for the professional championship promises to be a very lively one. At present the prospects of the whip pennant ever being held in New-York or Brooklyn are very slim, neither city being able to raise a stock organization, though New-York will be represented by a team, which will be partially run on the stock principle. The following is a list of the salaries paid by some of the more prominent stock organizations this season:

Chicago.—Malone, $2,200; Zettlein, $2,000; Wood, $2,000; Force, $1,500; McGeary, $1,500; Cuthbert, $1,500; Meyerle, $1,500; Tracey, $1,200; Devlin, Pinkham, Glenn, and Hines, $1,000 each.

Athletics.—McBride, $1,500; Fisler, $1,500; Sutton, $1,200; Sensenderfer, $1,000; Anson, $1,200; Gedney, $1,200; Reach and Clapp, $1,000 each.

Boston.—George Wright, $1,800; McVey, $1,750; H. Wright, $1,500; Spalding, $1,500; Barnes, $1,500; White, $1,200; Hall, $1,200; Leonard, $1,200; Beals, $1,000; Schaeffer, $1,000; O'Rourke, $1,000.

Philadelphia.—Cummings, $1,500; Eggler, $1,300; Mack, $1,200; Craver, $1,200; Pabor, $1,000; York, $1,200; Hicks, $1,000; Radcliffe, $1,200; Hastings, $1,000; Bechtel, $1,200; Holdsworth, $1,000; Fulmer, $1,200.

A POLICEMAN'S PUNISHMENT.

Patrick Slattery, recently a member of the Twelfth Precinct Police, Harlem, was placed on trial yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, for felonious assault and battery. On the morning of the 6th inst. Slatterly attacked David Helms, and beat him so badly that for a few days his life was endangered. His defense yesterday was to the effect that Helms attacked him and seemed about to draw a deadly weapon. The jury disbelieved him, as Helms is a much smaller man, and rendered a verdict of guilty. Recorder Hackett sentenced him to seven years and six months' hard labor in State Prison.

A CITIZENS' NATIONAL PARTY.

It was rumored during the past week that a new political organization, already having extensive ramifications throughout the States, was about being introduced into this City. Notwithstanding the mystery with which the promoters of the body shrouded their movements, it was ascertained that a meeting was held in this City last evening, G. W. Gibbons presiding, and a branch of "The Citizens National Party" organized. It has for its object the amendment of the Federal Constitution so as to make naturalized citizens eligible for the Presidential chair. It was stated by Mr. John C. Harlan, of Colorado, one of the speakers, that several of the [illegible] themselves favorable to the amendment, and promised their hearty co-operation. An Executive Committee was appointed, to meet at the call of the Chair.

CRIMINAL RECORDS.

On Monday evening the residence of Mr. William E. Teft, No. 747 Fifth avenue, was visited by burglars, and robbed of $1,500 worth of jewelry. The matter is being investigated by Capt. Gunner and two detectives of the Nineteenth Precinct. On Tuesday night John Fitzpatrick, Sexton of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church in Grand street, near Ridge, called Patrolman Neil, of the Thirteenth Precinct, and informed him that some person was concealed in the church. Patrolman Neil and the sexton found crouched up in a niche under the altar a young man, who was arrested and taken to the Attorney Street Police Station. In his possession was found a bundle containing a "jimmy," a screwdriver, and several other burglars' tools. He feigned intoxication, and gave his name as Baldwin Thomas. He could not satisfactorily account for the possession of the burglar's tools. Superintendent Matsell recognized the prisoner as a young man belonging to a very respectable family in this City, but who, through a passion for gambling, had fallen into evil courses and had become a burglar. He was held for trial.

Bernard O'Neil, liquor store keeper, No. 498 Second avenue, complained to Capt. Irving, of the Central Office, several days ago, that for months past he had been systematically robbed by some person in his employ, and the aggregate amount of money stolen was in the neighborhood of $6,000. Detectives Leahy and Von Gerichten, of the Central Office, were detailed to investigate the matter, and became convinced that Michael Merrity, a bar-tender, was the guilty party. Bank-notes were marked and used by some friends of O'Neil in purchasing liquor, and on Tuesday night Merrity was arrested as he was leaving the place, and several of the marked bills were found in his possession. He was locked up at Police Head-quarters, and on searching his effects the officers found several bank-books showing various sums of money, amounting to nearly $2,500, to his credit. He will be taken to the Tombs Police Court to-day.

THERE IS ONLY A STEP BETWEEN CONSUMPTION and the grave. But it need not be taken. In the earlier stages of the dread disease Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs will always effect a cure. The peril lies in delaying the remedy.

To extinguish salt rheum, erysipelas, piles, &c., and heal external hurts, Carbolic Salve is the one thing needful.

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—*Advertisement.*

Remains Longest in Effect.
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Neglected Coughs and Colds.—Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "common cold" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," if neglected, often works upon the lungs.

Chocolat Menier—Menier's Essence of Cocoa or Family Chocolate.

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MARRIED.

KUSTER—WELSH.—On Thursday evening, Jan. 1, at the residence of the bride's father, West Hoboken, N. J., by Rev. Wm. Gilkes, ADOLPH J. KUSTER, of Yonkers, N. Y., to AGNES FRANCES, second daughter of Joseph W. Welsh.

DIED.

APPLETON.—In Jersey City, on Feb. 18, HATTIE, wife of Albert Appleton, aged 23 years, 11 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Friday afternoon, Feb. 20, at 2 o'clock, from Grace Church, corner of Erie and 2d sts., Jersey City.

BERGEN.—Suddenly, Feb. 17, of membranous croup, CORNELIUS P., youngest daughter of Jacob I. and Cornelia M. Bergen, aged 16 months and 6 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 360 Union st., Brooklyn.

BRANDON.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1874, WILLIAM J., eldest son of William Brandon.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 237 Spring st., on Friday, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock.

BRYANT.—On Wednesday morning, Feb. 18, 1874, FREDERICK NORTH, son of Robt. A. Bryant, aged 2 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at No. 107 McDonough st., Brooklyn, at 2 o'clock P. M., Feb. 19, 1874.

COIT.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, 1874, ANN, wife of Henry Coit, and sister of George F. Talman, in the 84th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the church, corner 5th av. and 19th st., on Friday, 20th inst., at 10 A. M.

COPPERNOLL.—On Tuesday morning, at his residence, in Brooklyn, E. D., No. 132 7th st., JAMES M. COPPERNOLL, in the 57th year of his age.

His friends and acquaintances are invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday afternoon, 19th inst., at 2 o'clock, at the First Reformed Church, corner of Bedford av. and Clymer st.

DARROW.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, 1874, DANIEL DARROW, aged 48 years.

His relatives and friends, and those of his brother, John V. Rufus, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of W. H. Giffing, No. 347 West 27th st., on Thursday, 19th inst., at 12 o'clock.

DAVENPORT.—At New-Orleans, Oct. 10, 1873, ADOLPHUS H. DAVENPORT, aged 44 years.

Friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the Church of the Strangers, Mercer and Clinton place, on Thursday, at 2 o'clock P. M. The remains will be reinterred at Green-Wood.

FOLLET.—In Jersey City, on Monday, Feb. 16, RANDALL F. FOLLET, aged 53 years and 2 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, corner of Henderson and 4th sts., on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock.

FOX.—At No. 153 East 121st st., WILLIAM E. FOX, aged 47.

Funeral on Friday, the 20th inst., at 11 A. M. Relatives and friends are invited.

GAGE.—In Brooklyn, Tuesday, 17th inst., EDWARD H. GAGE, aged 65 years, 17 days.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 305 Adelphi st., 19th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. Remains will be interred at Green-Wood.

HAIGHT.—At the residence of her grandson, W. H. Bradshaw, East New-Brunswick, N. J., on Tuesday, Feb. 17, LYDIA, relict of William Haight, of Athens, and daughter of Thomas Jenkins, of Hudson, N. J.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, at the above place, on Friday, Feb. 20, at 2 P. M. Cars leave Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, foot of Cortlandt st., at 12 and 12:30 P. M.

HASKELL.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, LOUISA S. R., wife of Wm. S. Haskell, aged 62 years, 6 months.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

JOHNSON.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, JONATHAN K. JOHNSON, in the 79th year of his age.

Funeral services from his late residence, No. 49 West 19th st., on Thursday, 19th inst., at 10:30 o'clock.

KORTRIGHT.—On Tuesday, Feb. 17, NICHOLAS GOUVERNEUR KORTRIGHT, aged 69 years.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 79 Madison av., on Friday, Feb. 20, at 10 o'clock A. M.

LOWDEN.—At Flushing, Long Island, on Monday night, Feb. 16, SOPHIA MCKISSOCK, wife of Robert Lowden, and daughter of the late Judge McKissock, of Newburg.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Sanford av., Flushing, Friday, Feb. 20, at 11 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot on the arrival of the 10:30 o'clock train from Hunter's Point.

LANGDON.—At Nice, France, on the 15th of February, DOROTHEA ASTOR, widow of the late Walter Langdon, and daughter of the late John Jacob Astor.

LOWDEN.—At Flushing, Long Island, on Monday night, Feb. 16, SOPHIA MCKISSOCK, wife of Robert Lowden and daughter of the late Judge McKissock, of Newburg.

Funeral from her late residence, Sanford av., Flushing, at 11 A. M. Friday, Feb. 20. Carriages will be in waiting on the arrival of the 10:30 o'clock train from Hunter's Point.

MURRAY.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, MAY, youngest daughter of Capt. L. M. and Sarah Murray, aged 6 years and 10 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 616 Lorrimer st., Greenpoint, on Friday, the 20th, at 1 o'clock P. M.

POMEROY.—On Wednesday, Feb. 18, HANNAH MARIA, daughter of Oren D. and Hannah Maria Pomeroy, aged 2 months and 5 days.

Funeral at No. 33 East 29th st. on Friday, Feb. 20, at 1 o'clock P. M.

REYNOLDS.—Feb. 17, MARTHA REYNOLDS, aged 59 years.

Will be buried from the residence of Wm. Baker, No. 236 East 42d st., on Friday, Feb. 20, at 2 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SMITH.—At Tarrytown, on Tuesday, Feb. 17, NAELTJE SMITH, widow of George Smith, in the 90th year of her age.

Funeral on Friday, Feb. 20, at 12 o'clock, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Samuel Wood, at the house of J. W. Odell.

TERRY.—At Nassau, N. P., on Monday, Feb. 2, FRANK H. TERRY, of Milwaukee, Wis., formerly of Hartford, Conn., in the 47th year of his age.

VAN VARICK.—On Tuesday, the 17th, PETER VAN VARICK, in the 67th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the furneral, from the residence of his brother, Frances Speir, No. 16 Varick place, on Thursday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

WINSLOW.—At Rossville, Staten Island, Feb. 18, 1874, of typhoid pneumonia, Mrs. LOVE C., wife of Capt. George Winslow, aged 63 years.

Funeral will be held at St. Luke's Church, Rossville, on Friday, Feb. 20, 1874, at 1 o'clock P. M.

☞ Nantucket papers please copy.

POLITICAL.

TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Regular meeting of the above Association will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING, Feb. 19, at head-quarters, No. 28 Avenue A, at 7:30 o'clock. Gen. George H. Sharpe will be present and deliver his interesting lecture on "Rome."
JACOB M. PATTERSON, Jr., President.
[illegible]

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"THE GIANT OF THE MONTHLIES."

HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE,
FOR MARCH, 1874.
CONTENTS:

THE LIGHT-HOUSES OF THE UNITED STATES
By CHARLES NORDHOFF.
With thirteen illustrations.
ADVICE.
THE CHEVALIER BAYARD.
With four illustrations.
BERMUDA.
With fifteen illustrations.
ARCHIBALD CONSTABLE AND HIS FRIENDS.
With twelve illustrations.
MY MOTHER AND I. A Love Story for Girls.
By the author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."
With three illustrations.
PRAYER OF COLUMBUS. By WALT WHITMAN.
OBSERVATORIES IN THE UNITED STATES.
With seventeen illustrations.
THE LIVING LINK. By the author of "The Dodge Club," "The American Baron," &c.
CHAPTER XXII. Little Dudleigh.—XXIII. The Man of Law.—XXIV. New obligations.—XXV. The Sources of the Nile.—XXVI. A Threatening Letter.—XXVII. The Proposal.
With three illustrations.
THE RIGHTS AND WRONGS OF SEAMEN. By CHARLES NORDHOFF.
JO AND I.
THE MISSION OF ST. VALENTINE.
With Illustrated Initial.
THE NIGHT TRAIN FOR PARADISE (ACCOMMODATION.)
LOVE AMONG THE GRAVES.
RECOLLECTIONS OF AN OLD STAGER.
THE OUTSIDE OF THE WINDOW.
A SCHEME FOR VENGEANCE.
LYRIC OF ACTION.
LEWIS GAYLORD CLARKE. By T. B. THORPE.
EDITOR'S EASY CHAIR.
EDITOR'S LITERARY RECORD.
EDITOR'S SCIENTIFIC RECORD.
EDITOR'S HISTORICAL RECORD.
EDITOR'S DRAWER. Illustrated.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for March is crowded with an infinite variety of important and attractive articles, with over seventy illustrations.

CHARLES NORDHOFF contributes a paper of immediate and vital interest on "The Rights and Wrongs of Seamen;" also, a profusely-illustrated paper on the "Light-Houses of the United States." Under the title, "Observatories in the United States," Prof. J. E. NOURSE, U. S. N., gives a very interesting account of the new observatory at Cincinnati, the Naval Observatory at Washington, and the observatories at West Point and Annapolis, including a succinct review of the work accomplished in connection with these observatories. Among the numerous illustrations of this paper is one giving a view of the great Equatorial at Washington, as it appears in the new dome where it is mounted.

There are also in this number illustrated articles on the Bermuda Islands; on "Archibald Constable and his Times," with some interesting views of Edinburgh, and portraits of the prominent literary celebrities of that city fifty years ago; and on "The Chevalier Bayard."

WALT WHITMAN contributes a remarkable poem, entitled "The Prayer of Columbus." The number also contains poems by ELIZABETH AKERS ALLEN, JOHN JAMES PIATT, and PAUL H. HAYNE.

Two short stories of thrilling interest are contributed—"Jo and I," by HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD, and "A Scheme for Vengeance," by Mrs. FRANK MCCARTHY. The two Serial Stories, "My Mother and I," by DINAH MULOCK CRAIK, and "The Living Link," by Prof. JAMES DE MILLE, (both beautifully illustrated,) are continued.

T. B. THORPE gives some entertaining reminiscences of the late "Lewis Gaylord Clark." "Recollections of an Old Stager" are continued, and in "A Night Train for Paradise (Accommodation)" is given a very entertaining bit of genial satire.

The Editorial Departments are unusually full and interesting.

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HARPER & BROTHERS, New-York.

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"OBSERVATIONS ON CATARRH," BY A. N. Williamson, M. D., late Clinical Physician in the University Medical College. Sent free. No. 137 East 17th st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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A FINE COLLECTION OF
ARCHITECTURAL WORKS, FACETIÆ, DRAMA,
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Among which will be found the following:

Monuments of Architecture and Sculpture in Belgium, colored plates, 2 vols., imperial folio; Roberts' Holy Land, Egypt, Nubia, &c., tinted plates, 6 vols, atlas folio; Knight's History of England, illustrated, 8 vols., tree calf; Beaumont and Fletcher's Dramatic Works, 11 vols., tree calf, best edition; Hall's Baronial Halls of England, colored plates, 2 vols., royal folio; Hogarth's Works, atlas folio; Longman's New Testament 4to., morocco; Napier's Peninsular War, 6 vols., 8vo., calf extra, best edition; and complete editions of Dickens, Sir Walter Scott, Thackeray, Macaulay, Prescott, Byron, Shakespeare, &c., to be sold by auction, at the Clinton Hall Sale-rooms, Astor place, FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 20, at 7:30 o'clock. Books now on exhibition.
The MESSRS. LEAVITT, Auctioneers.

THE MOST EMINENT CHEMISTS ADMIT their inability to discover by the most careful analysis all the medicinal properties of the BETHESDA MINERAL SPRING WATER, and our greatest medical men prescribing this wonderful curative remedy, have learned the same fact, conceding its hidden properties to be greater than any compound heretofore known. How plainly absurd, then, it is to drink the manufactured waters. Depot and offices, No. 200 Broadway. Pamphlets gratis by A. H. HEATH, M. D.

AN ELDERLY GENTLEMAN, A GRADUATE of the University of France, speaking French, English, and German, having a portion of his time unoccupied, would be glad to find a family or educational institution where he could offer his services as a teacher of languages, mathematics, drawing, painting, and the higher branches of literature.
Address AD. RINCK,
Portrait Painter,
Care of J. Williamson, No. 6 Astor place.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.
The mails for Europe for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 21, 1874, will close at this office, as follows: On Tuesday at 4 A. M.; on Wednesday at 1 P. M.; on Thursday at 11:30 A. M.; and on Saturday at 12 M.
T. L. JAMES, Postmaster.

THE ANNUAL HARVARD DINNER WILL take place at Delmonico's, 14th st. and 5th av., on FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 20, at 6:30 o'clock. All graduates or any who have been connected with the University are cordially invited to join. Tickets can be procured of Mr. HENRY SHERWIN, Secretary, No. 111 Broadway.

R. STUART WILLIS, [illegible]

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

The only business transacted at the Exchange yesterday was the sale by E. H. Ludlow & Co., under the direction of Trustees of the St. Louis and St. Joseph (Missouri) Railroad, embracing seventy-two miles of rail, together with real estate, rolling stock, and all right, title, and interest appertaining thereto. The property is mortgaged for $10,000,000, and was purchased by Charles Hassler, No. 9 Wall street, for the bondholders. The sale of leasehold property on Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, west of Eighth avenue, by William Kennelly, was adjourned to the 25th inst., and the sale by A. J. Bleecker, Son & White of property on Henry, Madison, Monroe, Cherry, South, and Water streets to March 7.

William Trist Bailey, No. 237 Broadway, reports having sold, at private contract, to Jackson D. Steward, a one-half interest in property surrounding and including Crystal Lake, with n four miles of Paterson, N. J., the tract of land containing about 700 acres, for $120,000.

The leasehold property No. 5 Fifth avenue, reported yesterday as sold on Tuesday for $26,000, was, we have since learned, bought in for the owner.

TO-DAY'S AUCTIONS.

The sales proposed for to-day at the Exchange are more numerous than usual, the list being as follows:

By Adrian H. Muller & Co., executor's sale, by order of the executor of the estate of David A. Smith, deceased, of the three-story high-stoop brick house, 21.4 by 41.6, with two-story extension and lot 92 feet deep, No. 31 East Twentieth street, north side, between Broadway and Fourth avenue.

By Joseph McGuire, public auction sale of the two-and-one-half story and basement brick house and lot, 20.1 by 99.11, No. 116 East One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street, south side, between Fourth and Lexington avenues. Also, Supreme Court foreclosure sale. M. J. Waldeheimer, Esq., Referee, of a four-story high-stoop brown-stone-front house and lot, 25 by 98.9, on East Thirtieth street, north side, 175 feet west of First-avenue. Also, similar sale, William Sinclair, Esq., Referee, of the house, with irregular lot, No. 62 Leroy street, corner of Burton street.

By Richard V. Harnett, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, R. B. Roosevelt, Esq., Referee, of a house with lot, 20.7 by 100.5, on East Fifty-third street, south side, 27.2 feet east of Madison avenue.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Philo T. Ruggles, Esq, Referee, of eight houses and lots, located respectively on East Broadway, Pike, and Division streets.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., executor's sale, by order of the executor of the estate of John Marseilles, deceased, of the leasehold property No. 33 Vandam street, north side, about 125 feet east of Varick street, embracing a lot 25 by 100, with a two-story attic and basement brick house 25 by 40 thereon. Lease (Trinity Church) expires May 1, 1885; renewal for twenty-one years; ground rent $235 per annum.

By Wood, Brady & Todd, Trustees' sale of the following valuable Brooklyn real estate: Four lots on Hamilton avenue, running through to Seventeenth street, with buildings on same, consisting of offices, extensive coal sheds, &c., now used and known as "Bennett's Coal Yard," the plot having a frontage on Hamilton avenue of 122 feet at the intersection of Middle street, now Prospect avenue, with an average depth of 200 feet, and a frontage on Seventeenth street of 75 feet; also, one lot, 25 by 100.2, on Eighteenth street, north side, 250 feet west of Third avenue.

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Monday, Feb. 17.

Cliff st., s. s., 94.6 ft. e. of Avenue C, 38x100; Morrisania

Laight st., n. s., 174.11 ft. e. of Varick st., thence n. w. 47.10 ft. to s.s. Canal st., at point 77.2 ft. w. of Laight st., thence e. 31 ft., thence s. w., 30.2 ft., to Laight st., thence w. 25 ft., being No. 12 Laight st. and No. 404 Canal st.; Thompson st., No. 112, w. s., 57 ft. s. of Prince st., 19x75 $7,000

Pearl st., No. 76, s. e. s., 25.8 ft. n. e. of Coenties slip, 23.8x72x24.6x79; Pacific st., s. s., 333.2 ft. e. of Flatbush av., 25x110, Brooklyn, ½ part 1,000

Samuel st., s. s., 149 ft. w. of Prospect av., 25x115, West Farms 6,500

[illegible], n. s., 40 ft. w. of Washington st., 20x50 550

[illegible]th st., No. 439 East, n. s., 100 ft. w. of Avenue D, 13x25 12,000

[illegible]th st., s. s., 425 ft. w. of 8th av., 25x98.9 3,250

[illegible]th st., s. s., 206.6 ft. e. of 6th av., 18.6x98.9 11,500

[illegible]th st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of 6th av., 17x98.9 27,750

[illegible]th st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 9th av., 100x98.9 25,000

[illegible]th st., n. s., 135.10 ft. e. of 9th av., 17.10x100.5 44,000

Same property 22,250

[illegible]th st., n. s., 160 ft. e. of 3d av., 50x100.4 22,250

[illegible]th st., s. s., 268.9 ft. w. of 3d av., 18.9x102.2 10,000

[illegible]th st., n. w. corner Lexington av., 20x82.2, also Lexington av., w. s., 82.2 ft. n. of 79th st., 20x40, one piece 16,900

[illegible] st., s. e. corner, 11.1x102.2 35,000

[illegible]th st., No. 317 East, n.s., 200 ft. e. of 2d av., 25x100.11 8,000

[illegible]th st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 1st. av., 75x100.11 14,000

[illegible]th st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 8th av., 25x100.6 14,000

[illegible], 17x100

[illegible]th st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 4th av., 16x99.11 375

[illegible]son av., w. s., 30 ft. s. of 27th st., thence s. 3 ft., thence w. 45 ft., thence again s. 42.6 ft., thence w. 15 ft., thence n. 68.9 ft., thence to beginning 11,000

[illegible], w. s., 128 ft. n. of 18th st., 18x60 26,000

[illegible], n. w. corner 104th st., 50x100 3,400

576

LEASES RECORDED.

Bowery, No. 43, 2d, 3d, and 4th floors, 5 years, per year $1,500

Canal st., No. 21, and Division st., No. 155, three years, per year 1,100

Vesey st., No. 73, 2 years, per year 4,200

CITY REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES FOR SALE ON 5TH AV. AND NEAR-BY STREETS.

Some real bargains.

For particulars and permits apply to

WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine st.

FOR SALE—ONE OR ALL OF THE HIGH-STOOP houses, Nos. 586, 584, and 582 7th av., including [illegible] junction with Broadway and opposite the [illegible] first-class hotel now erecting; examination will [illegible] property is very desirably located for future [illegible] purposes, and can be purchased for about one-[illegible] must be worth in a few years. OWNER, No. [illegible] 44th st.

WE WANT TO BUY A FIRST-CLASS house not less than 22 feet wide, between 35th [illegible] sts., Madison and 6th avs. [illegible] containing location, terms, and all particulars, [illegible] prompt attention. COLLINS & LEE, No. 4 Union square. Other houses wanted either to sell or rent.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—ON GROUND RENT for twenty years, or as it is for three or five [illegible] property No. 7 West 29th st., 150 feet west [illegible] 75 feet front, double dwelling, and vacant [illegible] Apply to G. A. KISSAM, No. 6 Pine st., or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

$1,000 LOTS UPON STREETS FULLY graded, lighted with gas, and flagged only ten minutes' walk from the Third Avenue bridge over the Harlem River, and less than [illegible] from 3d av.; terms to suit. F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner of Wall st.

THIRTY-EIGHTH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—FOR [illegible] superior-built four-story high-stoop brown-[illegible] 22 feet wide; perfect order; all modern [illegible] Price low and terms easy. Apply to ISAAC KONIG, No. 111 Broadway, Rooms G and H, basement.

A DECIDED BARGAIN.—FOR SALE, A MAG[illegible] four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, [illegible] containing all the latest improvements, hard wood, &c., on 57th st., between 8th and [illegible] Apply to ISAAC KONIG, No. 111 Broadway, basement.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE STORE AND TENE[illegible] the west side of 4th av., near 125th st.; [illegible] stories; in good condition; rents well; [illegible] prospective value as the Fourth avenue improve[illegible] completion; terms easy. Apply to CHARLES RUSTON, attorney, &c., No. 170 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE FIRST-CLASS [illegible] brown-stone house No. 24 East 127th st., [illegible] and Madison avs.; just overhauled and [illegible] if desired; possession at any time. CHARLES RUSTON, attorney, &c., No. 170 Broadway.

WE HAVE AN ACTUAL PURCHASER FOR [illegible] medium or full sized house, situated [illegible] and 6th avs., on or near Murray Hill, at a [illegible] exceed $50,000. F. G. & C. S. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway.

AVENUE A, NEAR 18TH ST.—AN IMPROVED [illegible] 163 feet, for the low price of $28,000; [illegible] $3,800; can be increased to $5,600; F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner of Wall st.

FOR SALE—$17,500 WILL BUY THE FOUR-[illegible] tenement brick private dwelling, No. 127 [illegible] between Lexington and 4th avs.; house [illegible] out and in splendid order. Apply on [illegible] to F. ZITHL, No. 1,026 3d av.

A SUPERIOR PRIVATE STABLE AND TWO lots, situated between the 5th and 6th [illegible]th st., for sale; a rare chance for resi[illegible] vicinity to own their own stable. F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner of Wall st.

TO LOAN,

For permanent investment, one sum of $25,000, also [illegible] on first-class property only; only legal charges required. Apply to SAM'L C. SELDEN, [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE POPERTY, NO. 250 [illegible] to No. 66 East 9th st.; large room to [illegible] 10th st., in second story. Principals [illegible] GEORGE SLOANE, No. 787 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

First-class houses, Nos. 203 and 207 West 45th st., also Nos. 247 and 249 West 44th st., [illegible] inquire on premises.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—STORAGE STORES—[illegible] Nos. 5 and 6 Atlantic Dock, fronting East River, [illegible] Hamilton Ferry. S. R. SCHIEFFELIN, [illegible]

$16,500 WILL BUY A THREE-STORY high-stoop brown-stone house in East [illegible] improvements, and in good order; easy [illegible] F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner of Wall st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP [illegible] house, 20x50x100; No. 108 East 26th [illegible] R. H. ALLEN, Jr., Nos. 14 and 16 White st.

FOR SALE—A NEAT LITTLE HOUSE ON 53d [illegible] st., price $7,000. [illegible] W. WILLIAMS, No. 837 6th av.

[illegible]

CITY REAL ESTATE.

ELEGANT DWELLINGS CHEAP—NO. 18 East 5th st., Nos. 1 and 19 East 53d st., No. 18 West 53d st., No. 16 West 52d st., No. 15 East 48th st. 5th av., Nos. 299, 584, 675, 781, 783.
V. K. STEVENSON, Jr., No. 11 Pine st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

HANDSOME THREE-STORY VILLA, CORner of Degraw st. and 8th av.; 22x60; close to the Park. JOHN LACY, No. 538 Broadway, New-York.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, BROOKLYN.—Brown-stone-front house for sale or to let, furnished; fine view of the river. Address Box 1,339 Post Office.

$5,000 TO $8,000 WILL BUY THREE-STORY brick houses, all improvements, 10 to 15 rooms; terms to suit. O. V. Holcomb, 89 B'way, W'msburg.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY REAL ESTATE.

Improved and unimproved, in New-Rochelle, Mamaroneck, Rye, Port Chester, Harrison, White Plains, Mount Vernon, Westchester, and all the towns in the lower part of the County, for sale, exchange, and to rent; elegant deep water fronts for sale. Sole agents for the sale of the celebrated Huguenot Park property at New-Rochelle.

Particular attention to the sale of land at auction.

LE COUNT & PINE,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND AUCTIONEERS,
No. 136 Pearl st., New-York, and
Main st., New-Rochelle.

"THE BEST!—DECIDEDLY!"

RUTHERFORD PARK, N.J.

Forty minutes from foot of Chambers st. Dwellings and building sites for sale in great variety, and on accommodating terms. Apply to Henry G. Bell, 41 Worth st.; F. W. Tomkins, 37 Park row; Robert S. Walker, 205 Broadway; George McKibbin, 49 Greene st.; John Barry, 156 Broadway; D. B. Ivison, 138 Grand st.; F. T. Hewitt, Agent, 3 Broad st., Room 11; D. Van Winkle, Rutherford Park, N. J.

FOR SALE—ON THE HUDSON, TWENTY-EIGHT miles (one hour and ten minutes) from New-York, a charming country seat, modern house, gardener's cottage, a large barn and poultry-house with about twenty acres of land; the place has no superior on the river for beauty of situation, perfect health, pure water, and is entirely free from chills and fever; fruits in great variety in full bearing, lawn shaded by evergreens and elms, large garden stocked with small fruits, grapes, &c., protected from the north winds by a wooded hill-side, with graded paths to the summit, where the view of mountain and river is unequalled in extent and beauty by any private place on the Hudson. Large photographs can be seen at Homer Morgan's. For further information apply to W. R. DEAN, Nyack, or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st., New-York.

ENGLEWOOD PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A large and elegant residence containing fifteen rooms, besides bath-room, fully appointed butler's pantry, store-room, and laundry, and a very large number of closets. The house is a thoroughly built frame dwelling, containing every modern improvement and convenience. The lot is a corner lot, 180 feet by 500 feet, situated on the east side of the railroad, about half a mile from the depot, on high ground, and is one of the most eligible locations of this charming region. On the premises is a fine stable, with stalls for four horses. The grounds are well laid out, and planted with forest and fruit trees and shrubbery. Possession given at any time desired. Price, $35,000. Apply to D. W. SMITH, at Well's store, Palisade av., Englewood. Box No. 2,717 Post Office, New-York.

HOME! HOME!! HOME!!!—At Flushing, 6 miles from New-York; 103 trains daily from 6 A. M. to 12 at night; a yearly commutation ticket free.

(Fare 8c. by package tickets.)

For sale, a French slate roof House, filled in with brick; gas, water, marble mantels; good closets; sewer connections, with double plot of ground; guttered and flagged.

Price $4,000.

The owner intends to sell, and any party who can invest in a home, from $500 to $2,500, will address Box No. 142 Post Office, obtain a free pass to Flushing, and full particulars.

COUNTRY-SEAT AT CROTON POINT, ON the Hudson.—To let, furnished, for the season or longer if desired, the residence of the late Dr. R. T. Underhill, with lawn, fruit-trees, stable, &c.; a vegetable garden will be planted and ice supplied; the house contains fourteen rooms, including bath-room, &c., and in good order; the above offers a good opportunity for those desiring a residence with fine scenery, fishing, boating, &c. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

FOR SALE—A NEW THREE-STORY AND BASEment brick dwelling-house; modern improvements throughout, situate in the most desirable part of Hoboken; possession at any time; terms reasonable. Apply to HAZEN KIMBALL, Office, Hoboken Fire Insurance Company, corner Newark and Hudson sts., Hoboken.

FOR SALE AT CATSKILL—A SPLENDID country seat, a new dwelling containing nine rooms, all the modern improvements; size of lot, 72 feet front by 510 feet deep; two barns and necessary out-buildings; plenty of fruit; price $7,000. Photographs of the same can be seen at the office of BLISS & JAMES, No. 346 Broome st.

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, COMPRISING seven acres of land, and having 300 feet of river front, situated at Yonkers, for sale at a bargain. Also, a great variety of other property for sale or rent. Address UNDERHILL & ACKERMAN, Real Estate Agents, Warburton av., opposite City Hall, Yonkers, N. Y.

A SUPERIOR STOCK AND GRAZING FARM OF 228 acres, in the best part of Dutchess County, with fine improvements, for sale, or will be exchanged for good City improved property, with $10,000 to $20,000 in cash also, if wanted.
F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner of Wall st.

A RARE CHANCE.—FOR SALE OR TO LET AT Pleasantville, Westchester County, a large double house, pleasantly situated, on a rise of ground, ten acres of land, and an apple orchard in good bearing order. For particulars inquire of REMER & SEE, No. 183 West st., or of C. H. HOYT, Pleasantville.

A MOST DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE, near the village of Bedford, Westchester County; buildings and fences in perfect order; nearly 200 acres of land in good state of cultivation; abundance of fruit, &c. Apply to CHARLES RUSTON, attorney, &c., No. 170 Broadway.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.

SALE, RENT, OR EXCHANGE.
HENRY TAYLOR,
No. 4 Pine st., New-York.

FOR SALE AT MONTCLAIR, N. J.—AN ATtractive modern house; fourteen rooms, very convenient; two acres, barn, and hennery; only ten minutes' walk to two depots. Apply between 11 and 1, to S. W. TUBBS, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 78.

THIRTEEN ACRES OF FINE LEVEL LAND for sale, suitable either for building sites or farming purposes, situated within a few minutes' walk of depot; terms very easy. Apply to JOHN PEED, Rockville Centre, Long Island.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE FARM WITHIN one mile of the Twenty-fourth Ward, in this City, including mansion, two cottages, out-buildings, garden, fruits, &c. Apply at No. 103 Fulton st., to PETER A. H. JACKSON.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

A HOME IN THE COUNTRY—CENTRAL NEW-Jersey Land Improvement Company have houses, lots, and land by the acre for sale at all points on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey. Apply to A. D. HOPE, or ELSTON MARSH, No. 119 Liberty st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOUSE AND CARRIAGE-house on Main st., Westfield, N.J., three minutes from depot; commutation, $75 yearly. PHILIP S. JUSTICE, No. 42 Cliff st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—ELEGANT NEW SWISS cottage on Fort Hill, 4th av., New-Brighton. WM. A. CROCKER, No. 150 Broadway, second story, Room No. 2, or PHILIP S. JUSTICE, No. 42 Cliff st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J., (SPECIALTY.)—HEALTHFUL mountain home, nine rooms, furnished; stable, half acre, excellent neighborhood, macadamized road; $8,000. HAMILTON & WALLIS, 30 Pine st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE.—GRANITE QUARries on Midland Railroad, twenty-six miles from New-York. M. J. RYERSON, Bloomingdale, Passaic County, N. J.

YONKERS.—SALE, LET, OR EXCHANGE, HOUSE, delightfully situated; Warburton av., near station. P. G. HUBERT, Jr., No. 61 Liberty st.

ORANGE.—NEW HOUSE, ALL IMPROVEMENTS, near Montrose Station; sale, let, or exchange.
P. G. HUBERT, Jr., No. 61 Liberty st.

STAMFORD.—CHOICE BUILDING SITES; HOUSES erected to order on easy terms; also, fine villa for sale, let, or exchange. P. G. HUBERT, Jr., 61 Liberty st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF ARREARS,
OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF ARREARS, Dec. 1, 1873.

NOTICE OF SALE OF LANDS AND TENEments for unpaid taxes of 1869 and 1870, and Croton-water rents of 1868 and 1869, under the direction of Andrew H. Green, Controller of the City of New-York.—The undersigned hereby gives public notice, pursuant to the provisions of the act entitled "An act for the collection of taxes, assessments, and Croton-water rents in the City of New-York, and to amend the several acts in relation thereto," passed April 8, 1871:

That the respective owners of all lands and tenements in the City of New-York on which taxes have been laid and confirmed, situated in the Wards Nos. 1 to 22, inclusive, for the years 1869 and 1870, and now remaining due and unpaid; and also the respective owners of all lands and tenements in the City of New-York, situated in the wards aforesaid, on which the regular Croton-water rents have been laid for the years 1868 and 1869, and are now remaining due and unpaid, are required to pay the said taxes and Croton-water rent so remaining due and unpaid to the Clerk of Arrears, at his office, in the Department of Finance, in the New Court-house, with the interest thereon, at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum, to the time of payment with the charges of this notice and advertisement, and if default shall be made in such payment such lands and tenements will be sold at public auction at the New Court-house, in the City Hall Park, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 9th day of March, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, for the lowest term of years at which any person shall offer to take the same in consideration of advancing the amount of tax or Croton-water rent, as the case may be, so due and unpaid, and the interest thereon as aforesaid to the time of sale, and the charges of this notice and advertisement and all other costs and charges accrued thereon, and that such sale will be continued from time to time until all the lands and tenements here advertised for sale shall be sold.

And notice is hereby further given that a detailed statement of the taxes and the Croton-water rents, the ownership of the property taxed, and on which Croton-water rents are unpaid, is published in a pamphlet, and that copies of the pamphlet are deposited in the office of the Bureau of the Clerk of Arrears, and will be delivered to any person applying for the same.

A. S. CADY,
Clerk of Arrears.

HUGH N. CAMP, Auctioneer.

HUGH N. CAMP WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York, by order of the Court of Common Pleas, under the direction of R. M. Harison, Esq., Referee:

CHAMBERS STREET.—The valuable five-story brick building, No. 108 Chambers st., south side, 50 [illegible]

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer.

BY JERE. JOHNSON, Jr.—OFFICE, NO. 21 PARK ROW, NEW-YORK.
TUESDAY, Feb. 24,
at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.
GREAT BARGAINS FOR SOMEBODY.
UNPRECEDENTED OPPORTUNITY to purchase at positive auction sale, on as easy terms as ever were offered, the real estate of a gentleman going abroad.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET—30 feet west of Seventh avenue Boulevard.—Magnificent four-story brown-stone house, two floors, finished in hard wood; every convenience requisite in a first-class dwelling.

No. 478 CARLTON AVENUE, BROOKLYN.—Three-story Philadelphia-brick front house, suitable for a genteel residence of a family who wish to economize.

FOUR LOTS IN NEWTOWN.—Nos. 2, 3, and 4 on Linden Hill map, located on Flushing av. (Fresh ponds.)

The attention of all who wish to make an investment that will pay enormously is called to above sale.

Maps of JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., No. 21 Park row, New-York.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET,

WITH ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, SPLENDID LIGHT AND VENTILATION,
SUITABLE FOR
Banks, Bankers, Brokers, Merchants, Lawyers, Railway, Insurance, and other Companies,
IN BUILDINGS
Nos. 38, 39, 40, 42, 57, 64, 66, 69, 71, 73, 78, and 80 BROADWAY,
Nos. 5, 7, 17, 19, 34, 36, 49, 53 NEW ST.,
Nos. 4, 6, 11, 17, 19, 21, 38 BROAD ST.,
Nos. 55 and 57 EXCHANGE PLACE,
ALL NEAR WALL ST.
And Nos. 4 and 19 WALL ST.
APPLY AT THE OFFICE OF
EDWARD MATTHEWS,
Nos. 4 and 6 BROAD ST.

OFFICES TO LET.

Splendid Light and Ventilation. Suitable for Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers, Railroad, and other Corporations, in the

DREXEL BUILDING
BROAD AND WALL STS.

TWO ELEVATORS; FIRE-PROOF; HEATED BY STEAM.

The building not having been entirely completed in time for occupancy last May, there are still some very desirable offices vacant, which will be let to satisfactory parties at moderate rates. Apply to
WM. H. LEECH, Sup't, Room No. 40, or to
DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

BROADWAY.

Desirable corner-property to let or lease, south-east corner of Broadway and 4th st., extending through to Lafayette place; size, 45 feet on Broadway, 275 feet on 4th st., and 48 feet on Lafayette place. Apply to
WM. & E. A. CRUIKSHANK, No. 68 Broadway.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

FOR RENT—A LARGE STORE IN TRENTON, N. J., suitable for a dry-goods, fine grocery, or clothing store. The location of this property is such that an enterprising party leasing it for a term of years is sure of establishing a large and profitable cash trade. The store is situated on the principal business street of the town, between two large markets, and opposite Taylor's Opera-house.
Apply to
E. L. ALEXANDER,
No. 117 Liberty st., New-York.

A LEASE IS OFFERED OF THE BUILDINGS on the north-west corner of Broome and Mott sts., lately occupied by Messrs. Brewster & Co., entire or divided; they are six stories, about 76x122 feet; they are kept open for examination, and all particulars obtainable by addressing
A. KURSHEEDT, No. 44 7th av.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE FIVE-STORY BRICK building Nos. 34 and 36 Elizabeth st., near Canal st., suitable for a manufactory; building 50x30; lot 50 x100; if required the building will be enlarged; good brick stabling; immediate possession can be given. Apply to J. MILTON WATERHOUSE, agent, 174 Canal st.

TO LET—FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS, THE STORE No. 52 Beekman st., 25 feet front; first-class five story, basement, and sub-cellar; marble front; will be leased on reasonable terms. Apply to WARD McALLISTER, owner, No. 28 West 19th st., or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

BROADWAY STORE FOR SALE, NO. 768 Broadway, near A. T. Stewart's upper store.—Ground, Snug Harbor lease, twenty-one years to run; lot about 23 by 100 feet; possession. Price asked, $60,000; one-half may remain on bond and mortgage.
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

STORE TO LET IN BROADWAY BLOCK.—STORE No. 20 Vesey st., 25x100, and dry and light sub-cellar of No. 30 Vesey st. Apply to J. & J. W. MEEKS, No. 30 Vesey st., Room No. 6.

NOS. 743 AND 745 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE Astor place.—To lease, new double store, 52x200, running through to Mercer st.; best lighted building on Broadway. Apply to D. W. BRUCE, No. 13 Chambers st.

TO LET—A NICE STORE FOR A BAKERY, WITH a good oven. Inquire at No. 405 East 19th st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO RENT—AT IRVINGTON, ON THE HUDSON, twenty-five miles from New-York, a dwelling-house of stone, with all modern improvements: it has sixteen rooms, all repainted and papered last Summer. On the premises is a large barn with stables and carriage-house. The grounds contain about three acres, handsomely laid out with flower and kitchen gardens. This is one of the most elegant and desirable residences on the Hudson, and is but three minutes' walk from the station, at which stop thirty trains daily. Will be rented for a term of years by C. L. TIFFANY, Union square, to whom application must be made for permit to view.

FIFTH AV.—TO LEASE TO A RESPONSIBLE party, an extra-sized brown-stone four-story house; lot 125 feet deep, and a full lot communicating on an adjoining street; will deal with principals. Address BUSINESS, Box No. 158 *Times* Office.

A FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR TO LET—Suitable for light house-keeping; small family, private house, modern improvements, quiet neighborhood. No. 327 East 15th st., Stuyvesant square; references required.

HOUSE NO. 25 EAST 20TH ST., TO LET or lease.—Three doors east of Broadway; house open; possession immediately. Apply to JOHN BISCO, No. 238 East 23d st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—HOUSE AND LOT IN THIS CITY, OR country adjacent, worth from $15,000 to $25,000, in exchange for a valuable collection of oil-paintings, mostly by foreign artists. A rare opportunity to embellish a home with works of art, without expenditure of cash. Address, stating price, location, and dimensions, Box No. 181, Office New-York *Times*.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, NEAR THE LINE of 5th av., a full or extra wide house; one that is not built in the modern style preferred.
F. G. & C. S. BROWN, Broadway, corner of Wall st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A MARRIED COUPLE OF REFINEMENT, and having one little girl, would take charge of a gentleman's house; lady would teach English and music; husband obtain meals in the City. Address MEDICUS, No. 78 Cedar st., Room No. 10.

$2,000.—WANTED TO RENT—A SMALL house between 4th and 6th avs.; possession May 1, 1874; rent, $2,000. Address, with particulars, Box No. 2,513 New-York Post Office.

WANTED—HOUSES TO RENT BETWEEN MADIson and 7th avs. We have applications every day for houses in the above locations. B. W. WILLIAMS, No. 837 6th av.

PERSONS DESIRING TO RENT THEIR houses are invited to enter them in our books. No charge unless tenant procured.
COLES & HUBBARD, No. 1,292 Broadway.

DIVIDENDS.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO.
SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Chicago, Feb. 11, 1874.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company that a cash dividend of five per cent. has this day been declared upon the preferred and common stock of this company out of the earnings of the last six months, payable at the Banking House of the company's agents, Messrs. M. K. Jesup & Company, No. 59 Liberty st., New-York, on the 10th day of March next, to holders who are registered as such at the close of business hours on the 21st day of February inst., at which time the transfer-books will be closed, and reopened for transfers on the 11th day of March next.
W. M. LARRABEE,
Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting under the firm name of PRIEST & FULLER expires this day by limitation. F. A. FULLER, Jr., is authorized to sign the firm name in liquidation.
E. A. PRIEST, } General Partners.
F. A. FULLER, Jr., }
R. S. BENEDICT, Special Partner.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 31, 1874.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of PRIEST, FULLER & LAWRENCE, as successors to the business of the late firm of PRIEST & FULLER:
E. A. PRIEST,
F. A. FULLER, Jr.,
J. S. LAWRENCE.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1874.

THE FIRM OF SLOTE & BRUCE IS THIS day dissolved by mutual consent, LEVERETT W. BRUCE withdrawing from the concern. The business of boots and shoes will be continued by the undersigned at the old location, No. 430 Broadway, New-York, who alone is authorized to settle the business of the late firm.
JOHN SLOTE.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 16, 1874.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership firm heretofore existing under the name of T. TATE, Jr., & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent Feb. 11, 1874. The business will hereafter be continued by S. ELLIS BRIGGS, who is now the owner of all claims due the said firm.
T. TATE, Jr.,
S. ELLIS BRIGGS.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 16, 1874.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
Nos. 261 and 263 Broadway.
Paid up and Unimpaired Capital,
$1,000,000,
divided among 418 stockholders, who are personally liable for all its obligations, to the amount of one million dollars in addition.

Pays FOUR PER CENT. interest per annum on deposits, subject to check at sight.
Pays FIVE PER CENT. interest per annum on special deposits remaining six months or longer.
Acts as trustee for estates.
D. R. MANGAN, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice President.
B. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice President.
JOHN C. CRUIKSHANK, Secretary.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.
DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
WASH'N R. VERMILYE, DONALD MACKAY,
JAS. A. TROWBRIDGE, LATHAM A. FISH.

Central Railroad Extension Company OF LONG ISLAND.
First Mortgage Seven per Cent. Bonds.
Coupon Bonds of $1,000 and $500 each.
Interest due 1st May and 1st November.
Principal Due 1903.
Price, 87½ and Accrued Interest.
A limited amount for sale by
KNOBLAUCH & LICHTENSTEIN,
NO. 37 BROAD STREET.
THE ROAD IS AN EXTENSION OF A. T. STEWART'S CENTRAL RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND, AND IS IN FULL OPERATION.

UNION TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 73 BROADWAY, CORNER OF RECTOR ST.
CAPITAL,
ONE MILLION DOLLARS,
invested in United States bonds.
EDWARD KING, President.
J. M. McLEAN, First Vice President.
WM. WHITEWRIGHT, Jr., Second Vice President.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:
J. M. McLEAN, SAMUEL WILLETS,
B. H. HUTTON, WM. WHITEWRIGHT, Jr.,
E. B. WESLEY, GEO. CABOT WARD,
G. G. WILLIAMS, WM. BUTLER DUNCAN.
J. H. OGILVIE, Secretary.

HATCH & FOOTE
BANKERS,
No. 12 Wall st., New-York.
WE MAKE DEALINGS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS AND GOLD A SPECIALTY.
ORDERS EXECUTED IN STOCKS AND BONDS ON COMMISSION FOR CASH.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

TURNER BROTHERS,
M. C. Turner, T. C. Turner, J. Turner, E. Turner, } BANKERS, { A. Turner, G. M. Turner, J. S. Decker.
No. 14 Nassau-st., New-York,
Transact a general Banking business, (checks pass through Bank Clearing-house,) allow interest on Balances, issue Certificates of Deposit, draw Sight Exchange and make Telegraphic Transfers, pay coupons for Municipal and other Corporations, and keep Books of Registry and Transfer. Orders executed at Gold and Stock Exchanges for cash only.

Allen, Stephens & Co.
BANKERS, (Domestic,)
No. 25 Pine st., New-York.
DO NO STOCK BUSINESS.

7, 8, AND 10 PER CENT.
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,
RAILROAD BONDS,
CITY RAILROAD STOCKS AND BONDS,
And other Stocks and Bonds paying ten to twenty per cent., all strictly first-class, at the lowest market rates.
For sale by
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS AND AUCTIONEERS,
No. 43 Pine st., New-York.
N. B.—Investment Securities our specialty twenty two years.

Francis T. Walker & Co.,
NO. 10 WALL ST.
BUY AND SELL FOR CASH OR ON MARGINS, RAILROAD STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

NOTICE.

Agreeably to the provisions contained in the trust mortgage deed of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, sealed proposals, (indorsed "Proposals for Land Grant Bonds,") addressed to John N. Denison, Treasurer, Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, Boston, Mass., will be received until MONDAY, March 2, 1874, at noon, for the sale to the undersigned, for cash, of one hundred thousand dollars of the seven per cent. land mortgage bonds of said company.
J. W. BROOKS,
J. N. A. GRISWOLD, } Trustees.
ALPHEUS HARDY,
BOSTON, Feb. 14, 1874.

HONE, NICHOLAS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 43 Exchange place, New-York,
Execute orders at both Boards in Stocks, Bonds, and Gold; buy and sell commercial paper; railway loans negotiated, and Agency for out of town corporations solicited; money received on deposit at four per cent., subject to check at sight.
JOHN HONE, Jr.,
H. S. NICHOLAS,
H. CHAUVITEAU.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Pacific Railroad Company for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any other business which may legally come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, Sears' Building, Boston, on WEDNESDAY, March 11, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Transfer-books will be closed after Saturday, Feb. 28.
JOHN DUFF, Vice President.
E. H. ROLLINS, Secretary.
BOSTON, Feb. 7, 1874.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WARSAW RAILWAY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1874.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE VOTING bondholders and stockholders of this company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the company in Peoria, Ill., on TUESDAY, March 17, 1874, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

The transfer and voting bond registery books will be closed at the Transfer Agency, and the office of this Company, in this City, on the afternoon of March 1, and remain closed until March 18, 1874. Per order.
JAMES F. SECOR, Jr., Assistant Secretary.

THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS SECURED by mortgage of the Eastern Division of the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw Railroad Company are informed that the subscriber will purchase the coupons upon such bonds which matured Dec. 1, 1873, on presentation to him on and after Feb. 20 inst., at No. 31 Nassau st., New-York.
Dated Feb. 6, 1874.
L. V. F. RANDOLPH.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.—Holders of the First Mortgage Six per Cent. Gold Bonds of this Company are requested to send their address and the amount of bonds they represent to the undersigned in order to obtain concerted action if necessary. H. I. CLARKE, 103 Pearl st., New-York.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

WE ARE NOW OFFERING THE BALANCE OF THE
CITY OF ROCHESTER WATER LOAN
AT PAR AND INTEREST. The Bonds mature in the year 1903, and bear interest at seven per cent. per annum, payable in this City in January and July.
COUPON BONDS OF $1,000 EACH.
REGISTERED BONDS OF $1,000 AND $5,000 EACH.

Under the direction of the BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS more than EIGHT MILES of SERVICE-PIPE has been laid and brought into ACTUAL SERVICE during the past year.

We UNQUALIFIEDLY RECOMMEND this loan as a first-class investment, UNSURPASSED IN ITS SECURITY.

Robinson, Chase & Co.
BANKERS, NO. 18 BROAD ST.

Toledo, Wabash & Western
7 Per Cent.
GOLD BONDS
For Sale at 85 and Interest.
WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
No. 27 Pine St.

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Co.
SECOND MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.
COUPON BONDS OF $1,000 EACH.
REGISTERED BONDS OF $1,000 AND $5,000 EACH.
INTEREST PAYABLE 1ST JUNE AND 1ST DECEMBER.
PRINCIPAL DUE IN 1903.
PRICE, 95 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.
For sale on behalf of the company by
SCOTT, STRONG & CO.,
Bankers, No. 36 Broad st.

The nominal amount of bonds authorized to be issued under this mortgage is twenty-five millions. Of this amount SIX MILLIONS are reserved to extinguish or absorb the unsecured bonds known as the "New Sinking Fund 7s of 1882," and of the balance but ONE MILLION in amount are now offered for sale.

WOOD & DAVIS,
BANKERS,
No. 31 Pine St., New-York,
Receive the accounts of banks and bankers, merchants, and corporations.
execute orders for United States and municipal stocks, railroad bonds, and investment securities for estate and trust funds.
C. D. WOOD SAM'L D. DAVIS.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY.

In conformity to contracts between the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company and the following companies, known as its branches, sealed proposals are invited to sell this Company the Eight Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds of those Companies, of the amount set against the name of each Company respectively, or any part thereof. Proposals to be opened March 4, at 12 o'clock noon, the lowest offers, not exceeding par and accrued interest, to be accepted, and the bidders notified:

American Central Railroad Company, eight per cent., due July 1, 1878 $50,000

Peoria and Hannibal Railroad Company, eight per cent., due July 1, 1878 20,000

Keokuk and St. Paul Railroad Company, eight per cent., due April 1, 1879 50,000

Carthage and Burlington Railroad Company, eight per cent., due May 1, 1879 30,000

Dixon, Peoria and Hannibal Railroad Company, eight per cent., due July 1, 1889 40,000

Quincy and Warsaw Railroad Company, eight per cent., due July 1, 1890 20,000

Illinois Grand Trunk Railroad Company, eight per cent., due Oct. 1, 1890 30,000

Ottawa, Oswego and Fox River Valley Railroad Company, eight per cent., due July 1, 1900 40,000

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, marked "Proposals for Branch Bonds."
JOHN N. DENISON, Chairman of the Board.
BOSTON, Feb. 18, 1874.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY.

In conformity to contracts between the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company and the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, sealed proposals are invited to sell this company four hundred and nineteen thousand dollars, or any part thereof, in the seven per cent. bonds of the last-named company, known as second series, convertible into stock at maturity, July 1, 1875; and one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars, or any part thereof, in the eight per cent. bonds of the same company, known as third series, convertible into stock at maturity, July 1, 1878, or on any interest day, at the holders' option. Proposals to be opened March 2, at 12 o'clock noon; the lowest offers, not exceeding par and accrued interest, to be accepted, and the bidders notified.

Proposals (marked "Proposals for B. and M. Bonds") should be addressed to the undersigned.
BOSTON, Feb. 18, 1874. JOHN N. DENISON, Chairman of the Board.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Sealed proposals are invited by this Company, until the 20th inst., for the purchase of one million dollars, or any part thereof, in the one thousand dollar seven per cent. mortgage bonds of the Company, due July, 1903. Interest and principal payable in Boston.

The proposals will be opened at 12 noon, the 20th inst., and the bonds awarded to the highest bidders, who will be immediately notified, the Company reserving the right to decline unsatisfactory offers.

The bonds will be subject to the accrued coupon interest from Jan. 1, to be paid for in installments, viz: Ten per cent. upon notification of acceptance of bid, thirty per cent. March 10, and the balance April 1, or the full amount may be paid immediately.

Proposals should be addressed to the undersigned.
BOSTON, Feb. 5, 1874. JOHN N. DENISON, Chairman of the Board.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY CO.

Stockholders of the above road who are opposed to its lease to the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, and to a direction in the interest of said Atlantic and Great Western Road, are invited to send their proxies to the undersigned.
LELAND BROS. & CO., No. 19 Nassau st., New-York,
or J. & S. FERGUSON, No. 35 Pine st., New-York.
Blanks sent on application.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD CONSOLIdated Mortgage, seven per cent. Coupon Bonds.
The bonded debt as per statement of Jan. 27, 1874, is as follows, upon 285 miles:

First Mortgage eight per cents, due in 1882 $2,735,000

Less sinking fund 1,665,400—$1,069,600

Consolidated 7s of 1902 7,000,000

Total $8,069,600

For sale by L. T. HOYT, No. 46 Exchange place.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS

Wanted by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
No. 43 Pine st., New-York.

INSURANCE STOCK.
CONTINENTAL FIRE INSURANCE STOCK
For sale by W. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine st.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 11, 1874.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, March 4, 1874, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. The transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of Feb. 21, and remain closed until March 5.
GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17, 1874.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE ANnual meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, March 10, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Musical Fund Hall, Locust st., above 8th, Philadelphia.

The annual election of Directors will be held on TUESDAY, March 24, 1874, at the Company's office, No. 233 South 4th st.
JOSEPH LESLEY, Secretary.

LOST OR STOLEN—TWO CERTIFICATES OF STOCK in the Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company, as follows, viz.: No. 61,276, for 100 shares, in name of Harriot & Noyes. No. 59,542, for 100 shares, in name of J. E. Fox & Co. All persons are cautioned against negotiating the same, as transfer has been stopped.

A reward will be paid for their return to
HILL, SCOTT & CO.,
No. 37 Wall st.

OFFICE OF LEHIGH AND WILKESBARRE Coal Company.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company and an election for President and Directors will be held at the office, No. 135 South 2d st., Philadelphia, on THURSDAY, 26th of February, inst., at 12 o'clock noon. S. McHENRY, Secretary.
FEB. 11, 1874.

$50,000 WANTED BY THE BOARD OF Education of the City of Lansing, Mich., on bonds of said Board; time to suit. For particulars, address
R. S. ROBSON,
Chairman of Committee of Finance.

NEW-YORK MUTUAL AND OTHER GAS stocks, bought and sold by
W. C. NOYES, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine st.

GREAT WESTERN AND MERCANTILE MUTUal (Marine) Insurance Stocks, bought and sold by
W. C. NOYES, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE TO DEALERS IN CATTLE HORNS AND HAIR TAILS.—The Butchers' Hide and Melting Association are prepared to show samples and receive bids for all the cattle horns and hair tails that may be received by them from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1874, inclusive. Bids to be opened at their office, 44th and 45th sts., East River, on TUESDAY, 24th, at 4 o'clock P. M.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF GAS-FIXTURES, TOOLS, [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., Junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH AV., FORmerly with Bedell, several competent and reliable servants, well recommended, Protestant and Catholic, for City and country.

AT SIMMS', NO. 543 6TH AV., WILL BE FOUND A number of first-class colored servants, male and female, for City or country, at reduced wages.

BAKER.—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH LADY TO ATtend a bakery or confectionery. Address Miss E. R., Box No. 104 *Times* Office, for three days.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable Protestant girl, who thoroughly understands her duties; is clean and orderly with her work, and a good waitress; understands the care and cleaning of silver; best recommendations. Call at No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE GERman girl as first-class chamber-maid, and is a good plain sewer; will assist in waiting or the care of children; can teach German; is neat, willing, and obliging; best City reference; City or country. Call at No. 205 West 27th st., near 7th av., first floor.

CHAMBER-MAID AND LAUNDRESS.—BY A German young woman, who is also a good seamstress, nurse, &c.; has best of City references. To be seen at the Home and Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A neat, faithful girl; willing and obliging; would go in the country; can also do house-work in a small family. Can be seen at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A NORTH GERMAN GIRL as chamber-maid and waitress, and to assist in washing and ironing in a small family; best City reference. Apply at No. 248 10th av., between 24th and 25th sts., first floor.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL TO DO chamber-work and take care of children, or as waitress; best City reference. Call at 202 West 19th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMpetent Protestant woman, to do light chamber-work and sewing. Apply at her present employer's, No. 25 5th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT girl, with good references, to do chamber-work and waiting in a small private family. Apply at No. 70 West 12th st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL as chamber-maid in a private family. Call at No. 87 4th av., first floor.

COOK.—BY A SUPERIOR ENGLISH COOK, WHO understands the care of milk and butter, in a small private family; she is a good bread and cake baker, and willing to go into the country; good references; moderate wages. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., corner 9th st., next door to Park & Tilford's grocery store.

COOK.—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, HIGHLY REspectable and excellent cook; meats, games, soups of all kinds, pastry, creams, jellies, ices, and all kinds of nice dishes, French or English; excellent baker; best City testimonials; neat, tidy in person and cooking, sober, honest, obliging; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY AN English young woman, who thoroughly understands good cooking and general house-work, for City or country, at moderate wages; has best of reference; is of obliging disposition. Can be seen at the Home and Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st., over the drug store.

COOK, &c.—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH GIRL, WITH two years' reference, as cook, washer, and ironer, and one year for general work, in either City or country, where the comforts of a home are offered; wages less an object than a permanent place. Apply at No. 168 6th av., over blue store.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN WHO IS THOROughly competent and understands her business to suit; has excellent references for capability, sobriety, honesty; civil and obliging; for country or City. To be seen at the Home and Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT Welsh Protestant woman; is a first-class cook in every branch: makes soups, bread, biscuit, pastries, &c., in superior style; can furnish first-class private-family references. Call at No. 133 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK, OR HOUSE-KEEPER.—BY ENGLISH young woman; is competent, able, and willing to take general work and care of house or home; City or country; has satisfactory references; superior cook in all branches. Can be seen at the "Home and Bureau," No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook in a private family; understands making all kinds of soups, jellies, &c., and is an excellent bread and biscuit-maker; has good references. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN AS FIRST-CLASS cook; excellent baker; understands the care of butter; three years' reference; county preferred. Apply at No. 34 West 13th st., near 5th av., rear house, second floor.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH GIRL as good cook; excellent baker; superior laundress; understands her business thoroughly; City reference. Call at No. 34 West 13th st., near 5th av., rear house, second floor.

COOK AND CHAMBER-WORK, OR ANY other House-work.—By a reliable couple, (English,) who can furnish first-class references and don't mind to go any distance in the country. Call or address No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., first floor.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, IN A GENTLEman's family; understands her business in all its branches; best City references. Apply at No. 211 West 28th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT ENGLISH WOMAN, AS first-class cook; references from some of the leading families of New-York. Inquire at No. 30 West 24th st.

COOK.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY; CAN DO ALL kinds of cooking, meats, soups, pastry; has the best of City references; no objections to the country. Call at No. 391 8th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS COOK; understands all kinds of meats and soups, and an excellent bread-maker; no objection to a little washing. Call at No. 253 10th av.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT WOMAN as cook; good City reference from last place. Call at No. 226 7th av.

FEMALE HELP.

All nationalities, for every capacity, at
ODELL'S,
No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.
(ESTABLISHED 1852.)

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER, OR HOUSE-work.—By a first-class German girl; is fully capable; best City references; wages moderate. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH GIRL A situation as good cook; good bread and biscuit baker; no objections to the country; good references. Address M. D., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

COOK.—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN AS FIRST-CLASS cook; excellent City reference. Call at No. 315 East 25th st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY A very respectable experienced woman, with good references. Call at No. 193 1st av.

FAMILIES REQUIRING HELP FOR ANY SITuation may provide themselves with the best of all nationalities by applying in person or written orders at the FRENCH OFFICE, No. 68 West 37th st.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN a situation as working housekeeper, or any position of trust, for a middle-aged woman; first-class references; no objection to the country. Call at No. 119 East 21st st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT, CAPABLE COLORed young woman for general house-work; is a good cook, washer, and ironer; City or country; is willing to oblige every way; has plenty good references. Can be seen at the Home Bureau, No 138 6th av., above 10th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A YOUNG GIRL; HAS BEEN taught to do well everything about a house and house-work; has no parents; wages no object; City or country; is neat, tidy, active, and willing; has good reference. Can be seen at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A PROTESTANT SERVANT to do house-work in a private family; she is a good washer and ironer and bread-maker; good references; moderate wages; City or country. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., corner 9th st., next door to Park & Tilford's grocery store.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GERMAN GIRL, TO DO general house-work; good plain cook, washer, and ironer; excellent City reference. Call at No. 34 West 13th st., near 5th av., rear house, second floor.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—BY A GERMAN LADY AS maid and housekeeper; can be seen in her present situation; no letters answered. Call at No. 503 5th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS first-class laundress; understands her business thoroughly; French fluting in a small family; City or country; excellent reference. Call at No. 107 West 18th st.

LAUNDRESS.—AS FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; understands all kinds of fine washing and ironing; fluting by hand and machine; best City reference from last place. Apply at No. 120 East 32d st., fourth bell.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A SCOTH PROTESTANT girl; thoroughly understands her business; best City reference. Call at No. 135 West 19th st., store.

NURSE.—BY A RELIABLE, MIDDLE-AGED PROTestant woman, as companion, housekeeper, or to attend an invalid lady, or as infant's nurse; has experience in the care of children; understands bringing them up by hand; no objection to the country; can give the best of reference; has never been out at service. Call or address Mrs. M. Petrie, No. 133 West 44th st.

NEW-YORK COLORED MISSION EMPLOYment Office, No. 135 West 30th st., New-York.—Waiters, coachmen, gardeners, cooks, chamber-maids, and girls for general house-work in City or country.

NURSE.—BY AN ENGLISH YOUNG WOMAN, WHO is residing with her parents, as nurse for either grown children or the care of an infant. Can be seen at her home, No. 512 West 35th st., between 10th and 11th avs.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL AS NURSE; can take entire charge of an infant; no objection to a short distance in the country; good City reference. Call at No. 513 9th av.

NURSE AND MAID, OR CHAMBER-MAID.—By a willing French girl, speaking English; has good references. Can be seen at French Bureau, No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., first floor.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN to take care of children or to do chamber-work and waiting, or sewing; can take charge of a baby from birth; has good reference. Apply at No. 244 West 16th st.

NURSE.—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN AS EXPERIenced [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A PROTestant girl a situation as nurse and seamstress; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 346 West [illegible] st., third floor, front room.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY YOUNG CREOLE WOMAN; very tidy, capable, and intelligent, as seamstress and chamber-maid; has acted in capacity of lady's maid, and is willing to be useful; can cut and fit dresses, &c.; no objection to the country. Call at No. 199 [illegible] av., over blue store.

SEAMSTRESS AND LADY'S MAID.—BEST City reference. Call from 10 to 4 at No. [illegible] 14th st., between University place and 5th av., [illegible] store.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS first-class seamstress; best reference from last place. Call at No. 222 West 27th st., between 7th and 8th avs.

THE LADIES' DIRECTORY.

No. 1,502 Broadway second door below 45th st., furnishes faithful, capable SERVANTS, in every capacity, for City and country, at moderate wages. This Directory is conducted by ladies, and means a thorough reform in domestic service. Country orders should be sent ten days in advance of visit.

Protestant cooks wanted; also French and German nurses.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS first-class waitress; understands the care of silver, salad dressings, &c., and is capable of filling a man's place; is neat and tidy; has best City reference. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, 645 6th av., near 38th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family. Call or address H. D., No. 205 East 28th st., near 3d av.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS; best City references. Call at No. 249 West 31st st., grocery store.

MALES.

A GENTLEMAN OF MIDDLE AGE, GOOD address, and can give satisfactory references, also bonds if necessary, would like a responsible position where he can obtain a fair salary. Address INTEGRITY, Box No. 110, Office New-York *Times*.

A SITUATION WANTED IN A DOWN-TOWN office by a boy seventeen years of age; can furnish good reference. Address F. CARA, No. 143 East 39th st.

COACHMAN-COOK, &c.—BY AN ENGLISH Protestant couple, on a gentleman's place; the man understands the care of horses, driving, plain gardening, &c.; is a very handy man about a place; the wife is a good cook, washer, and ironer, or general servant; both have excellent references, and are valuable servants. Apply or address 199 Joralemon st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN.—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE PROTestant young man, as coachman in a private family; will give first-class City references, and also can be seen with his present employer; none but a private family need apply. Call for two days at Protestant house, No. 208 East 59th st.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MARRIED ENGLISHman; will be disengaged on the 1st of March; is competent and can take charge of a gentleman's establishment; has many years' good City reference. Address No. 40 East 32d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE MAN, (PROTEStant;) thoroughly understands his business; unexceptionable reference from last employer. Call or address J. F., at J. B. Brewster & Co.'s, No. 238 5th av., corner of 27th st.

FARMER—DAIRY, POULTRY, &c.—BY AN American man, (married, no children,) aged twenty-five years; man understands all branches of farm-work; also machinery, cattle, horses, crops, seeds, &c.; wife is a good butter-maker, poultry-raiser, &c. Best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

FARMER, &c.—BY A YOUNG MAN LATELY landed, who can do farm-work as it is done in the old country; can also take care of horses and drive, help in garden, care cattle, milk, &c.; wages moderate. Call at Carpenter's Labor Bureau, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER.—FROM AND AFTER MARCH 1, BY a married man (no incumbrance) as gardener; thoroughly understands the care of greenhouses and graperies, and can do repairs in carpenter's work. Address D. Brennan, in care of present employer, T. Casanova, Hommock Park, Westchester County, New Haven Post Office.

GARDENER.—BY A STRICTLY SOBER, INDUStrious man; married, small family; thoroughly understands his business; hot and cold graperies, greenhouse and hot-house, vegetables, fruit, flowers, and laying out of new grounds; best of references. For particulars, address N. R., gardener, No. 876 Broadway, care of Mr. Bridgeman.

GARDENER.—BY A SCOTCHMAN (SMALL FAMily) who has had eight years' experience as head gardener in one of the finest places on the Hudson; references unexceptionable. Address J. M., care Peter Henderson & Co., No. 35 Cortlandt st.

GARDENER.—BY A SCOTCHMAN, MARRIED, NO family; understands his business thoroughly in all its various departments; first-class references; four years in this country; none without glass need apply. Address R. C., Box No. 239 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—MARRIED; TWO IN THE FAMILY; understands green-house, grapery and vegetables, laying out new grounds; first-class references. Address J. O. N., Box No. 237 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED MAN WITH FAMily, Episcopalian; understands the care of green-house, graperies, flower-beds, kitchen-garden and hot-beds. Address Gardener, No. 239 Bond st., Brooklyn.

GARDENER.—BY A MAN WHO THOROUGHLY understands his business in every respect; would prefer situation where the cultivation of flowers and fruit is made a specialty; has had long experience and no family; if required wife would take charge of dairy. Address for two days J. W. N., Bridgman's seed store, No. 876 Broadway.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED MAN; THOROughly understands the care of green-house plants, all kinds of vegetables, hot and cold graperies, and all improvements on a gentleman's place; can give nine years of the best of reference from last employer. Call or address Arthur Kelly, for two days, at Babcock Brothers & Co., No. 50 Wall st.

GARDENER.—BY A SCOTCHMAN (MARRIED, two children,) as gardener; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; greenhouse and graperies; obliging; wife good laundress or needlewoman; is a good much nest; good reference. Address A., Box No. 238 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS MAN WHO thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; married, no family; best of references. Address R. P., seed store, No. 67 Nassau st.

GARDENER.—SCOTCH—ON OR AFTER THE 1ST of March, by a first-class gardener, understanding his business in all its branches; one child. None but those in want of such need apply. Address Practical Gardener, Box No. 241 *Times* Office.

MILLER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN OF TWENTY years' experience, to take charge; town or country. Address G. MOORHOUSE, Allandale Post Office, Ontario, Canada.

OVERSEER OR FARMER.—WOULD TAKE charge of a gentleman's place; parties wishing to travel; good reference given. Address J. W. P., Hyde Park, N. Y.

USEFUL MAN OR SERVANT—HOUSE-work, &c.—By a respectable man and wife, (no children,) aged twenty-five years; man can care and drive horses, milk, do gardening, tend fires, wait on table, tend door, polish furniture, clean silver, &c.; wife as nurse and seamstress, or chamber-work and waiting, plain cooking, washing, ironing, &c.; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

VALET.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COLORED VALET to wait on a gentleman or party of gentlemen; understands his duties thoroughly, and has unexceptionable references from employers; no objection to travel during Summer. Address W. H. H., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITER (SINGLE Protestant man) in a private family; expert at his duties in every respect; City or country; excellent City reference. Call or address for two days W. B., at No. 1,172 Broadway, hardware store.

WAITER.—BY A YOUNG RESPECTABLE COLORed man, as first-class waiter in a private family; understands the business thoroughly; has the best of City references; is honest and trustworthy. Address J. C., Box No. 156 *Times* Office.

WAITER.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE MAN AS first-class waiter in a private family; is thoroughly competent; and is without any exception one of the best in the City; has good City references. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

WAITER.—BY A THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT French waiter, who speaks English perfectly, has first-class references, which will bear strict investigation. Address X. T., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH WAITER; highly recommended for his honesty, sobriety, neatness, and efficiency; he excels in taking care of silver; wages expected, $40 to $45. Apply at the French Office, No. 68 West 37th st.

WAITER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, (SINGLE,) AS first-class waiter; understands thoroughly the duties of a gentleman's house; good City reference. Address S. H., or call at No. 165 West 24th st.

WANTED.—THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASsociation requests merchants and business men generally, who are in want of book-keepers, entry clerks, salesmen, copyists, office clerks, porters, and errand boys, to apply at their rooms, 23d st., corner 4th av.

HELP WANTED.

FARMER WANTED—TO TAKE CHARGE OF farm, a short distance from the City; must understand gardening, care of stock and poultry, and his wife must be competent to manage the dairy. Address FARMER, Box No. 33 New-York Post Office, with references and full particulars.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY IN A SMALL FAMily, a good cook who would undertake the washing and ironing; also a chamber-maid; unexceptionable references required as to character and competency. Apply at No. 101 Lafayette av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; Swedish, Scotch, or Welsh preferred. Those having excellent City recommendations may call at No. 25 Irving place, before 1 o'clock.

WANTED—A LAD ABOUT EIGHTEEN YEARS OF age, in the office of a manufacturing and importing firm. Apply, with names of references, to S. S. V., Post Office Box No. 5,460.

WANTED.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT GIRL, WITH good references, to do chamber-work and waiting in a small private family. Apply at 70 West 12th st.

BOY WANTED—IN A BONDED WAREHOUSE; must live with his parents; salary $5 per week. Address, stating age, &c., S. J., Box No. 159 *Times* Office.

FURNITURE.

WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS for FURNITURE, CARPETS, and BEDDING, at B. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO.'S, Nos. 155 and 157 Chatham st. An immense stock and low prices.

[illegible]

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP LINE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES, PASSAGE AND FREIGHT.

To California via Panama.

The magnificent steam-ships of this line will be dispatched from Pier No. 42, North River, New-York, as under:

ACAPULCO, Capt. E. VAN SICE, Saturday, Feb. 28, at 2 P. M.

HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. GRAY, Saturday, March 14, at 2 P. M.

COLON, Capt. ———, Saturday, March 28, at 2 P. M.

And every fortnightly Saturday thereafter, connecting at Panama with all steamers for Central America, Mexican coast, and South Pacific ports.

These steamers will all call at Kingston, Jamaica, both on their outward and homeward trips, arriving at that port on Friday, the sixth day after leaving New-York, and leaving Saturday P. M. for Aspinwall.

The HENRY CHAUNCEY has been thoroughly overhauled and fitted under the inspection of the Board of Underwriters, and is in splendid condition for the accommodation of passengers, having been repainted and decorated throughout, and newly upholstered by Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co.

Extra steamers for freight, &c., will be dispatched on intermediate Saturdays, whenever the necessities of transportation may require it.

RATES OF PASSAGE,

(Including berth, meals and all requisites for the trip.)

New-York to San Francisco, $50, $100 or $110 currency, according to location.

New-York to Kingston, $25 or $50, gold, according to location.

TO JAPAN AND CHINA.

The splendid steamers of this line leave San Francisco first of every month for Yokohama, Hong Kong, and Shanghai, carrying United States mails.

Extra steamers will be dispatched on the 16th of the month, whenever sufficient business offers. Steamers of this line leaving Hong Kong after April 1, next, will bring freight to Panama, via Yokohama and San Francisco, without breaking bulk.

Time contracts and through bills of lading issued via Panama.

Tea will be brought from San Francisco to New-York, fast, in twenty-eight days, at $40, gold, per ton of 2,000 pounds.

For freight and passage or other information apply at the Company's office, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal st., New-York.

H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.
RUFUS HATCH,
Vice President and Managing Director.

INMAN LINE.

NOTICE.

The course laid down for these steamers, and followed by them for several years, is fixed to pass 250 miles south of Cape Race. Although the voyage is thus lengthened about 100 miles, better weather is met with, and there is much greater freedom from fogs and floating ice, and the danger of navigation consequent thereon.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITY OF ANTWERP........Thursday, Feb. 19, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.........Saturday, Feb. 21, 9 A. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS..........Saturday, Feb. 28, 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL.........Saturday, March 7, 8 A. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND.........Saturday, Mar. 14, 2 P. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN, $70, $80, and $90, gold, according to accommodation. Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol, Cardiff, Belfast, Havre, or Hamburg, $30. Prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway.

For Steerage Passage, at No. 32 Broadway or Pier No. 45 North River. JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

O'DONNELL & FAULK, No. 402 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.

M. S. CREAGH, No. 102 State st., Boston.

F. C. BROWN, No. 32 South Clark st., corner Lake st., Chicago.

WM. INMAN, Liverpool, and No. 9 Rue Scribe, Paris.

CUNARD LINE.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42 latitude or nothing to the north of 42.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM BOSTON.
Algeria, Wed'day, Feb. 18	Marathon, Sat'day, Feb. 21
*Russia, Wedn'day, Feb. 25	Atlas, Saturday, Feb. 28
Cuba, Wednesday, March 4	Parthia, Saturday, March 7
Abyssinia, Wed'y, March 11	Olympia, Saturday, Mar. 14
Calabria, Wed'day, March 18	Siberia, Saturday, March 21

and every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

Rates of Passage—Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling green. For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

REPUBLIC..................SATURDAY, Feb. 21, at 3 P. M.
CELTIC.......................SATURDAY, Feb. 28, at 3 P. M.
ADRIATIC....................SATURDAY, March 7, at 8 A. M.
BALTIC.......................SATURDAY, March 14, 2 P. M.

From White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; return tickets, $140, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.

R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

NATIONAL LINE.

NOTICE.—This Company takes the risk of insurance (up to $500,000 in gold) on each of its steamers, thus giving passengers the best possible guarantee for safety and avoidance of danger at sea.

The most southerly route has *always* been adopted by this company to avoid ice and headlands.

From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Egypt..Sat., Feb. 21, 9 A. M. | Italy..Sat., March 7, 8 A. M.
Greece..Sat., Feb. 28, 3 P. M. | Spain..Sat., Mar. 14, 1:30 P. M.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

FRANCE, THOMPSON..........Tuesday, March 3, 3 P. M.

Cabin passage, $70 and $80, currency. Steerage, $30, currency. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STATE LINE.

STEAM-SHIPS:

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA	STATE OF VIRGINIA,
STATE OF LOUISIANA,	STATE OF GEORGIA,
STATE OF MINNESOTA,	STATE OF FLORIDA, bld'g,
STATE OF ALABAMA,	STATE OF INDIANA,

STATE OF NEVADA, building.

TO GLASGOW, BELFAST, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, &c.

State of Pennsylvania sails..............Saturday, March 7
State of Virginia sails.....................Saturday, March 21
State of Georgia sails.....................Saturday, April 4

FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER, NEW-YORK.

WEEKLY SAILINGS NEXT SUMMER.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—Cabin, $60 and $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency; prepaid, $32, currency. Drafts at lowest rates.

For further particulars apply to

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents,
No. 72 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

EUROPE...........LEMARIE...........Saturday, Feb. 21
ST. LAURENT...........LACHESNEZ...........Saturday, March 7
PEREIRE...........DAURE...........Saturday, March 21
AMERIQUE...........LOUSSAN...........Saturday, April 4

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First cabin...............$125 | Second cabin...............$75

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

American travelers going to, or returning from, the Continent of Europe, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY TUESDAY, as follows:

NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH..............Feb. 24, 12 M.
IDAHO, Capt. MOORE..............March 10, 10 A. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. PRICE..............March 17, 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. BEDDOE..............March 24, 10:30 A. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. FREEMAN..............March 31, 3 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to

WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships will sail every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River, (foot of Cedar st.,) for Havana direct, as follows:

Steam-ship WILMINGTON, HOLMES, Feb. 17.
Steam-ship CRESCENT CITY, CURTIS, Feb. 24.
Steam-ship COLUMBUS, (new,) REED, March 3.

For freight or passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to

WM. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling-green.

D. McKELLAR, Agent in Havana.

March 31, 1873.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO HAYTI, VENEZUELA, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, JAMAICA, AND COLOMBIA.

First-class full-powered English-built iron screw steamships, from Pier No. 12 North River.

For HAYTI, CURACOA, VENEZUELA, and PORTO RICO.

CORINTO..............Feb. 20
CLARIBEL..............March 13

For JAMAICA AND COLOMBIA.

ATLAS..............March 6
ETNA..............March 24

First-class passenger accommodation.

PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents,
Nos. 56 Wall and 59 Pine sts.

[illegible] BROTHERS & CO., [illegible] AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, Feb. 19, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling green.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, Feb. 21, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling green.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, Feb. 21, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.

R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West st.

VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, Feb. 24, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 62 South st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading, in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight Line.

GEORGE YONGE,
Agent Great Southern Freight Line,
No. 409 Broadway.

GREAT OUTHERN FREIGHT

AND

PASSENGER LINE,
FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.,
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

SAILING TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY from Pier No. 29 North River.

SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. J. T. BECKETT, Thursday, Feb. 19.

CHARLESTON, Capt. JAS. BERRY, Saturday, Feb. 21.

JAMES ADGER, Capt. T. J. LOCKWOOD, Tuesday, Feb. 24.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

☞ Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Goods forwarded free of commission.

Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of

JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents,
No. 177 West st., (corner of Warren,)
Or W. P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling green.

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South and South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of

BENTLEY D. HASELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line,
No. 317 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Regular mail steamers SAILING 23D OF EVERY MONTH, making close connections at RIO DE JANEIRO with the English and French Mail Steam-ships for MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AYRES.

The splendid steam-ship SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, will sail from PIER No. 43 NORTH RIVER, on SATURDAY, Feb. 21, at 3 P. M., calling at ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, and RIO DE JANEIRO, going and returning.

First cabin passage to St. Thomas, $100; to Para, $150; to Pernambuco, $200; to Bahia, $210, and to Rio do Janeiro, $225, gold. Steerage half price. EXCURSION TICKETS, good for six months, at three quarters of above rates. Freights greatly reduced.

Apply to WM. R. GARRISON, No. 5 Bowling green.

ANCHOR LINE

Steamers sail from Pier No. 20 North River, foot of Dey st., every WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Passengers booked at lowest rates to and from Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, London, Belfast, Paris, Hamburg, Bremen, &c. Company's office, No. 7 Bowling green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

FOR HAVANA.

NASSAU, PROGRESO, AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, Leaving Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 P. M.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, (Havana direct)..............Feb. 19
CLEOPATRA, (Havana and Mexico)..............Feb. 21
CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana via Nassau)..............Feb. 26
CUBA, (Havana direct)..............Feb. 28
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana direct)..............March 5

For freight or passage apply to

F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman palace cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.

For Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry, and Erie, 7 P. M. For Williamsport, 9:30 A. M., connecting at Philadelphia.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South, at 8:40 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8:40, 9:30, A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 5, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5, 6:10, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.

For Trenton at 7:20 A. M., 2, 3:10, and 6:10 P. M. Sunday 6:10 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 6:10, and 8:10 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 6:10, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 8, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 6:10 P. M.

For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, and 6 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7:20 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:30, 5:20, 6:10, P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 6:10 P. M.

For East Millstone, 8 A. M., 12 noon, and 4:30 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9:30 A. M. and 3 P. M.

For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 3 and 4 P. M.

Accommodation for Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7:20 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 3:10, 4, and 6:10 P. M.

For Freehold, 7:20 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Farmingdale and Squan, 7:20 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Pemberton and Camden, 6 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Trains arrive as follows: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 12:35 and 7:35 P. M., daily; 11:55 A. M. daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:05 A. M., 5:15 and 10:27 P. M. Sunday 6:05 A. M. and 10:27 P. M. From Philadelphia, 5:22, 6:05, 6:50, 10:15, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 5:15, 6:05, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday 5:22, 6:05, 6:50, 11:55 A. M. and 10:27 P. M.

Ticket-offices, Nos. 526, 435, 271, and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery place.

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and Freight Station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville, with South Branch Railroad; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division; also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Dec. 1, 1873.—Leave New-York as follows:

5:15 A. M.—News Train for Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

6 A. M.—Way Train for Plainfield.

7 A. M.—Way Train for Flemington, Easton, Belvidere, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mount Carmel, Hazleton, Tunkhannock, Towanda, Waverly, &c. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9 A. M.—Morning Express, daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Somerville for Flemington, at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c., with through cars to Danville, Williamsport, &c.

10:30 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12:40 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:30 P. M.—Way train for Easton, Allentown, and Belvidere.

3:30 P. M.—Way train for Plainfield.

4 P. M.—Way train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

4:30 P. M.—Way train for Somerville and Flemington.

5 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.

5:15 P. M.—Way train for Plainfield.

5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, &c.

6 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.

6:40 P. M.—For Plainfield.

7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant)—For Easton.

9:15 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.

11:45 P. M.—For Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 5:15, 6, 6:20, 6:40, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:30, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12 M.; 12:40, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:30, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:20, 6:40, 7:15, 7:30, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30, 11:45 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After Jan. 1, 1874, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1, and 5:10 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1, and 4:38 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 12 M., and 3 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven, Middletown and Willimantic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 8:10 P. M., (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 9:10 P. M. (9:10 P. M. on Sundays.)

Way trains as per local time tables.

J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.
E. M. REED, General Superintendent, New-Haven.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After Nov. 2, 1873, through trains will leave Grand Central Depot:

8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.

10:30 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester, Buffalo, &c.

10:45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

3:40 P. M., Albany and Troy Express, Saturday only.

4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.

6:00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.

8:00 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Rochester, [illegible]

RAILROADS.

SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD.

NOTICE.

On and after Dec. 1, 1873, trains will leave South 8th st., Brooklyn, as follows, Sundays excepted:

For Patchogue, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 4 P. M.

For Islip, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

For Babylon, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 1:30, 4, 5, and 6 P. M.

For Merrick, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 1:30, 5, 6, and 7 P. M.

For Hempstead, Rockaway, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 4, 5, and 6 P. M.

Sunday trains leave Bushwick for Islip at 9 A. M.

GEO. F. CARMAN, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR SALE—TUG-BOAT W. E. CHENEY, SIZE 20 by 22; one of the best boats in the harbor. Apply to HEISSENBUTTEL & WELLS, No. 111 Broadway, room No. 72.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon.

NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., (except Sundays,) connecting with road.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS

FOR LUMBER FOR THE UNITED STATES COURT-HOUSE AND POST OFFICE, NEW-YORK CITY.

UNITED STATES COURT-HOUSE AND POST OFFICE,
NEW-YORK CITY,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, Feb. 14, 1874.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. of the 25th day of February, 1874, for furnishing and delivering the following schedule of lumber at the United States Court-house and Post Office, New-York City:

120,000 feet B. M. (more or less) Southern Pine Rails, sawn, 2x3 inches.

300,000 feet B. M. (more or less) Southern Pine Flooring, grooved and tongued, planed both sides, 1¼ inches thick, and in widths not exceeding four inches.

10,000 feet B. M. (more or less) Black Walnut, grooved, tongued, planed, and beaded both sides, one inch thick, and in widths not exceeding four inches.

1,500 feet B. M. (more or less) Black Walnut, sawn to finish 1½ inches thick.

24,000 feet lineal (more or less) Mahogany, sawn in strips to finish 1⅛x2¼ inches.

1,000 feet lineal (more or less) Mahogany, sawn in strips to finish 1¾x2⅜ inches.

2,000 feet linial (more or less) Mahogany, sawn in strips to finish 1¾x2½ inches.

3,000 feet lineal (more or less) Mahogany, sawn in strips to finish 2x2¼ inches.

7,000 feet lineal (more or less) Mahogany, sawn in strips to finish 2x2⅜ inches.

4,000 feet lineal (more or less) Mahogany, sawn in strips to finish 2x2½ inches.

1,500 feet lineal (more or less) Mahogany, sawn in strips to finish 2x3½ inches.

6,000 feet B. M. (more or less) Mahogany, richly figured for panels, to finish one inch thick.

6,500 feet B. M. (more or less) Mahogany, to finish 1¾ inches thick, in widths from 6 to 13 inches.

1,500 feet B. M. (more or less) Mahogany, to finish 2 inches thick, in similar widths.

500 feet B. M. (more or less) Mahogany for hand-rails, to finish four inches thick.

All the preceding schedule of lumber must be of the very best quality of their respective kinds, thoroughly seasoned and free from large knots, sap, shakes, and other defects, and must all be delivered in such lengths and in such quantities as will be called for by the Superintendent.

The Southern pine rails and flooring must all be heart stuff, free from all defects, as none other will be accepted.

The black walnut will be of the best quality, American growth.

The mahogany to be of the best quality, Honduras.

Samples of each of the above woods will be submitted.

Payments will be made on the delivery and acceptance of material, deducting ten per centum until the completion of the contract.

All bids must be accompanied by the penal bond of two responsible persons in the sum of five thousand dollars, ($5,000,) that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded him; the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the United States Judge, Clerk of the United States Court, or the District Attorney of the district wherein he resides.

The department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if it be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so, and any bid that is not made on the printed form to be obtained in this office, and does not conform in every respect to the requirements of this advertisement, will not be considered, neither will any proposal be received from parties who are not themselves engaged in the lumber trade, and who have not the necessary facilities for furnishing the materials.

Proposals will be inclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed, "Bids for Lumber," and addressed to

C. T. HULBURD, Superintendent.

PROPOSALS

FOR MARBLE WORK FOR UNITED STATES COURT-HOUSE AND POST OFFICE, NEW-YORK CITY.

UNITED STATES COURT-HOUSE AND POST OFFICE,
NEW-YORK CITY,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, Feb. 12, 1874.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. of the 23d day of February, 1874, for furnishing and delivering the following schedule of marble work at the United States Court-house and Post Office, New-York City:

17,000 (more or less) White Marble Tiles, 12x12x1 inch full.

4,000 (more or less) half Marble Tiles, 12x12x1 inch full.

20,000 (more or less) Black Marble Tiles, 12x12x1 inch full.

3,000 feet, superficial, (more or less) Black Marble Borders of various widths, from four to twelve inches, all one inch thick full.

Bids will be received for furnishing the white tiles of best quality, white veined Italian, or white veined American marble equal thereto; the black tiles of best quality Belgian, Glenn's Falls, or Lyonaise marble, or red Vermont slate; the borders of best quality black Belgian or Glenn's Falls marble.

The whole of the tiles and bordering must be one inch full in thickness, with sawn backs and the edges cut full to the square and perfectly true; the face and edges to be rubbed to a proper surface. Bidders will state the description of marble they propose to furnish, and will submit samples along with their bids.

Payments will be made on the delivery and acceptance of materials, deducting ten per centum until the completion of the contract.

All bids must be accompanied by the penal bond of two responsible persons, in the sum of five thousand dollars, ($5,000,) that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded him; the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the United States Judge, Clerk of the United States Court, or the District Attorney of the district wherein he resides.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if it be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so, and any bid that is not made on the printed form to be obtained in this office, and does not conform in every respect to the requirements of this advertisement, will not be considered; neither will any proposal be received from parties who are not themselves engaged in the marble trade, and who have not the necessary facilities for furnishing the materials.

Proposals will be inclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed, "Bids for Marble Work," and addressed to

C. T. HULBURD, Superintendent.

PROPOSALS

FOR PLASTERER'S MATERIALS FOR UNITED STATES COURT-HOUSE AND POST OFFICE, NEW-YORK CITY.

UNITED STATES COURT-HOUSE AND POST OFFICE,
NEW-YORK CITY.
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, Feb. 16, 1874.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. of the 27th day of February, 1874, for furnishing and delivering the following schedule of plasterer's materials, at the United States Court-house and Post Office, New-York City:

10,000 barrels (more or less) best quality Plasterer's Lime of "Rockland manufacture," or equal thereto.

10,000 barrels (more or less) best quality of Plaster of Paris, of Isaac or Wortherspoons' brands, or brands equal thereto.

1,000 barrels (more or less) sharp, clean, White Sand.

3,000 bushels (more or less) long, dry, and clean Cattle Hair.

Samples of each of the above items to be submitted with the proposal.

Payments will be made on the delivery and acceptance of material, deducting ten per centum until the completion of the contract.

All bids must be accompanied by the penal bond of two responsible persons in the sum of ten thousand dollars, ($10,000,) that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded him; the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the United States Judge, Clerk of the United States Court, or the District Attorney of the district wherein he resides.

The department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if it be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so; and any bid that is not made on the printed form to be obtained in this office, and does not conform in every respect to the requirements of this advertisement, will not be considered; neither will any proposal be received from parties who are not themselves engaged in the manufacture of lime, plaster, &c., and who have not the necessary facilities for furnishing the materials.

Proposals will be inclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed "Bids for Plasterers' Materials," and addressed to

C. T. HULBURD, Superintendent.

GENERAL OFFICE HAMILTON, Feb. 13, 1874.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE GREAT WESTERN Railroad Company offer for sale the following

OLD MATERIAL:

402 tons Chilled Car Wheels.
17 tons Lowmoor Turnings.
30 tons Scrap Spring Steel.
300 tons No. 1 Wrought Scrap.
10 tons Thin Wrought Scrap.
4 tons Steel Turnings.
70 tons Wrought Driving Wheels, (Loco.)
4 tons Truck and Tender Wheels, (Cast hubs.)
5¼ tons Steel Crank Axles.
59 tons Locomotive Steel Tyres.
36 tons Locomotive Iron Tyres.
14 tons Iron Tender Axles.
6¾ tons Iron Crank Axles.
18½ tons Straight Engine Axles.
33 tons Cast Tender Wheels.
About 8,000 tons Old Rails.
20 tons Rail Slivers.
300 tons Plates, Bolts, and Nuts.
166 tons Shop Scrap.
¼ ton Scrap Car Candles.
½ ton Old Rope.
1 ton Waste Paper.
20 tons Old Brass Tubes.

Sealed tenders, marked "Tender for Old Material," must be addressed to the undersigned, on or before WEDNESDAY, 25th February, 1874. The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any bid.

JOSEPH PRICE, General Manager.

BROOKLINE WATER-WORKS.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Cast Iron Water Pipes and Special Castings," will be received at the office of the Brookline Water Commissioners, Town Hall, until 12 o'clock M., TUESDAY, March 3, for furnishing the whole or any part of the following Cast Iron Water Pipes and Special Castings:

452 tons of Pipe, 16 inches diameter.
405 tons of Pipe, 14 inches diameter.
545 tons of Pipe, 12 inches diameter.
60 tons of Pipe, 10 inches diameter.
260 tons of Pipe, 8 inches diameter.
790 tons of Pipe, 6 inches diameter.
85 tons of Special Castings.

For specifications and further information, apply to

E. S. PHILBRICK, Civil Engineer,
No. 12 West st., Boston.

LOST AND FOUND.

[illegible]

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the Times Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av., And the Times West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

NO. 148 WAVERLEY PLACE.—TO LET, WITH first-class board, a second floor to a party of gentlemen or families; all modern improvements; pleasant home; terms moderate; also single rooms and table board.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV., with board, handsomely-furnished back room on second floor; sun exposure; for two gentlemen, or gentleman and wife.

NO. 44 WEST 32D ST.—LARGE ELEGANTLY-furnished fourth floor front room to let, with board. Suitable for two gentlemen. Table, location, and references first class.

NO. 18 EAST 32D ST.

A very handsome room to let, on first floor, with first-class board, to gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen; references required and given.

A NICELY FURNISHED SECOND STORY front room, with three windows; modern improvements. Also other rooms, at No. 114 East 25th st.; private family.

HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED FRONT ROOM on second floor to let to a gentleman, without board, in a private family. No. 37 East 19th st., between Broadway and 4th av.

NO. 10 EAST 28TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—Desirable room, first or third floor; southern exposure; small family. To agreeable party terms to suit. References.

TO LET ON 28TH ST., BETWEEN MADISON AND 5th av., two furnished rooms, with first-class board; references exchanged. Apply to E. A. Dailey, No. 588 6th av.

GLENHAM HOTEL, 5TH AV., BETWEEN 21ST and 22d sts.—European plan; a few suites of rooms now vacant; also single rooms.

A. H. CRANEY, Proprietor.

FOURTEENTH ST.—A PARTY OF GENTLEMEN can obtain handsomely-furnished rooms, en suite or singly, with board, at No. 217 West 14th st.; terms moderate; references.

ONE HANDSOME PARLOR AND THIRD floor to rent, with or without board; best of references. No. 147 West 45th st.

NO. 6 EAST 34TH ST.

Rooms for families and single gentlemen, with board; location unsurpassed. References given and required.

NO. 29 WEST 21ST ST.—A HANDSOME large front room on fourth floor, with board; references exchanged.

BOARD, WITH PLEASANT ROOMS, MAY BE had at No. 48 East 21st st. House and location unexceptionable.

TO LET—IN PRIVATE FAMILY, SUITE OF ROOMS, nicely furnished, also single room, to gentlemen, without board; every convenience. 234 West 38th st.

NO. 45 5TH AV.,

between 11th and 12th sts., desirable suite of apartments, with private table, on reasonable terms.

NO. 88 MADISON AV.—EXTRA SIZE HALL rooms on fourth floor, with board.

WINTER RESORTS.

ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL, NASSAU, N. P., Bahamas.—A first-class hotel in every particular. Temperature of the island 75°. Board $3 per day. Steamer City of Merida leaves Feb. 26. For passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SON, No. 33 Broadway.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ROUND HILL HOTEL, NORTHAMPTON, MASS.—"Truly the PARADISE OF AMERICA."—*Jenny Lind, A. D.* 1852. Send stamp for Tourists' Guide.

IRAD FULLER, Superintendent.
C. BANTA, Assistant Superintendent.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD.—A YOUNG LADY OF HIGHEST RESPECTAbility and references desires a home in a private family where instruction in vocal and instrumental music will be received in exchange for board. Address, with particulars, E. D. V., Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

AUCTION SALES.

ART SALE.

A SUPERB COLLECTION OF

AMERICAN

and

FOREIGN PICTURES,

TO BE SOLD

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

FEB. 19 AND 20,

AT 12 O'CLOCK EACH DAY.

The Artists represented in this sale are:

F. E. Church,	A. F. Bellows,	P. F. Rothermel,
A. Bierstadt,	Jas. M. Hart,	W. H. Beard,
W. T. Richards,	Jarvis McEntee,	Julian Scott,
S. J. Guy,	G. Lambdin,	A. Parton,
E. Johnson,	J. W. Casilear,	Wm. Hart,
D. Johnson,	Paul Weber,	M. J. Heade,
S. G. Brown,	E. Moran,	A. Wyant,
A. T. Bricher,	A. Laurie,	E. L. Henry,
W. Sonntag,	T. A. Richards,	P. Moran,
Jas. Hamilton,	V. D. V. Bonfield,	J. Cropsey,
E. E. Lewis,	F. Briscoe,	Homer Martin.

FOREIGN:

E. Verboeckhoven,	P. Van Schendel,	Carl Hubner,
Meyer Von Bremen,	B. C. Koek Koek,	Hersog,
Neuhys,	Kuwasseg,	Rosierse,

Also J. A. Neuhys' great picture of "William the Silent Entering Antwerp."

The entire collection now on exhibition at the Art Gallery, No. 60 Liberty st.

EDWARD SCHENCK,
Auctioneer.

CITY HALL, BROOKLYN, Feb. 17, 1874.

AT AUCTION.

Fire apparatus, engines, and trucks. The following property of the City of Brooklyn will be sold at auction, on Tuesday, March 3, 1874, at 12 o'clock M., at the repair-yard of the Brooklyn Fire Department, corner of Myrtle av. and Hampden st., where it can be seen any day from date to day of sale:

Six steam fire-engines of the following makers: Lee & Larnard, James Smith, Allentown Iron Works, Clapp & Jones, and Joseph Banks.

Four hook and ladder trucks, suitable for use in a volunteer fire department.

One cracked fire-bell, weighing about 5,000 pounds.

Terms of sale cash: twenty per cent. on day of sale, the balance within ten days thereafter.

F. A. SCHROEDER, Controller.

ARCH. JOHNSON, Auctioneer.—Office and Sales-room, No. 37 Nassau st.—Horse Auction Branch, Nos. 19 to 25 East 13th st., near University place.

LAW LIBRARY, 2,000 VOLUMES.

BOOK-CASES.

ARCH. JOHNSON will sell THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 11 o'clock, at the sales-room, No. 37 Nassau st., fine law library, nearly new, together with eight black walnut book-cases. Among the reports will be found Barbour's, Wendell, Hill, Cowen, Denio, Robertson, Hall's, Duer's, Sandford's, Johnson's, Howard's, Bostwick, Hilton, Daly, United States Digest, &c., &c., together with a large assortment of miscellaneous works, &c., &c. Catalogues now ready.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL sell at public auction, by ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON, Auctioneers, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on FRIDAY, Feb. 20, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, twenty-four seven per cent. mortgage bonds of the Empire Sewing-machine Company, bearing interest from Nov. 1, 1867, and numbered respectively 8, 17, 18, 25, 27, 28, 33, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 61, and 67, dated Nov. 1, 1867, and each for five hundred dollars, together with the semi-annual seven per cent. interest coupons thereunto attached; all now held as collateral for loans made by the Tradesmen's National Bank of the City of New York.

ROBERT H. CORBETT, Attorney, &c.,
No. 6 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 14, 1874.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

OFFICE PURCHASING AND DEPOT C. S.,
CORNER GREENE AND HOUSTON STS.,
NEW-YORK CITY, Feb. 16, 1874.

There will be sold by public auction at this office, on MONDAY, March 16, 1874, at 12 o'clock M., a lot of unserviceable commissary property, consisting of office furniture, scales, hardware, &c.

Terms cash.

M. R. MORGAN,
Brevet Brigadier General and C. S.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECCOMB, THIS DAY, (THURSDAY, Feb. 19,) at 12 o'clock, within their store: Fresh Palermo Oranges and Lemons, cargo schooner Bains; can be seen on Pier No. 7 East River. Also, Valencia and Palermo Oranges and Lemons, landing ex steam-ship Republic, landing on White Star dock. Also fresh Valencia, Messina, and Palermo Oranges and Lemons, balance steam-ship India, landing at Pier No. 20 North River.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND Western Railroad Company will sell 60,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL, at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange place.

SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

LECTURES.

MRS. SUSAN EVERETT, M. D., WILL LECture to ladies at Robinson Hall, 16th st., three doors west of Broadway, TUESDAY, Feb. 17; WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18; THURSDAY, Feb. 19. Subjects—First, "The Skin, and Nasal Catarrh;" second, "The Rearing of Children and the Care of the Hair;" third, "The Sexual Functions Scientifically and Morally Considered." Single tickets, fifty cents; for the course, $1.

"THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF AMERICA AND THE DANGERS THAT THREATEN THEM." —A lecture on this subject will be delivered on next MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23, in the Seventh Street Methodist Episcopal Church, near 3d av., at 7:30 o'clock, by Rev. ROBERT CROOK, LL. D., late President of Belfast College, Ireland. Tickets 25 cents.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.—THE POLYTECHNIC branch will meet every THURSDAY EVENING in hall No. 24 Cooper Union. THIS EVENING, Notes on New Inventions and Discoveries will be presented, after which Mr. Charles B. Boyle will read a paper on THE GROWTH OF THE EARTH. Admission free.

S. D. TILLMAN, Chairman.

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.

Begins at 8; over at 11. Saturday Matinée at 1:30.

Proprietor..........Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager..........Mr. A. M. PALMER

THIS WEEK.

73d to 80th

PERFORMANCE.

UNDIMINISHED SUCCESS of the new play,

LED ASTRAY,

By Octave Feuillet and Dion Boucicault.

There is no DIMINUTION in the interest of the public in this MOST CHARMING PLAY, the house being crowded to the doors at every performance.

SATURDAY, FEB. 21,
TWELFTH MATINEE,
AND MONDAY, FEB. 23.
(WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY,)
EXTRA MATINEE
OF LED ASTRAY.

Seats may be secured four weeks in advance.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14TH ST. NILSSON.

Opening night of the season 1874, by the highly successful

STRAKOSCH GRAND OPERA COMPANY,
FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 20, 1874, at 8 O'CLOCK,

first of the farewell performances of

Mme. CHRISTINE NILSSON,

prior to her return to London, where she is engaged at her Majesty's Opera, Drury Lane, when she will appear in the title rôle of Donizetti's grand opera, in three acts,

LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
Mme. CHRISTINE NILSSON as LUCIA.
Mons. CAPOUL, MAUREL, SCOLARA, &c.
Grand Chorus and Orchestra.

Musical Director and Conductor..........Signor MUZIO

MONDAY EVENING, Feb. 23—MIGNON—Mme. NILSSON.
Mlle. TORRIANI, Miss CARY, CAPOUL, SCOLARA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb. 25,
IL TROVATORE—NILSSON.
Mme. NILSSON, Miss CARY, CAMPANINI,
DEL PUENTE.

FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 27—Revival of Verdi's greatest Opera success—AIDA, AIDA.

SATURDAY, GRAND NILSSON MATINEE.

SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 21, BROOKLYN ACADEMY.
LES HUGUENOTS—NILSSON.

General admission, $2.

Reserved Seats, $1 and $2 extra, according to location.

Private Boxes, $16 and $20.

Admission to Family Circle, $1; Reserved, 50 cents extra.

Seats can now be secured for either or all of the above at Box Office of Academy of Music; at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at No. 114 Broadway.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Doors open at 7:30. Commence at 8 o'clock.

FIFTH WEEK
Of Lord Lytton's great comedy of

MONEY,

EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Mr. LESTER WALLACK	as	ALFRED EVELYN
Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM	as	BENJAMIN STOUT, M. P.
Mr. HARRY BECKETT	as	MR. GRAVES
Mr. W. R. FLOYD	as	SIR FREDERICK BLOUNT
Mr. J. B. POLK	as	CAPT. DUDLEY SMOOTH
Mr. J. W. CARROLL	as	SIR JOHN VESEY
Mr. W. J. FERGUSON	as	LORD GLOSSMORE
Mr. G. F. BROWNE	as	MR. SHARPE
Mr. T. E. MILLS	as	THE OLD MEMBER
Mr. W. J. LEONARD	as	TABOURET
Mr. C. E. EDWIN	as	GRAB
Miss JEFFREYS-LEWIS	as	CLARA DOUGLAS
Mme. PONISI	as	LADY FRANKLIN
Miss DORA GOLDTHWAITE	as	GEORGINA VESEY

The demand for seats to witness this comedy is so great that ELABORATE REVIVALS and PRODUCTION of NOVELTIES are for the present postponed. The box-book will be open

THREE WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

Carriages may be ordered at 10:45.

624 OLYMPIC. 624

BROADWAY. BROADWAY.

VAUDEVILLE AND NOVELTY THEATRE.

Opens 7 o'clock. Curtain, 7:45.

THE CHOSEN HOME OF FAMILY AMUSEMENT.

GALAXY OF PLANETS EVERY WEEK.

One hundred new faces, new music, new acts, new artists.

This week the world-renowned

ERIN AND THE BRENNANS.

Ireland in its picturesque beauty. The Lakes of Killarney by moonlight.

Illustrated by the beautiful and amusing sketch,

IRISH WIT AND DUTCH COURAGE,

with the largest combination of novelty, specialty, and character artists ever presented to a New-York audience.

Admission, family circle, 30 cents; parquet and dress circle, 50 cents; reserved seats, balcony or orchestra, $1.

GRAND CONCERT

BY THE PUPILS OF THE
NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
BROOKLYN BRANCH,
AT THE BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM,
ATLANTIC ST., corner CLINTON,
THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 19, 1874.

Admission tickets may be obtained at the Conservatory, Nos. 102, 104, and 106 Court st., near State.

THE
HAMPTON SINGERS
will give one of their
UNIQUE CONCERTS
at
REV. DR. ROGERS' CHURCH,
on
THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 19.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.
TICKETS, FIFTY CENTS.

DAN BRYANT'S MINSTRELS 23D ST.

Every evening at 8. Saturday matinée at 2. Crowded with fashionable and delighted audiences. Two hours' fun. All new acts. Dan Bryant, Unsworth Eugene, Hart, Reed, Seymour.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE W. ELDER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of N. L. McCready, No. 187 Greenwich street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 2d day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 24th day of November, 1873.

MATILDA A. ELDER, Executrix.
NATHANIEL L. McCREADY, Executor.

n27-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH R. MARTIN, late of Bayonne, New-Jersey, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Lawrence Bros., No. 16 Wall street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 3d day of December, 1873.

AMANDA S. MARTIN, Administratrix,
SELLECK Y. ST. JOHN, Administrator.

d4-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ORRIN J. ROSE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the store of Cochran, McLean & Co., No. 464 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 2d day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 19th day of August, 1873.

PHILANDER STEVENS, Executor.

au21-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF WILLIAM D. Veeder, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against FREDERICK WILLIAMS, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administrator, at his office, No. 51 Whitehall street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of March next.—Dated Aug. 27, 1873.

HENRY WILLIAMS, Administrator.

au28-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against NICHOLAS MULLER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of business, (the store of Gottlob Gunther,) No. 105 William street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 15th day of October, 1873.

WILLIAM ZINSSER,
GOTTLOB J. GUNTHER, } Executors.

o16-1aw6mTh

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZA SYMINGTON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of James Symington Watt, No. 124 Maiden lane, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 3d day of February, 1874.

JAMES SYMINGTON,
JAMES SYMINGTON WATT, } Executors, &c.

f5-1aw6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RICHARD D. LATHROP, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of business, No. 376 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the eighth (8) day of April next.—Dated New-York the 8th day of October, 1873.

o9-1aw6mTh* WM. C. ENGLE, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES CURR, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the residence of Joseph K. Butler, No. 1½ Charlton street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of January, 1874.

ANNIE T. CURR, Executrix.
ja15-1aw6mTh JOSEPH K. BUTLER, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against TIMOTHY WHITTEMORE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 108 East Nineteenth street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 4th day of November, 1873.

WM. BARTON, Executor.

ICE-CREAM.

ICE-CREAM,

$1 60 PER GALLON.

Also excellent CHARLOTTE RUSSE and Jellies at much below other prices.

J. M. HORTON & CO.

Depots, No. 305 4th av. and No. 1,264 Broadway, near 32d st.

DANCING.

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

BEGINS AT 8.

Admission 50 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents and $1 extra. Family circle 30 cents. SATURDAY FAMILY MATINEE begins 1:30.

Mr. G. L. FOX..........Acting Manager

"A ROUND OF PLEASURE."
EVERY NIGHT and SATURDAY MATINEE.

1. The performances will begin with a great FOX specialty, entitled "2450!" The principal part by Mr. G. L. FOX.
2. The celebrated MARTENS FAMILY in their sweet Tyrolean ballads.
3. The talented JEE BROTHERS, (first time here,) introducing their rock piano, bell ringing, &c.
4. The famed WILSON BROTHERS in a graceful act of expert agility and strength.
5. The splendid descriptive ballet, THE SCULPTOR'S DREAM, in which the beautiful RIGL SISTERS appear.
6. The MARTENS in the popular CAT DUET.
7. The WILSON BROTHERS in their wondrous TRIPLE TOURNIQUET.
8. KING SARBRO'S perilous descent, and a new act, "The Suspended Bamboo."
9. Miss ANNIE HINDLE (first time here) in her sensation songs, character sketches, &c.
10. The unparalleled entertainment crowned with the uproariously comic pantomime,

HUMPTY DUMPTY AT SCHOOL.

HUMPTY DUMPTY..........Mr. G. L. FOX
SCHOOL-MASTER..........Mr. C. K. FOX

MONDAY next, Feb. 23, celebration of Washington's Birthday, special matinée.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. Lessee, J. B. BOOTH.

LAST WEEK OF THE ENGAGEMENT OF MRS. J. B. BOOTH.

FEB. 19.
LAST NIGHT OF
BELOT'S thrilling drama, in six acts, entitled
THE FEMME DE FEU.

DIANE BERARD..........MRS. J. B. BOOTH

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 20, AND ON SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1:30,
Will be presented BULWER LYTTON'S romantic play, in five acts, entitled
THE LADY OF LYONS.

PAULINE..........MRS. J. B. BOOTH
Claude Melnotte..........Mr. Joseph Wheelock

And a full and powerful cast of characters.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 21,
BENEFIT
AND LAST APPEARANCE OF
MRS. J. B. BOOTH,
On which occasion will be produced,
FOR THIS NIGHT ONLY,
Shakespeare's grand tragedy, in five acts, of
ROMEO AND JULIET.

JULIET, (her first appearance in New-York in this character)..........MRS. J. B. BOOTH
Romeo..........Mr. Joseph Wheelock
Mercutio, (his first appearance at this theatre, and who has kindly volunteered his services on this occasion)..Mr. Chas. Wolcot

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 23, 1874,
THE GREAT TRAGEDIENNE,
MME. FANNY JANAUSCHEK,
Will make her first appearance in the dual characters of
LADY DEDLOCK AND HORTENSE, IN
CHESNEY WOLD.

Seats secured in advance at the theatre and at the music store of C. H. DITSON & CO., No. 711 Broadway.

THEATRE COMIQUE,

514

BROADWAY.

MR. JOSH HART---Sole Proprietor.

MONDAY, Feb. 16, first week of Miss LISA WEBER and her Burlesque Troupe; Miss EVA HAMILTON, Miss JULIA BLAND, Mr. GEO. ATKINS, Mr. HARRY GWYNETTE. First week of America's Serio-Comic Vocalist, Miss JENNIE ENGEL. The talented MADRIGAL BOYS on the same evening. Continued success of Miss MILLY PEIRIS and Miss ELLA WESSNER. All the mammoth troupe retained, and will appear in an entire new Olio. MATINEES WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Admission, $1, 50 cents, and 25 cents.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE POOR.

Grand dramatic entertainment in aid of the poor of the Ninth Ward, at

THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

On SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 21, 1874, for which occasion the Murray Hill Amateur Dramatic Association have kindly volunteered.

Reserved seats and tickets can be procured at the Academy, and at the Abingdon Club, No. 20 Abingdon square.

STEINWAY HALL. RICHINGS.

OVERWHELMING SUCCESS.
THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 19 and 20,
CAROLINE RICHINGS-BERNARD'S GRAND COSTUME CONCERTS. TWENTY-THREE ARTISTS.

Admission, 75 cents; reserved seats, $1.

LAST GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Feb. 21, at 2 o'clock.

Admission, 50 cents; no extra charge for reserved seats to matinée, if secured in advance.

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

OF THE
AMERICAN SOCIETY OF PAINTERS
IN
WATER-COLORS,
OPEN DAY AND EVENING AT THE
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,
CORNER 4TH AV. AND 23D ST.,
WILL CLOSE FEB. 28, 1874.

GRAFULLA'S SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND PROMENADE CONCERT, Seventh Regiment Armory, SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 21, 1874. Tickets can be obtained from members of the regiment; positively no tickets will be sold at the door.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of NATHAN SCHAINWALD and HERMAN SCHAINWALD, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—This is to give notice, that the second, third, and final general meetings of the creditors of the above-named bankrupts will be held at No. 4 Warren street, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of March, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of and before Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., the Register in Bankruptcy in charge of the above-entitled matter, for the purposes mentioned in the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth sections of the Bankrupt act of March 2, 1867; that I have filed my final account as assignee of the estate of said bankrupts with the said Register, and that at said meetings I shall apply to the court for a settlement of my said account, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee aforesaid, in accordance with the provisions of the said twenty-eighth section.—Dated this 16th day of February, A. D. 1874. HENRY BLATH, Assignee, No. 84 Leonard street, New-York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of New-Jersey.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANTHONY P. SALTER, bankrupt.—District of New-Jersey, ss.: A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by the said court against the estate of Anthony P. Salter, of County of Hudson, and State of New-Jersey, in said district, who has been duly adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property belonging to him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Newark, in said district, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of Staats S. Morris, Esq., No. 663 Broad street, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy for said district.

SAMUEL PLUMMER,
United States Marshal for said District.
Per JOHN C. BAILEY, Deputy.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH COHEN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of Joseph Cohen, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 345 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1874, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of John Fitch, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.

OLIVER FISKE, Marshal—Messenger.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM B. BORROWS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court, by William B. Borrows, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 9th day of March, A. D. 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 11th day of February, 1874.

f12-1aw3wTh* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EDWARD S. FEARING, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Edward S. Fearing, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 19th day of February, A. D. 1874. CHARLES H. HYDE, Assignee, No. 33 Spruce street, New-York City.

f19-1aw3wTh*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH M. BABCOCK, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Joseph M. Babcock, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 19th day of February, A. D. 1874.

EMORY M. PROUTY, Assignee,
f19-1aw3wTh* No. 26 Nassau st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM OSTRANDER, JR., and JOHN OSTRANDER, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Egbert Whitaker, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of William Ostrander, Jr., and John Ostrander, of the City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster and State of New-York, within said district, [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

GRAND CHARITY MATINEE,
THURSDAY, FEB. 19, 1874.
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE POOR
OF
NEW-YORK.

THE WHOLE ENTERTAINMENT
under the management of Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY.

THE CELEBRATED VOKES FAMILY,
the companies of the Fifth Avenue Theatre and the Grand Opera-house having most generously offered their heartiest co-operation.

FOR THIS OCCASION ONLY,
Mr. FREDERICK and Mr. FAWDON VOKES will act as USHERS, and will gratefully receive any CONTRIBUTIONS for the POOR.

Miss JESSIE VOKES will have charge of the ticket gate.

Miss VICTORIA VOKES will preside at the bouquet stand, the entire receipts of which will be devoted to the poor. While

Miss ROSINA VOKES has consented to take charge and dispose of the programmes—for the benefit of the poor.

Mr. G. L. FOX
will develop his financial sagacity at the ticket window—and will dispose of the pasteboards for this occasion only.

PRICES
FOR THIS GRAND CHARITY PERFORMANCE:
ADMISSION—ONE DOLLAR to all parts.
Reserved Seats in Orchestra, Balcony, and Dress Circle, ONE DOLLAR EXTRA.
Parlor Chairs, Two Dollars and a Half.
BOXES, TWENTY DOLLARS.

THE PERFORMANCE
will begin at 1:30 o'clock precisely (doors open one hour earlier) with the second and third acts of Boucicault's brilliant comedy,
LONDON ASSURANCE,
in which the Fifth Avenue Theatre Comedy Company will take part.

THE CELEBRATED MARTENS
have kindly volunteered to sing their
TYROLEAN TRIO.

After which the famous and popular Vokes specialty,
BELLES OF THE KITCHEN,
will be given with its original cast.

A PAS DE DEUX,
by
Mlle. BETTY RIGL and Mlle. EMILY RIGL,
who have generously volunteered.

The whole to terminate with the Fifth Act of Shakespeare's great and sublime tragedy,
RICHARD III.

KING RICHARD III..........Mr. G. L. FOX
(Who has most kindly consented to undertake this arduous rôle for this occasion only.)
HENRY, EARL OF RICHMOND.......Mr. FRED. VOKES
(Of the celebrated Vokes Family, who very generously volunteered to sustain the part for this occasion only.)
(The rest of the characters by the Grand Opera-house Company, who have all volunteered.)

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT THIRD COLOSSAL OPERATIC CONCERT!

Participated in by Gilmore's entire famous Twenty-second Regiment Band of sixty-five pieces, M. VICTOR MAUREL, the great baritone, and Mlle. OSTAVA TORRIANI, the celebrated soprano, of the STRAKOSCH GRAND ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY, &c., &c.

Sale of choice reserved seats begins TO-DAY.

Admission 50 cents, and $1 extra.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.

28th st. next to Broadway. Begins at 8.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY

LAST WEEK OF FOLLINE.

TO-NIGHT, (Thursday,) last night but ONE of FOLLINE.

LAST FOLLINE MATINEE,
SATURDAY, AT 1:30 O'CLOCK.

SATURDAY NIGHT, FEBRUARY 21—For the first time in the City of New-York—SHAKESPEARE'S Comedy of LOVE'S LABOR'S LOST, with brilliant scenic effects, georgeous and historical costumes, and a most powerful cast.

Box-sheet now open for the first week.

MR. DALY begs to announce that the Shakespearean comedy will be given for a few evenings only. The run must be limited in consequence of his contracts with the authors of

CHARITY!
and of MONSIEUR ALPHONSE!

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[illegible]

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION—Feb. 18.

SENATE.

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

On motion of Mr. WRIGHT, of Iowa, the Senate then took up the bill to provide for the appointment of a commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traffic.

Mr. FERRY, of Connecticut, said he was opposed to the passage of the bill, and would ask the Senate to think of what it was doing before the precedents became so numerous. Congress was now asked to make an investigation into matters which in every theory of our system belonged to the States, and should there be treated. There were many petitions before the Senate on this subject from the best and purest-minded people in the country who meant to do right and promote virtue, but in their anxiety to bring about these results failed to consider that, by the mode which they sought, they inflicted fundamental evils on society. He, therefore, would ask the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, as he desired to record his vote against it.

Mr. WRIGHT, of Iowa, said the subject was a proper one for legislation by Congress.

Mr. CONKLING, of New-York, said he would support the bill. Its whole function was to institute an inquiry, and the Senate, like any parliamentary body, had a right to make inquiry for purposes of legislation. The bounds to such inquiry were the private rights and the liberty of citizens, and these he would acknowledge had been violated by one or the other House of Congress in some instance. There could be no doubt, however, as to the right of Congress to pass this bill. The commission it created was to serve without hire or reward, except that paid to the Secretary. Every man must see, whether his attention had been specially directed to the subject of intemperance or not, that the facts contemplated by this bill would be useful.

Mr. FERRY, of Connecticut, said his opposition to the bill was based upon the tendency developed in it and others of a like character, to drag subjects within the jurisdiction of the States into cognizance of the General Government. Such assaults upon the Constitution had become frequent of late years.

Mr. TIPTON, of Nebraska, said there was a tendency throughout the country to legislate in the direction of prohibition, and as the General Government was collecting over $90,000,000 of revenue on intoxicating liquors every year, he could easily see the propriety of the Government making inquiry upon a subject in which it, as well as the people of the States, were interested. He would vote for the bill.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, favored the inquiry, but said he thought the information could be obtained by any one of several standing committees of the Senate, and would be much more trustworthy than that obtained by the proposed commission. The Committee on Finance, for instance, could obtain the information, and the Senate would be better satisfied with it. He did not think that men competent to serve on the commission could be obtained without compensation. He therefore moved an amendment appropriating $10,000 for the expenses of the commission.

Mr. CONKLING, of New-York, said he knew many persons who would serve without compensation; men like Mr. Bergh in his State devoted their whole time to such cases without any compensation. The bill did not contemplate that the commission should bring witnesses before it by force. He would not object to appropriating $5,000 for the expenses of the commission, having no doubt that that would be sufficient for printing and all other expenses.

The morning hour having expired the bill went over.

THE CURRENCY.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the bill to equalize the distribution of the currency.

Mr. CHANDLER, of Michigan, said at the proper time he would offer an amendment, which he had read for information. It provides that the Secretary of the Treasury shall retire and destroy a dollar of legal-tender notes for each dollar in national bank notes issued. He believed his proposition in regard to resumption of specie payments made some days ago was feasible. He thought the nation could give notice that it would resume specie payments at an early day, say July 1, 1875, or even Jan 1, 1875, and coin could be accumulated in the Treasury by that time, which, with a loan of $100,000,000, that could be negotiated, would enable such resumption. Inflation was the greatest curse which Senators could inflict upon the nation or their constituents.

Mr. HOWE, of Wisconsin, gave notice that he would submit an amendment as a substitute for that to be proposed by Mr. Chandler, providing that the Secretary of the Treasury shall, once in each month, sell to the highest bidder for United States notes, coupon bonds equal to eighty-five per cent. of the additional bank circulation issued during the month preceding, which bonds shall bear interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable quarterly, and the principal shall be payable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years from their date, both principal and interest to be paid in gold coin, but none of said bonds shall be sold at less than their par value, and the United States notes received in exchange therefor shall never be reissued, but shall be destroyed.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Morton, Frelinghuysen, Schurz, Ferry, and Logan.

The question being on the amendment of Mr. Scott, providing for the redemption of the whole volume of the national bank currency in specie or interest-bearing bonds of the United States,

Mr. CAMERON said the Senate was not full enough to-day, and he would rather have the vote taken to-morrow at some hour to be fixed. He therefore moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of executive business, which was rejected.

The yeas and nays were taken on Mr. Scott's amendment, and it was lost—yeas 28, nays 30—as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Boutwell, Buckingham, Chandler, Conkling, Cooper, Cragin, Davis, Fenton, Ferry of Connecticut, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hager, Hamilton of Maryland, Hamlin, Jones, Kelley, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Sargent, Schurz, Scott, Sherman, Stevenson, Stewart, Stockton, Sumner, Wadleigh—28.

NAYS—Messrs. Alcorn, Allison, Bogy, Boreman, Cameron, Carpenter, Clayton, Dennis, Ferry of Michigan, Goldthwaite, Harvey, Howe, Johnson, Logan, McCreery, Merrimon, Mitchell, Morton, Norwood, Oglesby, Patterson, Pease, Pratt, Ramsey, Robertson, Spencer, Thurman, Tipton, West, Wright—30.

Mr. Flanagan, who would have voted in the affirmative, was paired with Mr. Dorsey; Mr. Hitchcock, against the amendment, was paired with Mr. Edmunds; Mr. Gordon, against it, with Mr. Bayard; Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, in favor of it, with Mr. Ingalls; Mr. Saulsbury, in favor of it, with Mr. Ransom.

Mr. HOWE moved his amendment above reported as an amendment to that of the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. Merrimon.)

Mr. THURMAN said the effect of this amendment would be to compel the Government to pay nearly $2,000,000 per annum interest for the sake of having a little more money.

Mr. HOWE withdrew his amendment as an amendment to that of Mr. Merrimon, and offered it in connection with that of Mr. Cameron, for an unlimited issue of national bank currency, as a substitute for Mr. Merrimon's amendment, which instructs the committee to report a bill increasing the volume of national bank currency to $400,000,000.

The question being stated by the Chair, Mr. HOWE said the last change of front made by him was a mistake, and he would therefore offer his amendment as he at first proposed, to that of the gentleman from North Carolina, (Mr. Merrimon.)

Mr. BOUTWELL said the amendment contained in it principles which would bring this country to bankruptcy.

Mr. MORTON—Will the gentleman state how?

Mr. BOUTWELL—It is a process by which you increase the demand for legal tenders and diminish the supply. He thought the great error of the present moment was the tendency of men to rely on principles of other countries which were not applicable to ours. He was disposed to look at things around us, and take counsel of what was within our own knowledge. We had in this country, barring the circumstance that our paper-money is not redeemable in coin, a currency as good as any in the world.

Mr. HITCHCOCK moved to adjourn. The motion was lost.

Mr. THURMAN hoped the whole subject would be recommitted without any instructions to the committee. The subject was so complicated, and there was such a diversity of opinion, that it would all be unsatisfactory in the end if the committee should be instructed. He thought the best thing to do was to pass the bill as it came from the committee. The vote was taken on Mr. Howe's amendment—yeas, 16; nays, 40.

YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Buckingham, Chandler, Conkling, Cragin, Fenton, Ferry, of Connecticut; Frelinghuysen, Hamlin, Howe, Jones, Morrill, of Maine; Morrill, of Vermont; Stewart, Sumner, Wadleigh—16.

NAYS—Messrs. Alcorn, Allison, Bogy, Boreman, Boutwell, Brownlow, Cameron, Carpenter, Cooper, Davis, Dennis, Ferry, of Michigan; Flanagan, Goldthwaite, Hager, Harvey, Johnston, Kelley, Logan, McCreery, Merrimon, Mitchell, Morton, Norwood, Oglesby, Patterson, Pease, Pratt, Ramsey, Robertson, Sargent, Saulsbury, Scott, Spencer, Stevenson, Stockton, Thurman, Tipton, West, Wright—40.

Mr. BUCKINGHAM offered a substitute for Mr. Merrimon's amendment, that the Finance Committee be instructed to report a bill to provide for free banking, and for funding legal-tender notes into United States bonds, and the redemption of United States bonds in legal-tender notes, which was rejected.

The question then recurred on the amendment of Mr. Cameron for the repeal of all laws restricting the amount of national bank currency.

Mr. MORTON said the Senate was not full, and he, therefore moved to adjourn at 5:20 P. M. This motion was adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW AND THE NEW POST OFFICE AT NEW-YORK.

On motion of Mr. COX, of New-York, the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds was instructed to investigate the alleged violation of the Eight-hour law in the work on the New-York Post Office, with power to send for persons and papers.

THE ARKANSAS CONTEST.

The contested election case from the Third Congressional District of Arkansas came up on the motion to reconsider and lay on the table the vote of yesterday declaring W. W. Wilshire entitled *prima facie* to the seat.

The motion to reconsider was laid on the table—yeas 135, nays 129.

Mr. Wilshire was then sworn in, taking the iron-clad oath.

CHANGES IN THE CRIMINAL CODE.

Mr. FRYE, of Maine, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill providing that any person who shall be convicted of the crime of manslaughter in any United States Court, or in any State or Territory [illegible] not exceeding twenty years and fined not exceeding $1,000. He stated that under the existing law the maximum imprisonment for manslaughter is three years.

After suggestions from Messrs. Lawrence, of Ohio, and Bass, of New-York, and others, Mr. FRYE inserted a proviso that the act shall not affect any prosecution now pending, or the prosecution of any offense already committed.

Mr. BARBER, of Wisconsin, asked Mr. Frye to let him offer an amendment that the punishment of murder shall be imprisonment for life.

Mr. FRYE declined to do so, and the bill was then passed.

Mr. FRYE, from the same committee, reported the bill making the punishment for extortion by officers or persons acting under the authority of the United States a fine not exceeding $500 and imprisonment not exceeding three years, which was passed.

Also, the bill providing that no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished in any United States Court for any offense not capital, or for any fine or forfeiture under any penal statute unless indicted, or information shall be found or instituted within five years, except in the case of persons fleeing from justice, was passed. The bill providing that where an occupant of public land, having color of title, has made valuable improvements thereon, and his title is found afterward not to be good, he shall be entitled to all the rights and remedies provided in such cases in the respective States or Territories was reported.

Messrs. MCCRARY, of Iowa, and COBB, of Kansas, explained that the passage of such a bill was necessary in those States. After further discussion by Messrs. Lawrence, of Ohio, and Hawley, of Illinois, the bill was passed.

ACCUSED PERSONS AS WITNESSES IN THEIR OWN BEHALF.

Mr. FRYE also reported a bill providing that in the trial of all indictments, informations, complaints, and other proceedings in the United States Courts the person charged shall, at his own request, but not otherwise, be a competent witness, the law to apply to all prosecutions now pending.

On motion of Mr. GOOCH, of Massachusetts, the bill was made to apply to courts-martial and courts of inquiry.

After discussion, the bill was passed.

THE LIQUOR COMMISSION.

Mr. POLAND, of Vermont, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill to provide for the appointment of a commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traffic, the commission to consist of five persons, who are to serve without pay for two years, but are to be allowed all necessary incidental expenses, and a Secretary at $2,000 a year. It was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DEITY IN THE CONSTITUTION

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, from the Committee on the Judiciary, made an adverse report on the memorial for an acknowledgment of Almighty God and the Christian religion in the Constitution of the United States, which was laid on the table.

DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC DOCUMENTS THROUGH THE MAILS.

The bill reported by the Post Office Committee in regard to the distribution of public documents came up as the special order, and Mr. Woodford, of New-York, raised the question of consideration, remarking that he wanted to have action on the subject of the $44,000,000 reserve, and that it was a question of public printing and franking on the one side, and of national finances on the other. The House decided by a very decided majority to proceed with the bill which provides for the distribution of public documents printed by authority of Congress, and of seeds furnished by the Agricultural Department, for the free exchange of newspapers between publishers, and for the free transmission of weekly newspapers by mail within the county where published.

Without taking action on the bill the House, at 4:30 P. M., took a recess until 7:30 P. M.

The evening session is to be held for the consideration of the bill to revise the statutes.

EVENING SESSION.

There were about twenty members present during the evening session of the House, and they gave a tacit assent to the verbal amendments proposed by Mr. Poland, of Vermont, to the printed copy, on which the House was acting. These amendments were principally to correct errors in phraseology or mistakes of a typographical or clerical nature.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Thurlow Weed and Prof. Chandler called upon Mayor Havemeyer yesterday.

Ash Wednesday services in the Protestant Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches in the City were largely attended yesterday.

The committee on arrangements for the rapid-transit meeting has requested Mr. Royal Phelps to preside at the meeting at the Cooper Institute.

The diamond cross recently stolen from Mrs. E. O. Perrin, wife of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, while on a visit to this City, was returned to the owner yesterday.

A meeting was held at the Metropolitan Hotel, Tuesday, the object of which was to bring the whole matter relative to armories for the Militia of New-York before the Legislature.

The subscription of the employes of the Morgan Iron Works, amounting to $2,100, will be placed in the hands of a responsible committee for distribution among the deserving poor of the Eleventh Ward.

At a meeting of the Fire Commissioners, yesterday, it was resolved to invite proposals for building four self-propelling steam fire-engines, to be used as auxiliary in case of emergency to those drawn by horses.

On next Tuesday evening Rev. W. T. Clarke will lecture on "What They Say," in the chapel of the Church of the Strangers, Greene street, between Waverley place and Eighth street, for the benefit of the Free Dormitory for Women.

The new horse distemper continues to spread, and yesterday a number of horses in various public stables were attacked. The horses of the Sixth, Eighth, and Ninth avenues, and Broadway Lines enjoy a singular immunity from the disease.

It appears that a number of storekeepers of this City have been victimized to a large amount by operators in worthless railroad bonds who purchased quantities of groceries, giving the bonds in payment. Warrants are to be issued for the arrest of the swindlers.

Four of Mr. Bennett's soup-kitchens were opened yesterday, under the supervision of Mr. Delmonico, in the Seventh Precinct, No. 70 East Broadway; Eleventh Precinct, No. 285 Second street; Fourteenth Precinct, No. 53 Spring street, and Sixth Precinct, No. 110 Centre street.

The will of the late James W. Gerard was filed in the Surrogate's Office yesterday. The contents of the document will not be made public until 3d of March, when the petition for probate is returnable. The will of the late Thomas B. Brockman, proprietor of the New-York Hotel, has been also filed.

The suit of Shepherd F. Knapp against Walter Roche, which has been pending in the Superior Court of this City since March, 1872, was brought on for trial yesterday before Judge Speir and a jury. After taking some testimony, Judge Speir said he would examine the points raised by counsel for Roche, during the night, and adjourned the court until this morning.

The St. Louis and St. Joseph Railroad having defaulted in the interest on the first mortgage bonds, due May, 1873, was sold by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company yesterday, at the Merchants' Exchange, Broadway. The mortgage amounted to $1,000,000. The bidding commenced at $50,000, but the road was finally knocked down to Mr. Chas. W. Hassler, of Wall street, for $100,000.

The divorce suit of Edward K. Winship against Caroline F. Winship was before Judge Donohue in Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, on a motion to compel plaintiff to pay defendant alimony during the pendency of the action, and also an amount as counsel fee. Plaintiff's counsel, Messrs. Howard, Ellis, Hodges, and Meeker, asked until Saturday next to submit counter-affidavits, and the hearing was adjourned accordingly.

BROOKLYN.

Mr. Seamen, the expert accountant, has discovered another small discrepancy in the Tax Office.

The Mayor signed the contracts for cleaning the streets of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Nineteenth, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, and Twenth-fourth Wards. The cost will be $44,336.

The Women's Temperance Society is to meet at 12 o'clock on Friday, in the Sunday-school rooms in Morse place, near Pierrepont street, and the members are using every exertion to bring together a large number of the ladies of the city.

The Dean-Hammond breach of promise case has been compromised for $3,000. Mr. Dean agrees to pay that amount and the costs of court, in lieu of the $4,500 awarded at a former trial to Miss Hammond. Counsel have entered a discontinuance in the Supreme Court.

The Committee on Accounts of the Board of Supervisors continued their examination at the Almshouse yesterday of the alleged frauds in connection with the purchase of supplies for the charitable institutions. By a comparison of the cost of supplies bought in open market during 1873 and those purchased since Jan. 1 of this year, a gain of from fifteen to seventy-five per cent. was noted in recently-purchased supplies.

A slight fire occurred at the navy-yard yesterday morning, while the yard officials were testing the merits of a patent fire extinguisher. A wooden shed had been erected in the vacant lot east of the yard, to demonstrate the effectiveness of the patent fire extinguisher. Fire was communicated to the shed, and the extinguisher set to work on it, but the flames obtained so much headway that it was found necessary to call out the engine of the yard. While this was at work a building close by caught fire. Much excitement ensued, but both fires were put out without serious loss.

STATEN ISLAND.

A grand vocal and instrumental entertainment will be given on Wednesday evening next, in [illegible] Reformed Church of New-Brighton, of which Mr. Engard is pastor.

Chippewa Council No. 17, of Stapleton, and Continental Council No. 27, of Port Richmond, of the Order of United American Mechanics, both numbering about 350 members, will take part in the grand parade at Brooklyn on Washington's Birthday.

LONG ISLAND.

The residents of Woodbury held a meeting Monday evening, to protest against locating the proposed poor-farm in their neighborhood, as they consider it would lessen the value of their property.

Silver plate and other articles, to the value of over $300, have been stolen from the cabin of the French steam-ship Alexandre Levallay, ashore on Southampton beach, by whom is at present unknown.

NEW-JERSEY.

Charles Campbell, a brakeman on the Morris and Essex Railroad, was crushed between the bumpers while coupling cars at the depot in Paterson yesterday. His arm was broken, and he sustained internal injuries which will probably prove fatal.

A boy, whose name could not be ascertained, was run over and instantly killed yesterday at the west end of the Erie Tunnel, by a Morris and Essex railroad train. He was stealing a ride, and, falling off, five cars passed over his body, mangling it in a horrible manner.

An infant daughter of Mrs. Conrad Lang, residing at No. 38 Westcott street, Newark, fell into a wash-tub full of water yesterday, during the temporary absence of her mother from the room, and was drowned. County Physician Dodd granted a permit for burial.

On the application of counsel for the bondholders of the New-Jersey West Line Railroad, Chancellor Runyon has issued an injunction restraining the further prosecution of work on that road for the present. William L. Larned, a New-York lawyer, was appointed Receiver, and will take possession of the road at once.

At a late hour Tuesday night a stable in the rear of William Smith's residence, on Bergen Line avenue, West New-York, was set on fire by some unknown person. The flames communicated with an adjoining house and barn, and all three buildings were completely destroyed. The loss amounts to about $1,500, and is fully covered by insurance. The property was owned by Charles Cannon, of New-York.

A man named William H. Allen, doing business in Newark, called yesterday at the undertaking establishment of J. A. McCartland, No. 293 Market street, and while there requested that some one might be sent to the Manufacturers' National Bank to get a check for $463 34 cashed. Henry S. Stickles, a clerk employed in the store, was intrusted with the check, but he remained away so long that suspicion was aroused. Inquiry at the bank disclosed the fact that the money had been paid to Stickles and then it was evident that he had fled with the money. Detectives are now on the track of the fugitive, and hope to capture him.

On Tuesday afternoon, while several children were playing in the school-house at Sandtown, Mercer County, some men who were passing ordered them to go home, as it was getting dark. All the children ran out of the door, except one little girl, about twelve years old, who tried to go out through the window. In doing so she displaced the prop which held the window up, and the sash fell on her neck, fastening her so that she could not release herself. A short time afterward her companions noticed her absence, and on going back to look for her found her suspended by the neck from the window, and quite dead. Medical attendance was summoned, but all efforts to restore animation proved unavailing.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE MR. WILLIAM E. DUNSCOMB.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mr. William Elsworth Dunscomb were solemnized yesterday afternoon with much impressiveness in Trinity Church, of which deceased was senior vestryman up to the time of his death. At 4 o'clock the funeral cortége arrived at the church. The coffin, which was covered with black cloth and decorated with silver handles, was then brought up the front aisle preceded by the following officiating clergymen: Revs. Morgan Dix, D. D., Haight, Weston, Swope, Mulihaley, Houghton, Hitchings, and Cook. The pall-bearers and friends of the deceased followed and took seats in front of the chancel. The regular Protestant Episcopal burial service was then performed, Rev. Dr. Dix reading the lesson of the fifteenth chapter of the Corinthians. Several floral tributes consisting of a crown, anchor, cross, and a broken column were placed on the lid of the casket, which bore the following inscription:

"WILLIAM ELSWORTH DUNSCOMB,
Died Feb. 15, 1874,
Aged 85 years, 1 month, and 18 days."

At the conclusion of the burial service, the body was interred in the family vault in Trinity Church. The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: George Templeton Strong, Samuel T. Skidmore, Cyrus Curtis, Gouverneur M. Ogden, John J. Cisco, Adam T. Sackett, John J. Astor, and Adam Campbell.

FUNDING THE CANAL DEBT.

A meeting of members of the Produce Exchange was held yesterday for the purpose of taking action on the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State relative to the funding of the canal debt. Mr. B. W. Floyd presided. After a speech by Mr. Moulton the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, By the last clause of the bill for "funding the canal and general fund debts now charged on the canals," now before the Legislature of this State, the commercial interests of the City and State of New-York are placed in jeopardy; and,

Whereas, The adoption of this clause would involve the surrender of the rights now guaranteed to the commercial interests of the State and City of New-York under the present Constitution, unless restored through the tedious and uncertain remedy for further amendments.

Whereas, The large and rapidly-increasing amount of tonnage carried over the New-York Central and Erie Railways, the principal portion of which necessarily consists of through freights to and from the Western States, emphatically shows the necessity of reducing the costs of canal navigation by proper enlargement of the locks of the canals, and that the real question now at issue is not the capacity of the canals to carry the freight, but the cost of transportation in the vessels whose capacity is limited and determined by the present capacity of the locks.

Resolved, That the New-York Produce Exchange respectfully and earnestly protest against the passage of the proposed amendment to the Constitution relative to funding the canal and general fund debts, now charged on the canals.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolution be forwarded to the President of the Senate and to the Speaker of the Assembly, at Albany, with a request that the same be laid before their respective Houses.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.—The following is the Court of Appeals Day Calendar for Feb. 19: Nos. 68, 57, 118, 111, 106, 281, 114, 110.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Barrett, J.—27, — vs. —; 28, — vs. —; 45, — vs. —; 73, — vs. —; 74, — vs. —; 77, — vs. —; 79, Griffin, &c., vs. Helmbold, &c.; 81, — vs. —; 83, — vs. —; 103, Knowles, &c., vs. Brennan; 153, Bixby, Receiver, vs. Snow, &c.; 159, Van Tassal vs. Van Tassal; 165, People ex rel. Grissler vs. Catlin, Executrix; 169, Kreiter, &c., vs. Kreiter, &c.; 170, Doremus, &c., vs. Bidwell; 173, Freedman vs. Bernanger; 174, Swift vs. Sun Mutual Insurance Company; 175, Same vs. Same. Call—176, Egbert vs. Crittenden.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part II.—Held by Lawrence, J.—2968, Cunningham vs. The Mayor, &c.; 1017, Shakespeare vs. Warner et al.; 1024, Brown vs. Warner et al.; 388, Endicott et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff; 562, Johnson vs. Davison; 1560, Griswold et al. vs. Duskam; 1488, Delemater vs. Hermance; 1600, Gondy vs. Ponillaine; 1660, The People State New-York vs. De Camp et al.; 1180, Thorp vs. Griffin et al.; 1722, Staats vs. The Mayor, &c.; 1550, Rowland vs. Berg; 237, Ball vs. Hudson River Railroad Company; 1588, Berringer vs. Wengenroth; 1376½, Gould vs. Gordon; 1658, Whitney vs. McAuliffe; 1016, Wilson vs. Holbrook; 872, Diossy vs. Milderberger; 1354½, Murphy, &c., vs. Smith; 168, Weeks vs. Saterlee et al.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part III.—Held by Van Vorst, J.—2117, Bradley vs. The Mayor, &c.; 285, Willett, Administrator, vs. Kipp et al.; 829, Siney vs. Marshall; 637, Arthur et al. vs. Hampton; 427, Cornell vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 75, Black et al. vs. Continental National Bank; 2967, Roome vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York; 275, Home Insurance Company vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company; 1327, McGregor vs. Boyle; 991, McMaster vs. Green et al.; 173, Nelson et al. vs. Degnan; 1105, Claflin et al. vs. Mingesheimer; 1059, Sheeby vs. Dawson; 455, Taylor vs. Eastman; 1215, Shay vs. Duncan et al.; 855, Wight vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 2549, Nelson, Jr., vs. The Mayor, &c., New-York; 729, Herder vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; 1205, Bentley vs. Weir; 489, Cowdry vs. Griffith.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Issues of Law and Fact—303. Mott, Executor, &c., vs. Mott et al.; 341, Peet vs. Ruszits; 342, Anthony vs. Ruszits; 357, Winthrop et al. vs. McKim; 359, Post vs. Weil; 1, Jones et al. vs. Butler, Administrator, &c.; 12, Bronson vs. Bronson et al.; 20, Ritter vs. Boody; 37½, Sandford vs. Norris; 53, Hastings, Receiver, &c., vs. Drew et al.; 43, Orr vs. Gilmore et al.; 53, Archer et al. vs. Schultz et al.; 67, Potter vs. Coulter; 2, Taylor vs. Trustees of Union College of Schenectady, N. Y.; 23, Marx et al. vs. Goodwin et al.; 94, O'Dougherty, Administrator, vs. McMahon et al.; 349, Hanburry vs. Connolly et al.; 40, Holske et al. vs. Merritt, Executor, &c.; 71½, Pentz vs. Hughes, Administrator, et al.; 68, Munster vs. Seligman; 104, Guidet vs. Cohen; 114, Wright et al. vs. Wright, Administrator, et al.; 118, Dimock vs. Cummings; 120, Same vs. Same et al.; 131, Lea et al. vs. Stevens et al.; 142, Sanders vs. Poor et al.; 146, Erie Railway Company vs. Barr.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—Held by Brady, J.—Patrick Clark, Jr., manslaughter; William Hanley alias William Hamilton, bigamy.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Larremore, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—2265, Newkirchen vs. Third Avenue Railroad; 2331, Hasson vs. Rohe; 3234, Jones vs. Kelly. Preference—3878, Cuddy vs. Mayor; 1528, Coe vs. Cassidy. Preference—3952, Henderson vs. Mayor; 2273, Beach vs. Bloss; 68, McCauley vs. Gans; 2077, Heitler vs. Ach; 3934, O'Neil vs. Mayor; 1369, Bronk vs. New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company. Preference—3988, Kingsland vs. Mayor; 2185, Alger vs. Ullner; 2726, Poillon et al. vs. Hancox.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by J. F. Daly, J.—2584, Kobbe et al. vs. Campbell; 2644, Nassau Bank vs. Klein; 2600, Sheron vs. Wray; 2842, West vs. Rosenstein; 2068, Delevan vs. Mann; 2663, Consolidation Coal Company vs. Wilson; 2693, Gibson et al. vs. Gibson; 2695, [illegible] vs. Cook; 2696, [illegible] vs. Goddard; 2704, Van Roessler vs. The Anchor Life Insurance Company.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Shea, C. J.—3262, Stockwell vs. Perego; 3282, Shaw et al. vs. Coe et al.; 3785, Viemeister vs. Schwarting; 3280, Brandt et al. vs. Schneider; 4321, Silleck, Jr., vs. Brennan; 3380, Trimble vs. Doran; 3298, Laird vs. New-York and Harlem Railroad Company; 3310, Campbell vs. Voorhis; 3312, Tiffany et al. vs. Cowing; 3316, Murphy vs. Tournande et al.; 3318, Friedman vs. Keafker; 2326, Aidrich vs. Welch; 3332, Lewis vs. Smith; 3334, Porsch vs. Rabe; 3338, Tucker vs. Hance et al.; 3246, Dougan vs. Schermerhorn; 3238, Dane vs. Cannon; 4445, Lowenthal vs. Wolff.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Alker, J.—4387, Sweeney vs. Filkins; 2031, Burker vs. Smith; 2903, Holden et al. vs. Mittnacht; 3289, Somborn et al. vs. Friebertshauer; 3109, Baylies vs. Briggs; 3273, Gottsberger vs. Brennan; 3279, Schmidt vs. Kohn; 3203, Tucker vs. Smith et al.; 4499, Wheeler et al. vs. Moore et al.; 3307, Hoyt vs. Valkenning; 3309, Cole et al. vs. Bloss et al.; 3311, O'Neill vs. Cleveland; 3313, Henley vs. Asher et al.; 3317, Murphy vs. Solomon; 3319, Coneco, Jr., vs. McGowan.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Held by McAdam, J.—1687, Fleck vs. Ehel; 3728, Williams vs. Hanfield; 3177, Ossenheimer vs. Ohrt; 3948, Merrill vs. Lough; 3149, O'Sullivan vs. Hughes; 4382, Gillot vs. Joceney et al.; 3588, Seinon vs. Levy; 3686, Doellner vs. Ohm et al.; 4067, Merchant et al. vs. McCahill; 4417, Mahoney vs. Stappers et al.; 4422, Middlefield Marble Company vs. Feelitz; 3449, Isley et al. vs. Blunt, Jr.; 4439, Mason vs. Keyes et al.; 3867, Whitney vs. Oberndorff; 3826, Georgi vs. Coe et al.; 3835, Samerich vs. Schwab et al.; 4362, Bonar vs. Catherwood; 4169, Lowenbien vs. Howe et al.; 4170, Same vs. Same; 4509, Palley vs. Isaacsen.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Hackett, Recorder.—August Keinhart, arson; Robert May, felonious assault and battery; Patrick Doonan, (three cases,) felonious assault and battery; Lewis Murray, felonious assault and battery; Duncan D. Templeton, felonious assault and battery; Samuel Adams, receiving stolen goods; Edward J. Spounberg, receiving stolen goods.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Donohue.

Becker vs. Dart; memorandum.

Chapin vs. Maltby, two motions; motions denied, with $10 costs.

By Judge Barrett.

Kuhn vs. Burtnett; application denied.

People's Bank vs. Crane; Getty et al. vs. Spaulding; Bernhard vs. Monahan; motions granted.

Thuber et al. vs. Leary et al.; memorandum.

Bowen vs. The Washington Insurance Company; Hamilton vs. Rutherford; Wild vs. National Life Insurance Company; reports confirmed and orders granted.

Dowling vs. Butler; Batzer vs. Burtnedt; motions denied, with $10 costs.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Rusk vs. Sautter et al.; case settled.

Chatham National Bank vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; motion for new trial denied, with costs to abide event.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Sedgwick.

Sturm vs. The Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company; motion denied, without prejudice, &c. See decision.

The American Corrugated Iron Company vs. Eisner; Smith vs. MacDonald; orders granted.

Ross vs. Moore; order for an allowance.

Sherman vs. Gilbert; motion granted.

McDermott vs. McDermott; reference ordered.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1874.

This being the first day of Lent trade in Live Stock generally was less active than is usual in the middle of the week. Prices, however, were sustained, as the run of Stock was not over heavy, and the quality generally suited buyers. Beeves sold from 9¾c.@12½c. ⅌ lb., weights from 5¾ cwt., scant, to 9 cwt., on 55 lbs. to 58 lbs. to the cwt., net. Milch Cows were nominal at our last quotations. Veals sold at 10½c. ⅌ lb. Sheep sold from 6c.@8¼c. ⅌ lb. Three cars Live Hogs were held on sale; City-dressed sold from 7c.@7½c. ⅌ lb.; Western-dressed from 6¾c.@7⅛c. ⅌ lb.

SALES.

Coney & McPherson sold for selves 220 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 10½c@12½c. ⅌ lb., weights from 6 cwt. to 9 cwt. Martin, Fuller & Co. sold for M. Ulman 16 coarse Illinois Steers at 10¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; for J. Mooney, 32 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ⅌ lb., weight 6½ cwt. C. Kahn sold for Kahn & Baker 61 fair Missouri Steers from 11c.@11½c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt.; held on sale for Khan & Furst, 33 Missouri Steers. B. Westheimer sold for Lehmon & Pepper 38 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 11½c.@12½c. ⅌ lb.; for W. Parson, 32 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 11¼c.@12½c. ⅌ lb. The firm of Morris Waixels & Co. had 780 head of horned Cattle on sale, which were disposed of as follows: D. Waixel sold 125 generally fair Illinois Steers from 10¾c.@11½c. ⅌ lb. H. Meyer sold 65 fair Illinois Steers at 11c. ⅌ lb., weights from 7 cwt. to 7¼ cwt.; held on sale 16 Illinois Steers. Toffey & Sons sold 61 coarse Missouri Steers at 10c. ⅌ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; held on sale 16 Illinois Steers. W. C. Dudley sold 69 rough Illinois Steers from 9¾c.@10c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt. S. Schuster sold 50 common Illinois Steers from 10½c.@10¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 7 cwt.; 36 Cherokee Steers at 10c. ⅌ lb., and $1 ⅌ head off, weight 5¾ cwt., scant. W. Thompson sold 18 common Illinois Steers at 10¼c. ⅌ lb., weight 6 cwt.; 18 common Illinois Steers at 10½c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt.; 17 fair Illinois Steers at 11¼c. ⅌ lb., and $1 ⅌ head off; held on sale 32 Illinois Steers. M. Lauterbach sold 51 common Illinois Steers at 10¾c. ⅌ lb., weight 6¾ cwt., and $1 ⅌ head off; held on sale 32 Illinois Steers. F. Samuels sold 33 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 10c.@11c. ⅌ lb., weight 6½ cwt.; held on sale 34 Illinois Steers. M. Goldschmidt sold 46 generally fair Illinois Steers from 10¾c.@11½c. ⅌ lb., weights from 6½ cwt. to 7½ cwt.; held on sale 75 choice Illinois Steers.

At Fortieth Street Sheep Market Judd & Buckingham sold 166 Ohio Sheep, weight 16,880 lbs., at 6¾c. ⅌ lb.; 197 Michigan Sheep, weight 16,850 lbs., at 7c. ⅌ lb.; 329 Ohio Sheep, weight 33,770 lbs., at 7½c. ⅌ lb.; 165 Michigan Sheep, weight 16,150 lbs., at 7⅝c. ⅌ lb.; 177 Ohio Sheep, weight 17,980 lbs., at 8c. ⅌ lb.; 111 Canada Sheep, weight 17,070 lbs., at 8½c. ⅌ lb.; had due 2 cars of Sheep.

At Forty-eighth Street Sheep Market, Hume & Elliott sold 395 State Sheep, weight 37,160 lbs., at 7c. ⅌ lb.; 137 Pennsylvania Sheep, weight 18,090 lbs., at 8⅛c. ⅌ lb.; held on sale, 3 cars of Sheep; J. Kirby held on sale 2 cars of Sheep.

At Harsimus Cove, J. N. Pidcock sold 196 Ohio Sheep, weight 15,900 lbs., at 6c. ⅌ lb.; 188 Ohio Sheep, weight 16,450 lbs., at 7c. ⅌ lb.; 106 Ohio Sheep, weight 13,720 lbs., at 7¾c. ⅌ lb.; 162 Kentucky Sheep, weight 17,490 lbs., at 8c. ⅌ lb.; 166 Ohio Sheep, weight 22,360 lbs., at 8¼c. ⅌ lb.; 130 Ohio Sheep, weight 18,540 lbs., at $8 60 ⅌ cwt.; T. H. Reed held on sale 3 cars of Hogs.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF DRESSED MEATS.

E. S. Briggs reports City-dressed Mutton fair from 7c.@11c. ⅌ lb. C. Ankel reports City-dressed Mutton slow from 6c.@10c. ⅌ lb. J. & J. O'Shea report fair quality City-dressed Beef fair from 9½c.@10½c. ⅌ lb. Snowden & McConville report trade steady in good quality City-dressed Beef at 11c. ⅌ lb. for Sides; Fore-quarters from 9c.@10c. ⅌ lb.; Hind-quarters from 13c.@13½c. ⅌ lb.; Ribs from 16c.@17c. ⅌ lb. J. Elsey reports trade dull in City-dressed Veal from 12c.@16c. ⅌ lb. J. H. Westervelt reports City-dressed Lambs slow at 11c. ⅌ lb. Taylor & Cummings report trade fair in City-dressed Mutton from 6c.@11c. ⅌ lb., and fair in Country-dressed Veal from 9c.@15c. ⅌ lb. J. V. Thurston reports live Veals at 10½c. ⅌ lb.; City-dressed Veal from 13c.@15c. ⅌ lb. Held on sale, 5 cars of Western-dressed Texan Beef, shipped from Dennison, selling in Sides from 7c.@7½c. ⅌ lb.; Fore-quarters at 6c. ⅌ lb.; Hind-quarters at 9c. ⅌ lb.; trade moderate. One car of Western-dressed native Beef, shipped from Detroit, come fresh to hand to-day, will be on sale to-morrow, contains 164 quarters of Beef and 37 choice carcases of Mutton.

RECEIPTS.

Fresh arrivals for yesterday and to-day at Harsimus Cove, 1,048 head of horned Cattle, 2,333 Sheep, 1,453 Hogs. Fresh arrivals at Fortieth Street Hog-yards for yesterday and to-day, 3,168 Hogs, 724 Sheep, and due two cars. Fresh arrivals at Forty-eighth Street Sheep-yards for yesterday and to-day, 1,223 Sheep, with nine cars of Sheep due. Gross arrivals at Weehawken yards for week ending Feb. 16, 1874, 743 head of horned Cattle, 8,991 Sheep, 42 Calves, 9,704 Hogs, 45 Horses.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Cattle—Receipts to-day, including 7 cars reported to arrive, 595 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 4,362 head, or 286 cars, against 224 cars for the same time last week; the market was active at a strong ¼c. decline on last week's closing prices; the quality of Cattle was good and the attendance fair; about 1,350 head were disposed of; sales, 800 head Illinois Steers, ranging from 960 to 1,437 lbs., at $4 80@$6 25; 250 head Ohio Steers, ranging from 1,050 to 1,960 lbs., at $5@$7; 100 head Michigan Steers, ranging from 1,035 to 1,195 lbs., at $4 75@$5 25; 100 head Indiana Steers, ranging from 1,350 to 1,361 lbs., at $5 75@$6 25; 36 head Missouri Steers, ranging from 1,077 to 1,105 lbs., at $4 80@$5 85. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 4,000 head, making the total supply for the week, thus far, 15,200 head, against 9,900 head for the same time last week; the market was slow at an advance of ¼c.@⅜c. over last week's closing prices: sales, 1,500 head Michigan Sheep, ranging from 70 to 105 lbs., at $6 50@$7 35; 200 head Canada Sheep, ranging from 93 to 135 lbs., at $6 80@$7. Hogs—Receipts to-day, including reported arrivals, 1,000 head, making the supply for the week thus far 9,300 head, against 13,700 head for the same time last week; Yorkers, $5 50@$5 65; heavy Hogs, $5 75@$5 87½.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Feb. 18—12:30 P. M.—American Securities inactive. New-York Central, 95. Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 58f. 82½c.

1:30 P. M.—Consols for money, 92@92⅛; for the account, 92⅛@92¼. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 109¾.

2:30 P. M.—Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 58f. 87½c.

4 P. M.—United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 109½; 1867s, 109¾; new 5s, 104¼. Erie Railway Shares, 44¼. Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 58f. 85c.

6 P. M.—Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 58f. 80c.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 18—12:30 P. M.—Cotton, to arrive, 1-16d. cheaper.

1 P. M.—Cotton—The market is a shade easier; Middling Uplands, 8d.; Middling Orleans, 8¼d.@8⅜d.; sales, 12,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export.

1:30 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, shipped January and February, at 7 13-16d. Provisions—Lard, 44s. 3d. ⅌ cwt.; Pork, 65s. ⅌ bbl. for New Mess.

2:30 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day 7,000 bales were American. Breadstuffs—The market is quiet.

4 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Orleans, nothing below Good Ordinary, shipped February and March, at 8⅛d.

LONDON, Feb. 18—1:30 P. M.—Sugar, 27s.@27s. 6d. ⅌ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard, on the spot, and 24s. 6d.@25s. for do., afloat.

6 P. M.—Refined Petroleum, 13d.@13¼d. ⅌ gallon.

Evening.—Spirits Turpentine opened at 36s. and closed at 35s.@36s. ⅌ cwt. Linseed-oil, £29 9s.@£30 ⅌ ton.

ANTWERP, Feb. 18.—Petroleum, 32½f. for fine Pale American.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Feb. 18.—Cotton a shade easier; fair demand; Middling, 16¼c.; Low Middling, 15¼c.; Good Ordinary, 13¾c.; Ordinary, 11⅜c.; net receipts, 4,574 bales; gross, 4,634 bales; sales, 3,000 bales; stock, 340,972 bales.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 18.—Cotton quiet and firm; Middling, 15¾c.@15⅞c.; Low Middling, 15c.@15⅛c.; Good Ordinary, 14⅜c.; net receipts, 1,363 bales; exports, coastwise, 79 bales; sales, 500 bales; stock, 55,447 bales.

MOBILE, Feb. 18.—Cotton quiet and easy; Middling, 15⅝c.; Low Middling, 14⅝c.@14¾c.; Good Ordinary, 13¾c.; net receipts, 680 bales; gross, 686 bales; sales, 1,000 bales; stock, 69,972 bales.

GALVESTON, Feb. 18.—Cotton unchanged; Good Ordinary, 13⅞c.; Middling, 16⅜c.; net receipts, 1,968 bales; exports, coastwise, 119 bales; sales, 1,000 bales; stock, 117,923 bales.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 18.—Cotton easier; Middling, [illegible]

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1874.

ASHES—Pots wanted at $6 75 ⅌ 100 lbs. Pearls neglected; quoted nominally at $9 ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEES-WAX—Yellow salable at 32c.@33½c. ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—Neglected and nominal; quotations as in our last.

COTTON—Has been in fairly active request for early delivery at, however, weak and drooping prices, the low grades having been particularly depressed, under liberal offerings. Sales, 3,685 bales, (of which 200 bales were to arrive,) including 550 bales to shippers, 431 bales to spinners, 2,204 bales to speculators, and 300 bales in transit. For forward delivery, a restricted business has been reported, opening 1-32c.@1-16c. higher, but closing less firmly. Sales have been reported since our last of 11,900 bales, (of which 1,400 bales were on last evening, and 10,500 bales to-day,) with 400 bales more at the calls, and on the basis of Low Middling, with February option at 15¼c.@15 5-16c.; March, 15 11-32c.@15⅜c.; April, 15 31-32c.@16c.; May, 16 15-32c.@16½c.; June, 16 31-32c.; July, 17⅜c.; August, 17½c.@17 9-16c., which figures, in most instances, are a shade off yesterday's final quotations. The receipts at this port to-day were 5,329 bales, including 930 bales from Norfolk, 243 bales from Wilmington, 1,327 bales from Savannah, 811 bales from Charleston, 1,138 bales from New-Orleans, and 880 bales per railroad. The receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 17,246 bales, and thus far this week, 87,514 bales, against 93,797 bales same time last week, and since the 1st of September last, 2,913,961 bales, against 2,569,093 bales same time the preceding season. Consolidated (four days)—exports to Great Britain, 31,058 bales; exports to the Continent, 21,888 bales. Stock—In New-York, 122,883 bales; consolidated stock at the ports, 844,906 bales. The following quotations are based on Cotton in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade named:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	12½	12½	12½	12½
Good Ordinary	14	14⅛	14⅜	14⅜
Strict Good Ord'y	14¾	14⅞	15 1-16	15 1-16
Low Middling	15¼	15⅜	15⅝	15⅝
Middling	16¼	16⅜	16⅝	16⅝
Good Middling	17½	17⅝	17⅞	17⅞

EGGS—Have been rather more sought after since our last, within the range of 22c.@26c. for fresh stock, chiefly at 23c.@24c. Limed are quiet at from 14c.@18c. ⅌ dozen.

FISH—A moderately active inquiry has been noted for the leading kinds, which have been held quite firmly, including Dry Cod at $4 75@$5 75 ⅌ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel at $16@$26; No. 2 at $13@$17; No. 3 at $11@$13 ⅌ bbl.; Pickled Herring at $3 50@$6, chiefly at $4 50@$5 50; Smoked Herring at 25c.@28c. for Scale, and 20c.@22c. for No. 1 ⅌ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The feature of the market for State and Western Flour to-day was the increased demand for lines of shipping Extras, which were very freely purchased, mainly for March delivery, at a shade better prices. In most other kinds trade was rather slow, values showing no material alteration. The sales reported since our last have been 26,350 bbls., of all grades, including very poor to choice No. 2 at $4 25@$5 75; inferior to very fancy Superfine State and Western, $5 70@$6 30, chiefly at $6@$6 25; inferior to very good Extra State at $6 60@$6 90, chiefly at $6 70@$6 80; good to fancy do. at $6 90@$8, chiefly at $7@$7 25; poor to very good shipping Extra Western at $6 45@$6 85, chiefly at $6 70@$6 80 for prompt delivery, and $6 80 for March deliveries, (on which basis about 16,500 bbls. were placed, mostly for March delivery;) poor to very choice shipping brands round-hoop Ohio at $6 65@$7 10; low grade Minnesota Extras, for shipment, at $6 75@$7 25 ⅌ bbl., and Trade and Family Extras at proportionate rates....Southern Flour about steady, but inactive; 850 bbls. sold....Rye Flour in demand at previous rates; sales, 250 bbls....Corn-meal dull at former figures; sales, 125 bbls.

FRUITS—Raisins have been active and buoyant; 10,000 bxs. sold on the basis of $3@$3 05 for Layer, closing at $3 10, and $3 45@$3 50 for coarse Muscatel; other kinds quiet, but steady.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been in quite active request, mainly for shipment, though in part for milling, at an advance of 1c.@2c. a bushel on the better grades, and 2c.@3c. a bushel on the poorer qualities, closing quite firmly. Winter Wheat has been dull and irregular. Sales have been reported since our last of 153,000 bushels (part to arrive,) at $1 58@$1 60 for No. 1 Minnesota Spring; $1 60, in part, for No. 1 Milwaukee do.; $1 56@$1 57½ for No. 1 Chicago and North-west do.; $1 54@$1 56 for ordinary to choice No. 2 Milwaukee do., on the spot; $1 55½ for strictly prime No. 2 do., to arrive soon; $1 52@$1 53 for No. 2 North-west do., mostly at $1 52@$1 52½ for good to prime; $1 50@$1 52½ for ordinary to very choice No. 2 Chicago do.; $1 46@$1 57 for ungraded Spring, car stock....Corn has been reported, since our last, of 75,000 bushels at 76c.@80c. for ordinary to very choice new Mixed Western, closing tamely at about 78c. for good average samples; 78c.@80c. for new Yellow Western; 85c. for prime old Mixed Western, car stock; 80c. for new Yellow and White Southern....Of Rye, 4,500 bushels were reported sold in lots from cars at $1 02½@$1 05 ⅌ bushel; market steady....Barley, neglected and somewhat nominal....Of Barley Malt, small lots of State were sold at $1 90 for very choice Two-rowed....Oats, lower and irregular on a moderate trade, closing rather more steadily. Sales embrace 41,000 bushels at 58c.@61c. for Mixed Western; 60c.@62c. for White do. 59c.@60½c. for Mixed State; the inside price from track....Hay, Straw, and Feed, as last quoted.

HEMP—Manila has been in more demand at full previous prices; sales, 7,000 bales at 9¼c.@9½c., gold, here, and 9½c., gold, to arrive. Jute Butts in good request at advancing prices; 2,000 bales sold at 2 7-16c., gold, to arrive, and 2¾c., currency, cash, here. Other kinds dull at old figures. We quote American at $130@$150 for Undressed, and $200@$250 for Dressed. ⅌ ton; Manila, 9¼c.@9¾c., gold; Sisal, 8c.@8¼c., gold; Jute, 3½c.@5¾c., gold; Jute Butts, 2¾c., currency, ⅌ lb.; North River Flax, 16c.@19c.; Western, 14½c.@16c.; Canada, 15c.@18c.

HIDES—Have been depressed and rather lower in price, on increasing offerings of stock and a moderate call for supplies; sales have been reported of 8,000 Buenos Ayres at 25½c., gold, 60 days; 4,000 Montevideo at 25c., gold, 60 days; 4,000 San Juan, 700 Central American, and 1,800 Bogota on private terms. Stock in first hands, 143,700 Hides and 635 bales do., against 95,700 Hides and 797 bales do. same time last year.

HOPS—Most descriptions have been in slack demand on the basis of about former rates; the low grades favoring buyers. American, new, good to choice, quoted at 30c.@40c.; American, new, low to fair, 10c.@25c.; Yearlings, 20c.@25c.; Olds, 8c.@15c.; Bavarians, (Genuine,) 35c.@45c.; Bavarians, (Patent,) 30c.@35c.; English, 32c.@37c.; Belgians, 30c.@31c.; California, 40c.@50c., ⅌ lb. Some very choice to very fancy lots of stock are quoted above these figures, on time.

MOLASSES—The demand has been fair, but the scant offerings and the firm views of holders checked business. A cargo of 274 hhds., 35 tcs., and 77 bbls. new crop Trinidad, (Muscovado,) was bought last evening, for trade purposes, on private terms. Small lots of Barbadoes sold at 40c. ⅌ gallon. And of New-Orleans, 525 bbls. have been placed, in lots, at 70c.@74c., ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been fairly active, but rather unsettled in price. Strained to Good Strained quoted at the close at $2 40@$2 50; sales, 150 bbls. Strained at $2 50; 6,900 bbls. No. 2 and Low No. 1 at $2 55@$3 25; 150 bbls. No. 1 at $3 75, and 660 bbls. Pale at $4 62½@$4 87½ ⅌ 280 lbs....Tar quiet; quoted at $3 12½@$3 25 ⅌ bbl....Spirits Turpentine depressed and unsettled, on a limited inquiry; sales, 100 bbls. merchantable at 49c.; subsequently quoted irregularly at from 48c.@49c. ⅌ gallon.

PETROLEUM—An active demand prevails for Crude in bulk, on the basis of 7½c.@7⅝c. for early delivery, with sales of 1,000 bbls. at 7½c., and at 8c. for April, with sales reported of 10,000 bbls....Refined has been less sought after but held firmly; quoted here at 15¾c. for early delivery and 16¼c. for March. And at Philadelphia at 15c. for early delivery. Sales have been reported at Philadelphia of 10,000 bbls., vessel to be ready within the first ten days of April, at 16c. ⅌ gallon....Refined, in cases, in moderate request within the range of 21c.@22c....A light business has been reported in Naphtha, on the basis of 8¼c., partly to complete cargoes.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in limited demand for early delivery at about previous prices; sales 175 bbls. new Western Mess within the range of from $15 80@$16; 50 bbls. Western Prime Mess on private terms, quoted at $14 50@$14 75; with extra Prime at $13 50@$13 75 ⅌ bbl. For forward delivery, a fairly active business was reported, including sales of 1,500 bbls. new Western Mess, March options, at $15 50; 1,750 bbls. do., May, at $15 75; and 500 bbls. do., June, at $16....Dressed Hogs, moderately sought after at 6¾c.@7½c. for City, and 6¾c.@7c. for Western....Cut-meats steady, but not active; sales, 15,000 lbs. Pickled Bellies, 12 lbs., at 9½c.; 50 bxs. Rib Bellies, 12 lbs., at 9⅞c.; 125 bxs. Dry-salted Shoulders at 6⅜c.; and sundry lots of City bulk stock at unaltered rates. ....Bacon held rather more firmly, with a fair demand noted, in good part for shipment. Sales embrace 225 bxs. Short Clear at 8⅝c.@8¾c., closing at 8¾c., 550 bxs. Western Long Clear at 8½c.@8 9-16c.; 475 bxs. City do. at 8½c.@8⅝c.; and 500 bxs. Long and Short Clear at 8⅝c. ⅌ lb....Lard has been in rather more confident demand, and quoted somewhat steadier toward the close, with sales reported for early delivery of 1,100 tcs. Western Steam, fair to choice, at 9¼c.@9½c., closing with prime quoted at 9 7-16c.; 335 tcs. do., Kettle, choice, at 9 9-16c.@9⅝c.; 350 tcs. City Steam at 9¼c.; and small lots Refined within the range of 9⅜c.@9⅞c.; and for forward delivery, of Western Steam, 1,250 tcs., February options, at 9 7-16c.; 1,000 tcs., March, at 9 7-16c.... Beef sold to the extent of 700 bbls., at equal to former figures, including 500 bbls. old stock....Beef Hams, quiet at $24@$26 for Western, and $18@$23 for Southern....Butter and Cheese about as last quoted.

SUGARS—Raw have been comparatively quiet on the basis of yesterday's reduced figures. The demand from refiners has been rather limited. Sales have been made since our last of 675 hhds. and 40 bxs., including 267 hhds. new crop Centrifugal, part at 8¾c.; 59 hhds. new Molasses Sugar at 6⅞c.; 272 hhds. Demerara, nearly all new crop, (placed last evening,) at 9⅜c.; 77 hhds. Melado at 6c., and 40 bxs. Molasses Sugar at 7½c. The new crop Molasses Sugar, sold to arrive some time since and previously mentioned, (527 hhds.,) was at 7⅜c. ⅌ lb. Refined in moderate request, with Hards quoted at 10¼c.@10⅜c., and other kinds as before. Yesterday's report—crowded out this morning—was as follows: Raw have been offered more freely, and with only a moderate demand noted prices have yielded slightly. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,075 hhds., 25 bxs., and 4,443 bags, including 210 hhds. new crop Refining Muscovado, at 7¾c., 358 hhds. old crop do. at 8 3-16c., 309 hhds. new crop Centrifugal at 8 11-16c., 150 hhds. old do. at 8⅞c., 48 hhds. Molasses Sugar at 6⅞c., 25 bxs. Derosne at 9½c., and (late yesterday) 4,443 bags damaged Manila at 5c.@7c. ⅌ lb. We now quote: Fair Refining at 7¾c.; good do. 8c.; prime do., 8⅛c.; fair to choice Grocery do., 8⅜c.@8¾c.; No. 12 Box Clayed stock at 8⅜c.@8½c.; Centrifugal, Nos. 10 and 13, 8⅜c.@8⅞c., Manila, bags, 7c.@7⅝c.; Molasses Sugar, 6½c.@7¼c. Refining Sugars in moderate request, with Hard quoted at 10¼c.@10⅜c.; A's, 9⅜c.@9¾c.; Yellow at 8⅜c.@9¼c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Tallow sold to the extent of 141,000 lbs. fair to strictly prime, at 7 9-16c.@7⅝c. ⅌ lb.; market firm....Of Stearine, 150 tcs. sold from dock, at 9¼c., quoted at 9¼c.@9½c. ⅌ lb.

TEAS—Market weak; demand light; 2,000 half-chests Green, and 1,300 half-chests Japan sold on private terms.

WHISKY—Has been unusually active, but at a shade lower prices; 700 bbls. reported sold, in lots, at $1 01½ ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Berth freights have been moderately active, and rates have been quoted rather firmer, with freer offerings of produce reported, mostly of Grain, Flour, Cotton, and Bacon. In the chartering line a livelier demand was noted for tonnage suited to the Petroleum and Grain trades, especially the former, with the market favoring ship-owners....For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been, by sail, 24,000 bushels Corn, in bags, at 9¼d. from dock, and 9½d. from store; 16,000 bushels do. at 9d. ⅌ bushel of 56 lbs.; 1,000 tcs. Lard at 32s. 6d. ⅌ ton; and by steam, 1,200 bales Cotton at ⅜d.@7-16d. ⅌ lb.; 24,000 bushels Wheat at 10d. ⅌ bushel; 1,600 bxs. Cheese at 45s.; 4,850 bxs. Bacon, (chiefly through freight,) at 45s. ⅌ ton. Also, a British ship, 655 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo. And a ship, 1,205 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms. And a ship, with about 2,400 bales Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, on private terms, quoted at ⅝d.@11-16d. ⅌ lb....For London, by sail, 1,500 bbls. Flour, at 2s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; 16,000 bushels Grain at 9½d. ⅌ bushel; 3,500 Staves on private terms....For Glasgow, by steam, 3,000 bbls. Flour at 4s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; 300 bxs. Bacon at 50s. ⅌ ton; 2,000 Staves and 600 pks. Oil-cake on private terms....For Cork and orders, an Italian bark, 550 tons, hence, with about 3,700 quarters Grain, at [illegible] quarter....For the Continent a British bark, 597 tons, (to arrive,) with about 4,500 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 6s. 6d., privileges excluding Dutch ports, and a British ship, 1,201 tons, with about 8,000 bbls. do., from do., (chartered previous to arrival,) on private terms....For Bremen a German bark, 402 tons, hence, with about 2,700 bbls. Refined Petroleum (a recharter) at 6s. 3d. ⅌ bbl., with option of Hamburg....For Hamburg, by steam, 50 cases Tobacco at 28s., and 600 bales do. at 5s....For Revel, a ship, with Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, at ¾d. ⅌ lb....For Genoa or Leghorn, an American brig, 296 tons, hence, with about 10,000 cases of Petroleum at 32½c....For Trapani or Palermo, a Norwegian brig, 337 tons, hence, with 10,400 cases Petroleum at 35c....For the Mediterranean, an Austrian brig, 265 tons, hence, with about 9,090 cases Petroleum, reported at equal to 32½c.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Flour dull and unchanged; only a local trade. Wheat active and higher; No. 1 Spring, $1 21@$1 21½; No. 2 Spring, $1 19 cash; $1 20, March; $1 22½, April; No. 3 Spring, $1 14; Rejected, $1 06. Corn active and higher; No. 2 Mixed, 57c., cash; 57⅜c., March; 58¼c., April; 62½c., May; Rejected, new, 49c.; old, 51½c.@52½c. Oats in fair demand and higher; No. 2, 42c., cash; 42½c., March; 46¼c., May; Rejected, 39c. Rye firm and scarce; No. 2, 84c.@84½c. Barley quiet and weak; No. 2 Spring, regular, nominally $1 80; sales of Northwestern at $1 85@$1 87½; No. 3 Spring, $1 64. Pork dull and lower at $14 15 cash; $14 20 March; $14 40 April. Lard quiet and unchanged at $8 87½@$8 90 cash; $9 March; $9 05 April. Bulk Meats steady and unchanged; sales of Short Clear Middles, March, loose, at 7¾c.; Short Rib Middles, spot, loose, $7 50. Dressed Hogs opened dull, but closed active and firm at $6 20@$6 25. Whisky in fair demand and lower at 95c. Receipts—11,000 bbls. Flour, 167,000 bushels Wheat, 20,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats, 4,000 bushels Rye, 19,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—19,000 bbls. Flour, 82,000 bushels Wheat, 5,000 bushels Corn, 12,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 7,000 bushels Barley.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—Flour quiet and weak for all, except low grades; Winter Superfine, $5@$5 50; Winter Extra, $5 75@$6; Winter Double Extra, $6 25@$6 50; Treble Extra, $6 75@$7 25. Wheat firmer; business small; No. 2 Spring, $1 20 asked, $1 18 bid; No. 3 Fall, $1 46 asked, $1 42¼ bid. Corn firmer, with a good demand for future delivery; No. 2 Mixed, 59c., at East St. Louis, on the track; 62⅞c.@63c., in elevators, seller April; 64½c., seller May. Oats shade higher; No. 2, 44½c., at East St. Louis, on the track; 45½c., at East St. Louis, in elevator. Barley firm; No. 3 Spring, $1 65@$1 75; No. 2 Spring, $1 85@$1 95. Rye lower to sell; 85c.@86c. bid. Whisky steady at 96c. Pork dull at $15@$15 25. Dry-salted Meats dull and weak; only an order trade. Bacon easier; Shoulders, 6⅞c.@7c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8⅝c.@8¾c.; Clear Sides, 8⅞c.@9c., cash. Lard steady; good demand for future delivery; 8¾c. last half of March. Hogs lower; shippers, $4 50@$4 85; packers, $5@$5 25; extra heavy, $5 50. Cattle firm; fair to choice Beeves, $3 50@$6. Receipts—4,000 bbls. Flour, 10,000 bushels Wheat, 10,000 bushels Corn, 18,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye, 2,000 Hogs.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Imports for the last twenty-four hours—7,300 bbls. Flour, 21,759 bushels Wheat, 28,353 bushels Corn, 30,800 bushels Oats, 9,200 bushels Barley, 1,920 bushels Rye, 600 bushels Peas. Rail Exports—20,400 bushels Wheat, 24,800 bushels Corn, 30,800 bushels Oats. Flour in good demand; Western-ground Spring, $6 75@$7 25; Bakers', $7 25@$7 75; Amber, $7 75@$8 25; White, $8 50@$9. Wheat active; Milwaukee No. 1 Spring, $1 47@$1 50; do. No. 2 do., $1 40@$1 43; Chicago No. 2 Spring, $1 40; Red Winter, $1 60@$1 65; White Winter, $1 70@$1 75. Corn a shade lower; Western, 74c.@75c.; New, on the track, 70c.@71c. Oats nominal at 52c. for Western. Barley steady, buyers holding for lower rates; Canada, $1 80@$2; Western, $1 85@$1 90. Rye nominal at $1 05. Barley-malt firm; Canada, $2@$2 25; Western, $1 90@$2. Other articles unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—Flour steady. Wheat dull at $1 30@$1 43. Corn dull and lower at 58c.@60c. Oats quiet and steady at 46c.@53c. Rye firm; No. 2, $1 01. Barley firm; No. 2 Fall, $1 80@$1 85. Butter firmer for best grades. Pork dull and nominal at $15. Lard dull; quotable at 8¾c. for Steam; $9@$9 06¼c. ⅌ cwt. for Kettle. Bulk Meats dull; Shoulders, $5 62½@$5 70; Clear Rib Sides, $7 50@$7 62½; Clear Sides, $7 75. Bacon dull; Shoulders, 6¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8⅜c.@8½c.; Clear Sides, 8⅞c. Live Hogs active and higher; light selling at $5 30@$5 70; Heavy scarce at $5 80@$6; receipts, 2,400 head; shipments, 770 head. Whisky firm at 95c.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 18.—Flour dull; Spring Extra, $6 25. Wheat steady; No. 1, $1 23½; No. 2, $1 21; March, $1 21½; April, $1 24. Oats dull and unchanged; No. 2, 40½c. Corn steady; No. 2 Mixed, 56c. Rye firm; No. 1, 80c. Barley stronger; No. 2 Spring, $1 82; No. 3 Spring, $1 62. Pork, $14 25@$14 50. Hams in pickle nominally 9½c.@10½c. Dry-salted Shoulders, 5½c. loose; 5¾c. packed; Middles nominal; 8c.@8¼c. boxed. Lard—Kettle rendered, 9¼c.; Steam, 9c. Dressed Hogs quiet at $6 25. Receipts—6,000 bbls. Flour, 81,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—6,000 bbls. Flour, 54,000 bushels Wheat.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

In steam-ship Algeria, for Liverpool.—E. B. Lampson, H. C. Ayer, W. P. Campbell, Mrs. Sarah E. Jackson, Miss Jackson, H. M. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Linn and child, Wolferd Morgan, Miss L. E. Schuyler, Miss G. Schuyler and maid, Alex. McNeill, Adam McNeill, Mrs. and Miss Perkins, W. M. Habirshaw, Mr. Rickey, J. H. Haviland, Capt. and Mrs. Hamilton Leiber, C. H. Sweet, T. G. Blake, A. J. Warner, Chas. Merckens, T. M. King, Rev. D. Calleat, Theo. W. Morris, J. H. F. Folkers, Samuel P. Taylor, F. P. Bickley, Arthur Roch, D. S. Rickman, Miss Belle Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. H. Campbell, H. P. Stratton, Wm. Ewing, Chas. Kirckpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. K. H. Emerson, three children, two infants, and maid, Mrs. H. Radcliff, Wm. Greenwood, R. C. Gurrey.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship San Jacinto, from Savavana—Geo. W. Richards, H. W. Walker, Miss Tinarens, E. Blanchard, L. Sheppard and wife, Miss M. E. Ladd, J. A. Ivey, J. O. Mathews, W. M. Crane, C. A. Dinsmore, S. H. Young, Paul Grant, P. Conroy, G. T. Earlow, John Lewis, James Durst.

In steam-ship Crescent City, from Havana—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Power, Mrs. S. Gerard, Edward Sibley, Wm. H. Redding, J. D. Bernd, Jose A. Voga, Ignacio Silvera, Rafael Gonzales, J. E. Colville, Theo. Leeds, Francisco Cefernio, Ramon Casumco Olny.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....6:49 | Sun sets.....5:40 | Moon sets...9:25

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.10:01 | Gov. Island.10:50 | Hell Gate..12:12

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......WEDNESDAY, Feb. 19.

CLEARED.

Steam-ships Caledonia, (Br.,) Ovenstone, Glasgow, Henderson Brothers; Algeria, (Br.,) Lott, Liverpool via Queenstown, C. G. Francklyn; City of Dallas, Hines, New-Orleans, Chas. H. Mallory & Co.; Western Metropolis, Quick, New-Orleans, F. Baker; Regulator, Freeman, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.

Ships Leander, (Br.,) Knight, London, Peabody, Willis & Co.; Winchester, (Br.,) Arnold, London—H. Sweetland & Co.

Barks Augusto, (Ital.,) Palsamo, Gibraltar for orders, J. C. Seager; Charles Dickens, (Norw.,) Teckelsen, Cork for orders, Funch, Edye & Co.; Kismet, (Aus.,) Cosulich, Genoa, Slocovich & Co.

Brigs G. M. Jones, (Br.,) Dean, Rio de Janeiro, T. Norton & Co.; Nellie Huested, Davies, Cardenas, Brett, Son & Co.

Schrs. Frank Howard, Anderson, Para, L. E. Amsinck & Co.; M. M. Heath, Nichols, Para, F. Moran; Kate M. Hilton, Stover, New-Orleans, N. H. Brigham.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Maas, (Dutch,) Dedds, Rotterdam, Feb. 2, with mdse. and 12 passengers to Funch, Edye & Co., has has strong westerly gales to the Banks; Feb. 12, lat. 45 12, lon. 48 40, had a hurricane from S. W. to N. W., lasting 20 hours, during which shipped heavy seas; Feb. 8, lat. 47 59, lon. 36 43, passed bark Netland, (Aust.,) steering S. W.

Steam-ship San Jacinto, Hazard, Savannah, Feb. 15, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. R. Garrison; Feb. 15, 4 P. M., 20 miles N. E. from Charleston spoke steam-launch Enterprise, from Porto Rico for New-York, short of coal and making for Charleston.

Steam-ship City of Brooklyn, (Br.,) Murray, Liverpool Feb. 5, and Queenstown 6th, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale.

Steam-ship Crescent City, Curtis, Havana Feb. 13, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. P. Clyde & Co. Has had strong N. E. gales the entire passage.

Steam-ship Charleston, Berry, Charleston Feb. 15, with mdse. and passengers to Jas. W. Quintard & Co.

Steam-ship Huntsville, Crowell, Savannah Feb. 15, with mdse. and passengers to Robt. Lowden.

Steam-ship Isaac Bell, Blakeman, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Vindicator, Martin, Baltimore, with mdse. and passengers to Lorillard Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Acushnet, Rector, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to Ferguson & Wood.

Steam-ship Chesapeake, Bragg, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to J. F. Ames.

Ship Atlantic King, (of London,) Brown, Padang Nov. 5, with mdse. to Peabody, Willis & Co. Dec. 27, lat. 26 51 S., lon. 5 12 E., spoke ship Stone-house, from Manila, for London, 65 ds. out; Jan. 15, lat. 3 14 S., lon. 27 19 W., spoke ship Ganges, from London, for Melbourne.

Brig Ellen K., (of St. John, N. B.,) Flynn, Cardenas 13 ds., with sugar to Gossler & Co.—vessel to Peter I. Nevius & Son. Feb. 8, lat. 29, lon. 79 20, experienced a hurricane from S. W. to N., with a heavy cross sea, during which split main staysail and mainsail; 12th, lat. 33, lon. 79, spoke schr. John Shay, from Wilmington, N. C., for Charleston.

Brig Willow Brae, (of Pictou,) McLeod, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar to Gossler & Co.—vessel to Geo. H. Brewer. Has had fine weather the entire passage.

Brig Golden Fleece, (of Salcombe,) Harding, Rio Janeiro 51 ds., with coffee to Johnson, Perry & Co.

Brig Nellie Antrim, Wickman, Savanilla, 22 ds., with mdse. to D. De Castro & Co.—vessel to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. Keokuk, Crosby, Gibara, 20 ds., via Delaware Breakwater, with molasses to order—vessel to Simpson, Clapp & Co. Has had strong N. E. and N. W. gales the entire passage.

Schr. Sandy Hook, Pharo, Virginia, with wood to Slaght & Petty.

Schr. Lucy Wright, Elzer, Philadelphia, to Van Brunt & Bro.

Schr. John L. Tracy, Ferguson, Fall River, for Savannah.

Schr. G. F. Day, (of Harborville, N. S.,) McBride, Cienfuegos, 27 ds., with sugar to Pendergast Bros. & Co.—vessel to D. R. De Wolf & Co. Has had strong N. E. and N. W. gales the entire passage.

Schr. Maid of the Mist, (of Ellsworth,) Smith, Point-a-Pitre, Guad. 17 ds., with sugar to Renauld, Francois & Co.—vessel to B. J. Wenberg. Has had N. E. and N. W. gales the entire passage; Feb. 16, off the Capes of Delaware, spoke bark Stag, (Br.,) from Messina, for New-York, 42 ds. out, with loss of foretopmast and foreyard, mainyard sprung; wanted no assistance.

Sch. B. N. Hawkins, Wyatt, Charleston 6 ds., with railroad ties to J. E. Lashor—vessel to Evans, Ball & Co.

Schr. Etta M. Barter, Barter, Port Royal 6 ds., with lumber to Kinne, Ross & Co.—vessel to S. C. Loud & Co.

Schr. M. J. Fisher, Laurence, Richmond, with coal to Overton & Hawkins.

Schr. Eclipse, Conklin, Virginia, with spiling to Overton & Hawkins.

Schr. Isle of Pines, Steelman, Yorktown, with lumber to Overton & Hawkins.

Schr. H. P. Simmons, Godfrey, Richmond, with hoop-poles to Overton & Hawkins.

Schr. J. B. Kelsey, Steelman, Virginia, with wood to Slaght & Petty.

Schr. J. S. Ivens, Steelman, Virginia, with wood to Slaght & Petty.

Schr. M. E. Bayard, Camp, Virginia, with wood to Slaght & Petty.

Schr. A. Predmore, Cole, Virginia, with wood to Slaght & Petty.

Schr. Orvetta, Hays, New-Haven, for Virginia.

Schr. S. Scranton, Hays, New-Haven, for Virginia.

Schr. L. A. Burham, Harris, Seaport, Me., for Baltimore.

Schr. S. L. Crocker, Thrasher, Taunton.

Schr. Mollie Porter, Turner, Boston, for Virginia.

Schr. [illegible], Wixon, Bristol.

[illegible]

SAILED—Steam-ships Caledonia, for Glasgow; Algeria, for Liverpool; Vicksburg, for Hayti; City of Dallas, for New-Orleans; ship Adolphus, for Liverpool; bark Falcon, for London.

WIND—Sundown, light, N. W.; clear.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Feb. 18.—Passed in for Baltimore, barks Charlotte, Genoa; Countess of Dufferin, Londonderry; Joseph, Amor, and an Italian bark, name not given.

Passed out, barks Carleton, St. Jago; Ada Carter, Martinique; brigs Mary, Queenstown; C. M. Goodrich, Cuba; schr. Resolute, St. Andrews.

The brig Omer reports passed a brig and schr. sunk about five miles north of Chincoteague, well in shore; the brig had her lower topsail and foresail set; supposed they collided.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—The Red Star Line steam-ship Vaderland arr. here this morning from Antwerp.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 18.—Arr. barks Ada, Havre and cld. for Philadelphia; Oleof, Nicholson, and New-Brunswick, Liverpool; John Held, Antwerp.

Sld. steam-ship Worcester, Boston.

Cld. bark St. Paul, Havre; schr. M. E. Femerick; St. Marys; ship Bingay, Philadelphia.

Also arr. steam-ship C. W. Lord, Philadelphia; schr. Mary Morn, New-York.

The steamer Juinata is at Tybee for coal.

Bark Henoch, (Aust.,) Haggie, Limerick 49 ds., in ballast to Slocovich & Co.

Ship Carrier Dove, Merriman, San Francisco Oct. 23, with mdse. to Sutton & Co.—vessel to James W. Elwell & Co.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Sld. for the United States, Annie Torrey, Jeremiah Thompson, Luigi Russo, Sir Henry Lawrence, and Cadet.

Arr. out from the United States on the 16th inst., Corsica, Vigilate, Peacemaker, Mignon, Mercurius, Dr. Folk, and N. K. Clements.

Arr. out from the United States on the 17th inst., Sybil, Dagmar, Lord Palmerston, New Wabeno, Wentworth, Pefetta, Beretta and Cogho, Tjomo, Demarchi, Dorina, Western Sea, Albion, Sirocco, Madras, Nenaphar, and Fadirnelandet. Arr. out from the United States on the 18th inst., Principedi Napoli, Sir Robert Peel, Medusa, Privateer, Prospero Doge, San Ciriaco, Solafide, Winsbeck, Onni, Liberia, Alexander, Oakland, Victoria, and Cashmere. Also arr. out from the United States, Margaret Haim, Bounding Billow, and Ole Smith Plong.

MOVILLE, Feb. 18.—The Anchor Line steam-ship California, Capt. Ovenstone, from New-York Feb. 7, for Glasgow, touched here yesterday.

The Allan Line steam-ship Nova Scotian, Capt. Ritchie, from Portland Feb. 7, for Liverpool, arrived in this harbor this morning.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 18.—The Cunard Line steam-ship Samaria, Capt. Billings, from Boston Feb. 7, arrived here at 10 o'clock last night.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 18.—Arr. schr. Constitution, New-York.

Sld. schrs. A. J. Bentley, New-York; Jessie B. Smith, New-York; J. E. Ridgeway, Bull River, S. C.

Cld. bark Mary G. Reed, Havre; steamer James Adger, New-York.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

NO. 120 BROADWAY,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1873.

Net cash assets, Jan. 1, 1873		$18,405,953 16
RECEIPTS.		
Premiums	$8,541,694 91	
Interest and rents	1,258,485 64	
Gain on investments and balance of profit and loss account	38,761 46—	9,838,942 01
		$28,244,895 17
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Claims by death and matured endowments	$2,106,958 72	
Dividends, surrender values and annuities	2,969,570 22	
Dividends on capital	8,050 00	
Reinsurance and commuted commissions	181,917 13	
Commissions	534,112 16	
Expenses and taxes	799,449 78—	6,600,058 01
Net cash assets Dec. 31, 1873		$21,644,837 16
ASSETS.		
Bonds and mortgages	$14,837,062 50	
Real estate	2,902,916 96	
Stocks created by the laws of the United States and the State of New-York	1,805,509 51	
Stocks of other States	39,681 02	
Cash on hand, in bank, or in other depositories on interest	1,679,658 82	
Loans secured by collaterals	379,918 35—	$21,644,837 16
Interest and rents due and accrued	188,720 77	
Premiums due and in transit (less cost of collection)	164,836 00	
Deferred semi-annual and quarterly premiums for the year (less cost of collection)	679,666 00	
Due from agents	131,060 25	
Furniture, fixtures, &c.	69,298 67—	1,233,581 69
Total assets Dec. 31, 1873		$22,878,418 85
New business in 1873, 13,403 policies, assuring		53,452,578 00

We hereby certify that we have examined the above account, and have found the same correct.

W. P. HALSTED, } Auditors.
THEODORE WESTON, }

Total liabilities, including reserve for re-insurance of existing policies	$20,008,435 98
Capital stock	100,000 00
Surplus over legal reserve	2,769,982 87

The valuation of the policies outstanding has been made on the legal standard of the State of New-York.

G. W. PHILLIPS, } Actuaries.
J. G. VAN CISE, }

President,
WILLIAM C. ALEXANDER.
Vice Presidents,
HENRY B. HYDE. JAMES W. ALEXANDER.
Secretaries,
SAMUEL BORROWE. WILLIAM ALEXANDER.
Physicians,
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, M. D. ALFRED LAMBERT, M. D.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

William C. Alexander.
George T. Adee.
Henry M. Alexander.
John Auchincloss.
James W. Alexander.
Benj. E. Bates.
James M. Beebe.
Thomas A. Biddle.
Robert Bliss.
William T. Blodgett.
Wayman Crow.
Thos. A. Cummins.
Theodore Cuyler.
Henry Day.
John J. Donaldson.
Cyrus W. Field.
Simeon Fitch.
Dudley S. Gregory.
Ashbel Green.
Parker Handy.
James M. Halsted.
E. J. Hawley.
Samuel Holmes.
Henry A. Hurlbut.
Henry B. Hyde.
Robert L. Kennedy.
George G. Kellogg.
William G. Lambert.
Edward W. Lambert, M. D.
Daniel D. Lord.
James Low.
Henry G. Marquand.
Charles J. Martin.
John T. Moore.
George D. Morgan.
John J. McCook.
Jose F. Navarro.
Stephen H. Phillips.
Horace Porter.
Bennington F. Randolph.
John Sloane.
Thomas U. Smith.
George H. Stuart.
Henry S. Terbell.
S. W. Torrey.
Alanson Trask.
George B. Upton.
William Walker.
William Whitewright, Jr.
Benjamin Williamson.
Henry Young.
Thomas S. Young.

REMOVAL.

BREWSTER & CO.

OF BROOME ST.,

have removed the MANUFACTURING branch of their business to their NEW FACTORY,

BROADWAY AND 47TH ST.,

the largest and most complete establishment of its kind in the country, their DOWN-TOWN warerooms remaining as before at

5th Av. and 14th St

With largely increased facilities to insure thoroughness and promptness, and with a determination to maintain the reputation of their productions as

THE STANDARD FOR QUALITY,

They invite a continuation of the public favor which has given them a constantly increasing business during their seventeen years' occupancy of the old Broome street establishment.

Connected with their works they have a thoroughly organized

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT,

under the personal care of a member of the firm.

NOTICE.

☞ In order to preserve our identity with the old locality, and the reputation there made, we shall continue to sign as at foot, that we may not be confounded with a joint stock company, trading in carriages, under a name very similar to our own.

BREWSTER & CO., OF BROOME ST.

STRICTURE AND FISTULA RADICALLY cured without knife, caustic, or [illegible]